



JULY 2011

MONTHLY REPORT

**Queensland Reconstruction
Authority**

Message from the Chief Executive Officer

Major General Mick Slater
Chairman
Queensland Reconstruction Authority

Dear Major General Slater

It is with pleasure that I present the fifth monthly report to the Board of the Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority).

The Authority was established under the *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011* following the unprecedented natural disasters which struck Queensland over the recent summer months. The Authority is charged with managing and coordinating the Government's program of infrastructure renewal and recovery within disaster-affected communities.

Six months on from the Queensland floods and cyclones which devastated our State, the July Report highlights the continued progress being made towards achieving the goals and milestones outlined in the State Plan. In accordance with the agreed milestones, the Authority has now transitioned into the Reconstruction Phase, incorporating the deliberate, methodical reconstruction and enhancement of all flood and cyclone affected communities, functions and infrastructure.

During this Phase the Authority will monitor progress across the established lines of reconstruction and provide the required resourcing and capability in order to ensure that the momentum of reconstruction is maintained.

As was the case last month, the July Report contains a series of headline metrics associated with each of the lines of reconstruction. These have been updated since the June Report and highlight the progress that has been made across the State in the past monthly reporting period, including:

- the recovery of an additional 1,548 kilometres of affected State road network
- the reconnection of power to an additional 477 homes and businesses
- the commitment of a further 63 donations through the Join Forces Program
- the payment of an additional \$478.8m in grant advances to Local Government Authorities and State Departments and Agencies
- the continued construction works at Grantham which aims to have some residents in their homes by Christmas
- the recording of positive employment growth for the months of April, May and June following a period of negative growth during and immediately after the natural disasters, and
- the celebration of a sixth consecutive State of Origin series victory in the same week as the Queensland Reds became inaugural Super 15 Champions.

I commend the report to you and recommend its release to the Minister and the public pursuant to Section 41 of the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act.

Yours sincerely



Graeme Newton
Chief Executive Officer
Queensland Reconstruction Authority

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Section one: Framing the challenge

Following a series of natural disasters in 2010 and 2011, Queensland suffered damage and destruction that extended across the State. *Operation Queensland*, led by the Queensland Reconstruction Authority, is the State Plan that articulates Queensland's reconstruction strategy and the framework for recovery from these events.

1. Framing the Challenge

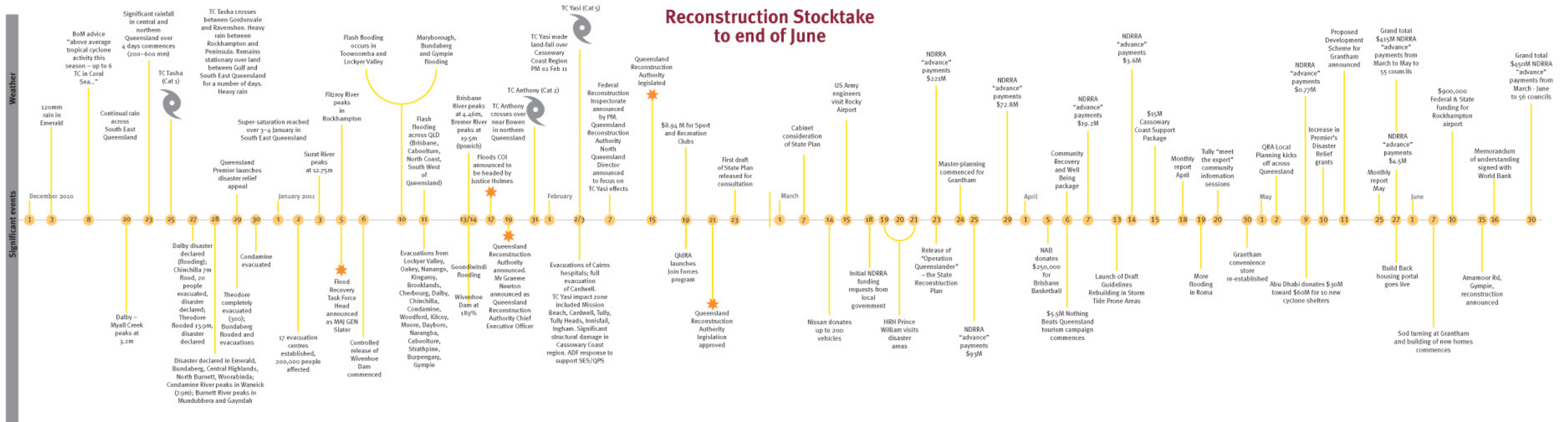
Between November 2010 and April 2011, Queensland was struck by a series of natural disasters. Extensive flooding caused by periods of extremely heavy rainfall, destruction caused by a number of storm cells including Cyclones Tasha, Anthony and Yasi, and subsequent monsoonal flooding including in the Maranoa, have resulted in all of Queensland being declared as disaster affected.

In response to the disaster events the Queensland Government established the Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority), pursuant to the *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011*. The Authority's mission is to reconnect, rebuild and improve Queensland communities and its economy.

The activities of the Authority will occur under the auspices of a comprehensive and integrated State Community, Economic and Environmental Recovery and Reconstruction Plan, also known as *Operation Queensland* (the State Plan or Plan). This Plan outlines a roadmap which will be centred along six lines of reconstruction and provides strategic level guidance to reinforce the recovery work that has already begun and sets the framework for rebuilding and improving Queensland.

The Authority will be responsible for providing central coordination, control, funding and reporting across these activities. Responsibility for delivery will be decentralised across responsible agencies aligned with the six lines of reconstruction.

The natural disaster events that led to the creation of the Authority, and those that have occurred following the establishment of the Authority, are summarised on the following page.



1.1 Declarations

In the period between November 2010 and April 2011, Commonwealth and State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) were activated in all Local Government Authorities (LGAs) in Queensland.

There were four disaster declarations which activated these measures, spanning a series of events:

- 'Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 to February 2011'
- 'Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi on 2 February 2011'
- 'Queensland Monsoonal Flooding Event on 28 February 2011', and
- 'South West Flooding, April 2011'.

The third and fourth of these declarations were made following the establishment of the Authority. The NDRRA categories invoked by these declarations are detailed in the adjacent map and Appendix A.

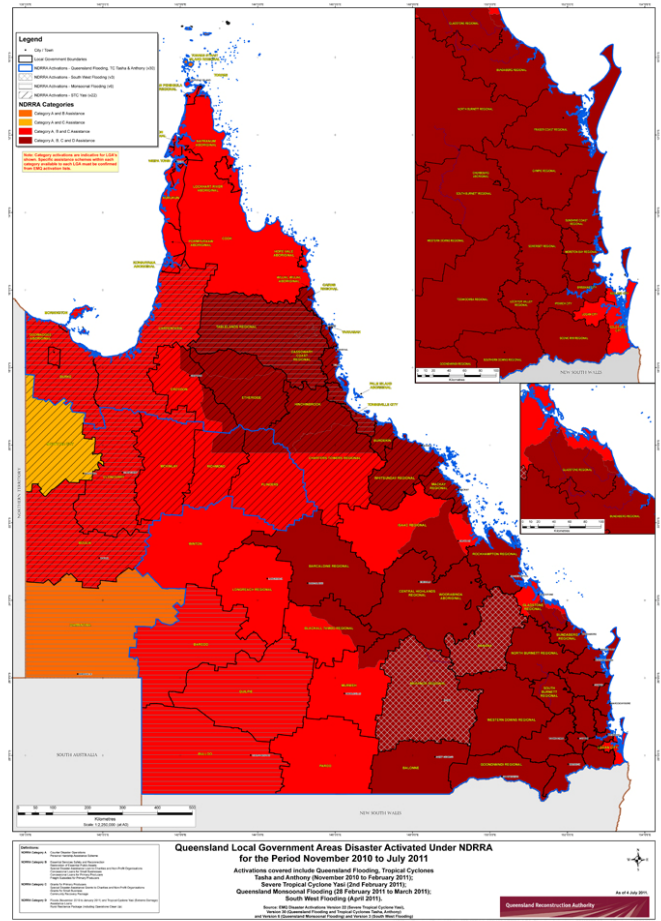
The LGAs that are incorporated in the regions illustrated in Figure 1.2 are detailed in Appendix B.

Copies of the instruments of declaration are provided in Appendix C.

A breakdown of the activations by month and region is shown below and illustrates the timing of the weather events in the various regions across Queensland. The various declarations highlight that:

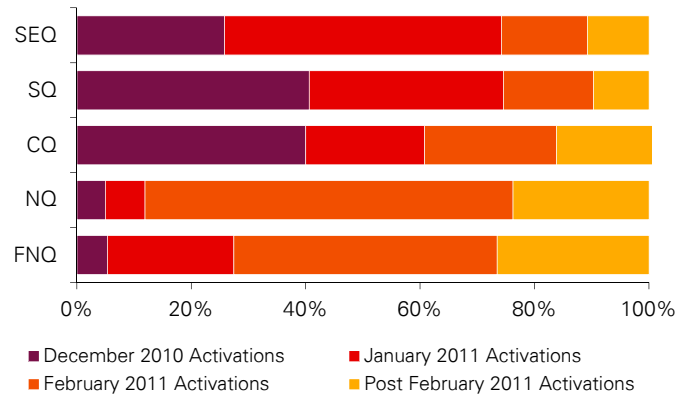
- during December 2010, Southern and Central Queensland were most impacted by the rain depression resulting from Cyclone Tasha
- in January 2011, South East Queensland was affected by the flooding
- in February 2011, North and Far North Queensland were hit by Cyclone Yasi, and
- post February 2011, monsoonal rains have caused further flooding impacts in regional Queensland and the Community Recovery Package has been made available to all LGAs.

Figure 1.1 Queensland NDRRA Activation Measures



Source: EMQ as at 6 July 2011

Figure 1.2: NDRRA Activation Measures



Source: EMQ as at 6 July 2011



Section two: The Queensland Reconstruction Authority

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority is responsible for the coordination and implementation of *Operation Queensland* across Government Agencies, non-government organisations and key stakeholders. This section details the Authority's composition, scope of operation and reporting framework.

2. The Queensland Reconstruction Authority

2.1 Establishment

Legislation

The *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011* (the Act) established the Authority to monitor and coordinate the Government's program of infrastructure reconstruction and recovery within disaster-affected communities.

The Authority was formally established on 21 February 2011.

Minister

The Authority reports to the Premier, as Minister for Reconstruction, through the State Government's Disaster Recovery Cabinet Committee, and to the Board.

Board

The Board oversees the Authority. Membership of the Board consists of:

- Major General Mick Slater (Chair)
- two members nominated by the Australian Government – Mr Brad Orgill, Head of The Building the Education Revolution (BER) Implementation Taskforce and Ms Glenys Beauchamp, Secretary of the Department of Regional Australia, Regional Development and Local Government
- one person nominated by the Local Government Association of Queensland – Brian Guthrie, former CEO of Townsville City Council, and
- three other persons with expertise or experience in engineering, planning or another field considered appropriate by the Minister – former BP executive Kathy Hirschfeld, former Director-General Main Roads, Steve Golding, and Jim McKnoulty, an expert in local government planning and development matters.

Functions and Powers

The functions of the Authority include:

- deciding priorities for community infrastructure and community services needed for the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- working closely with disaster-affected communities to ensure each community's needs are recognised in the rebuilding and recovery of the communities
- collecting and collating information about community infrastructure and other property, and community services, damaged or otherwise affected in a disaster event
- developing an arrangement for sharing data across all levels of government to facilitate effective and efficient exchange of information to facilitate the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- coordinating and distributing financial assistance for affected communities
- putting into effect the strategic priorities of the Board
- facilitating flood mitigation for affected communities and ensuring the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities is effectively and efficiently carried out and appropriate having regard to the nature of the disaster event, and
- if requested by the Minister, providing advice to effect recommendations of the Commission of Inquiry into the floods - particularly any recommendations about flood mitigation or land use planning.

The Authority is not responsible for reviewing events or decisions leading up to the Brisbane floods. This is the responsibility of the Commission of Inquiry.

Relationship with Commonwealth

As well as contributing 75% of all NDRRA funding, the Commonwealth Government has established oversight and accountability measures to ensure value for money is delivered in the rebuilding of disaster-affected regions. These include the following:

- the National Disaster Recovery Committee of Cabinet
- the National Disaster Recovery Taskforce, to provide specialist assistance and advice to Commonwealth Ministers involved in the flood recovery efforts and Commonwealth bodies
- the Prime Minister's Business Taskforce which brings together ten Australian business leaders to assist with business recovery and rebuilding efforts in Queensland, and
- the Australian Government Reconstruction Inspectorate to increase scrutiny and accountability of rebuilding projects.

These committees and taskforces will coordinate and liaise with the Authority.

2.2 Scope of Operations

Purpose

The purpose of the Authority is to monitor and coordinate the implementation of the State Plan across governmental agencies, non-government organisations and key stakeholders by:

- maintaining situational awareness of current and developing operations
- overseeing the implementation of the State Plan, and
- coordinating donor support and expressions of interest.

Key tasks to be carried out by the Authority in achieving its purpose include:

- maintaining situational awareness of current and developing operations
- providing liaison between the Authority and key stakeholders such as Emergency Management Queensland, Queensland Police and government and non-government agencies
- assessing compliance of funding applications with relevant NDRRA and other criteria
- distributing funds for eligible projects
- measuring reconstruction performance through the collection and maintenance of data to enable reporting against key indicators
- project managing specific projects, programs and initiatives
- monitoring the success and specific recovery initiatives and implementing a post-activity reporting and learning loop communication process, and
- reviewing and assessing offers from international donors and providing recommendations about these to the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Board.

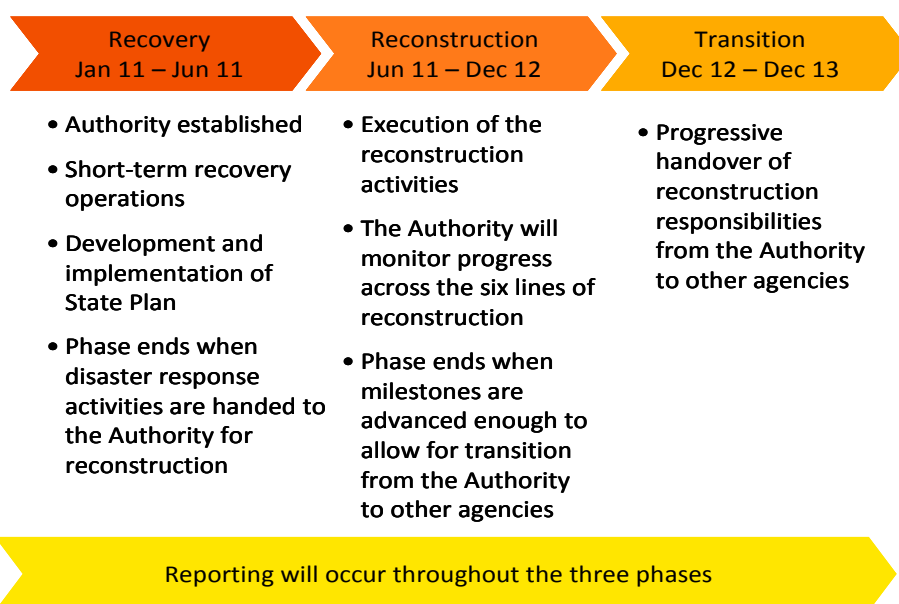
Lines of Reconstruction

The State Plan details six lines of reconstruction for which various Government Agencies have primary responsibility and who report on progress to the Authority. The six lines of reconstruction and the Department or Agency with primary responsibility for each are as follows:

Line of Reconstruction	Primary Responsibility
Human and Social - to restore and strengthen local human services and community capacity through provision of direct assistance individuals and communities, and supporting communities to drive and participate in their own recovery	Department of Communities (DoC)
Economic - to set the conditions to facilitate the rapid restoration of a competitive, sustainable Queensland economy	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI)
Environment - to recover and conserve disaster-affected terrestrial and marine natural resources and ensure that reconstruction activities do not cause environmental harm	Department of Environment and Resource Management (DERM)
Building Recovery - to lead and coordinate the planning and implementation of all statewide building reconstruction functions	Department of Public Works (DPW)
Roads and Transport - to manage the recovery and reconstruction of Queensland's integrated transport environment in order to reconnect Queensland communities and economies	Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR)
Community Liaison and Communication - to gain and maintain the confidence of Queenslanders in the reconstruction effort, by providing a regular and consistent source of coordinated public information	Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC)

2.3 Queensland Reconstruction Authority Reporting Plan

Reporting Roadmap



Reporting Metrics

The State Plan contains a range of tasks and reporting metrics for each of the six lines of reconstruction.

Each month, progress reporting will occur against a series of headline metrics.

Additional sub-tasks and sub-metrics contained in the State Plan will be adopted as internal management and delivery tools by the sub-committees responsible for each line of reconstruction.

Headline metrics for each of the six lines of reconstruction will be reviewed and modified periodically to ensure they are consistent with the activities associated with phase activity.

Information Sources

The Authority is responsible for collecting and maintaining data and for reporting against key performance indicators to measure reconstruction performance.

Some information will be collected by the Authority directly.

Other information relating to activity across the six lines of reconstruction will be collected and reported to the Authority by the lead Agency responsible for each line of reconstruction sub-committee.

Recovery Phase Reporting

The reportable headline metrics are reviewed regularly in consultation with the lines of reconstruction sub-committees to ensure that they remain relevant to the activities of the Authority. The current reportable metrics are summarised in the table below:

Headline Metrics for Monthly Reporting				
Human and Social (Section 3.2)	Financial assistance for individuals and households affected by the disasters	Housing assistance where applicant was a victim of the disasters	Schools and community infrastructure opened	Financial assistance for charities and not-for-profit organisations that suffered damage
Economic (Section 3.3)	Financial assistance for small businesses and primary producers affected by the disasters	Coal export tonnage	Percentage growth employment	Tourism visitation numbers
Environment (Section 3.4)	Percentage of impacted resource projects operating within environmental authorities and discharge limits	National parks open for conservation management	Percentage of impacted water treatment and sewage plants (repairs completed and operating at pre-disaster capacity)	Natural resources management data
Building Recovery (Section 3.5)	Insurance data (number of claims, estimated reserved value and claims paid)	Power data (Ergon and Energex)	Government buildings restored and operational	Residential housing data
Roads and Transport (Section 3.6)	Percentage (%) of State-owned road network damaged and repaired	Percentage (%) of State-owned rail network damaged and repaired	Number of ports accessible	Total State-owned bridges and culverts damaged and repaired
Community Liaison and Communication (Section 3.7)	Join Forces Program data	Data on communication with the Authority	Data on the number of visits to the Authority website	

During the Recovery Phase the headline metrics will be reported at a whole of State or regional level based on the following five regions:

- South East Queensland
- Southern Queensland
- Central Queensland
- North Queensland
- Far North Queensland



Section three: Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction

Operation Queensland is centred along six lines of reconstruction: Human and Social, Economic, Environment, Building Recovery, Roads and Transport and Community Liaison and Communication. *Operation Queensland* identifies key milestones against which reconstruction progress is measured. Each line of reconstruction sub-committee developed an Implementation Plan to support the achievement of each of these key milestones. This section reports the progress made across these lines of reconstruction and includes a summary dashboard of quantitative performance indicators.

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

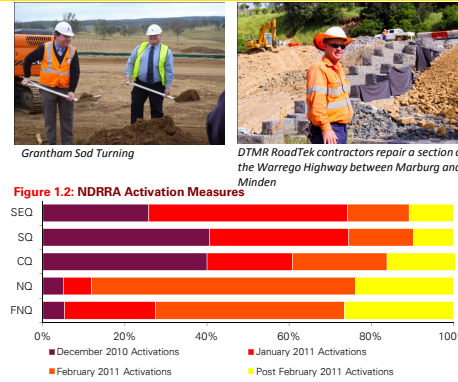
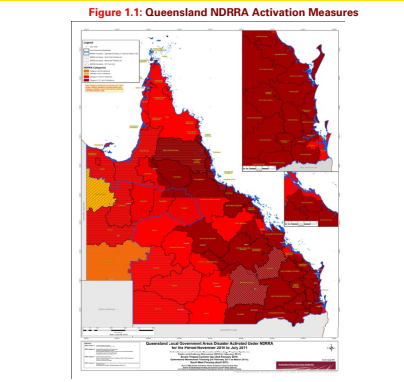
Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction
July 2011

Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority)

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority is tasked with overseeing the reconstruction of Queensland in the wake of recent disaster related events

Our 4 reconstruction principles are:

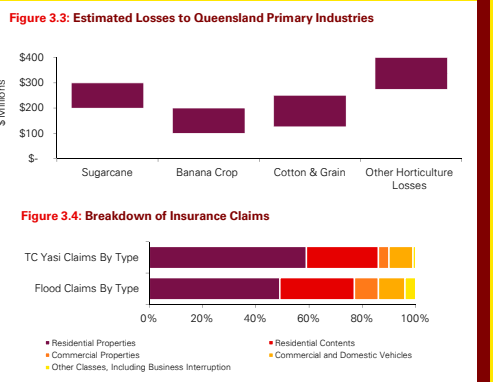
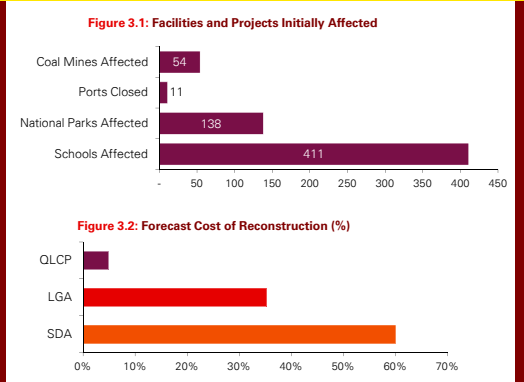
- People first
- A locally led recovery
- Building a resilient Queensland
- Enhancing flood and disaster preparedness and mitigation



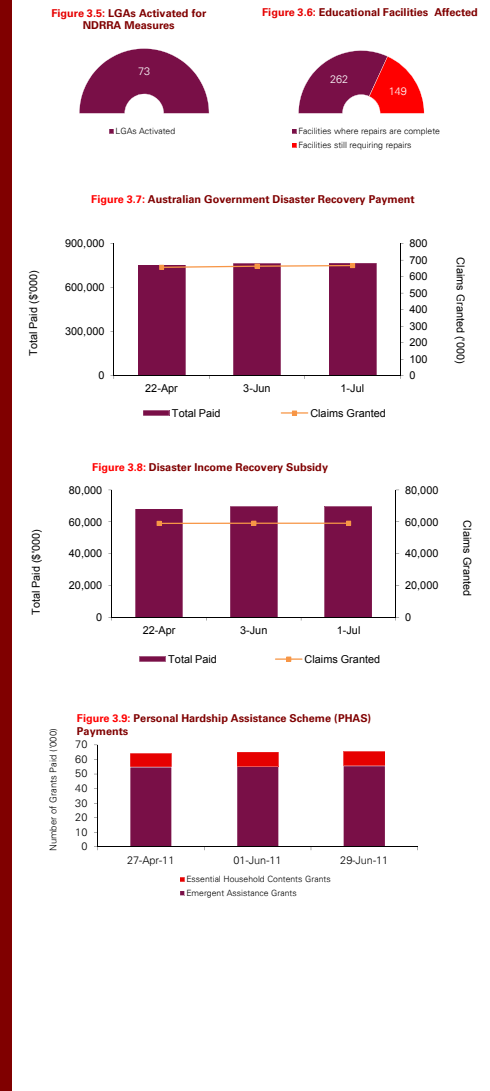
9,170 kilometres of State controlled roads damaged
4,748 kilometres of the Queensland Rail network damaged
480,000 homes and businesses that lost power
124,500 insurance claims reported

All of Queensland LGAs have been disaster activated
Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments made
\$273 million donated to Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal
4.0 Mt reduction in monthly average coal exports due to extreme weather events (May 2011 compared with May 2010)

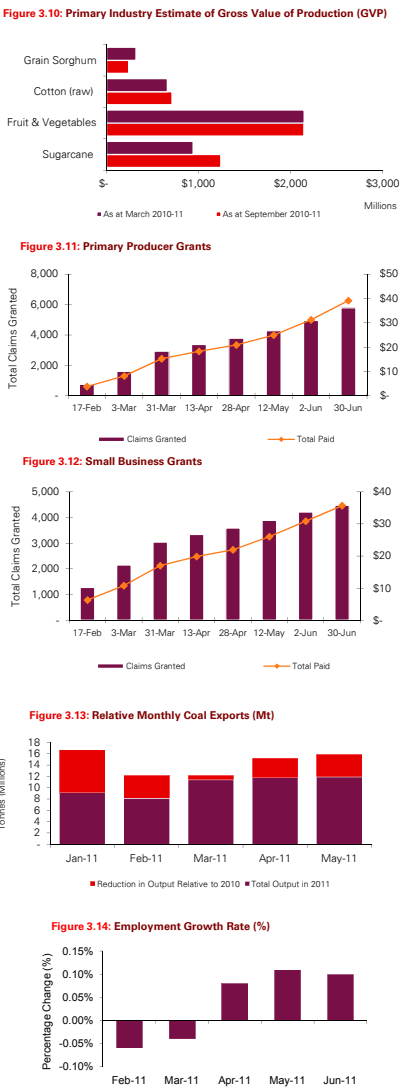
Scale of Impact



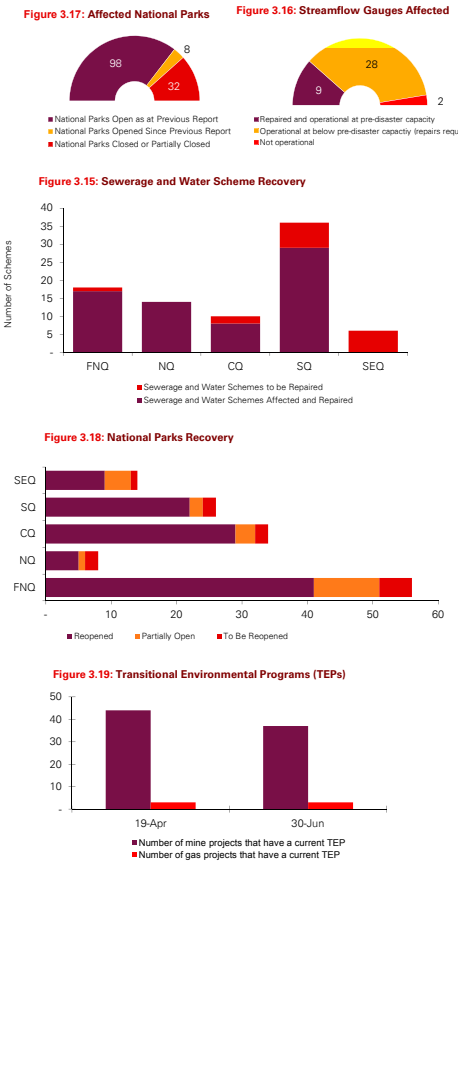
Human and Social Situational Report: Recovery



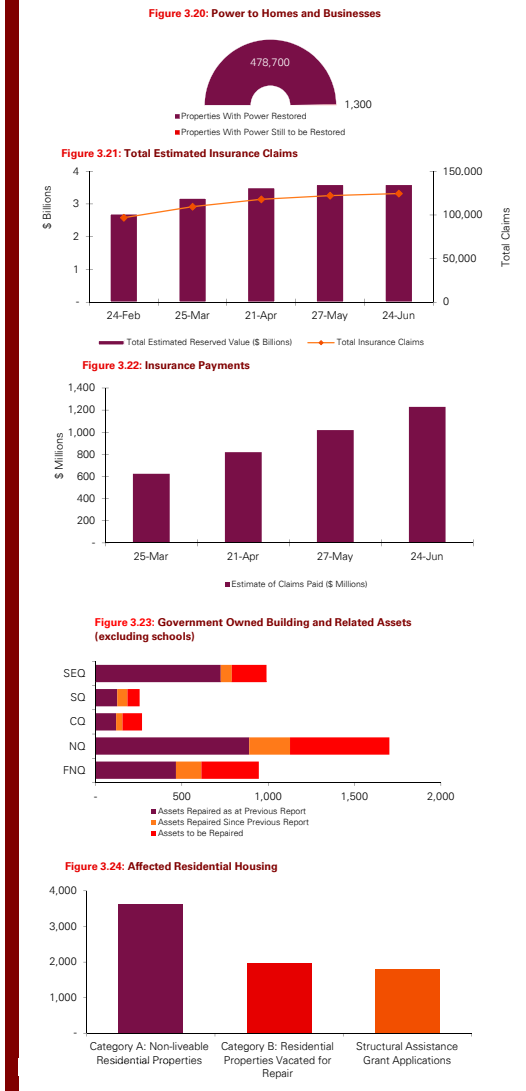
Economic Situational Report: Recovery



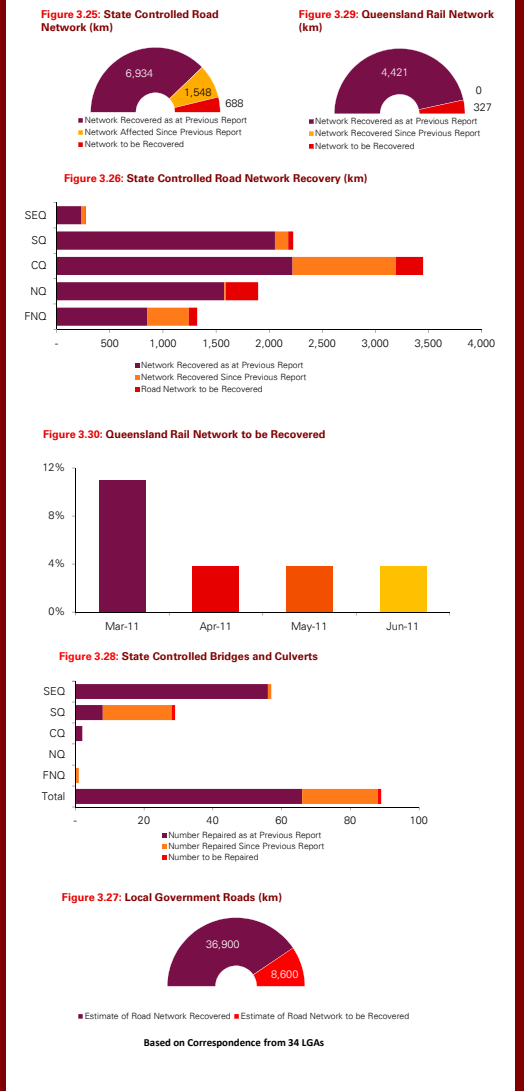
Environment Situational Report: Recovery



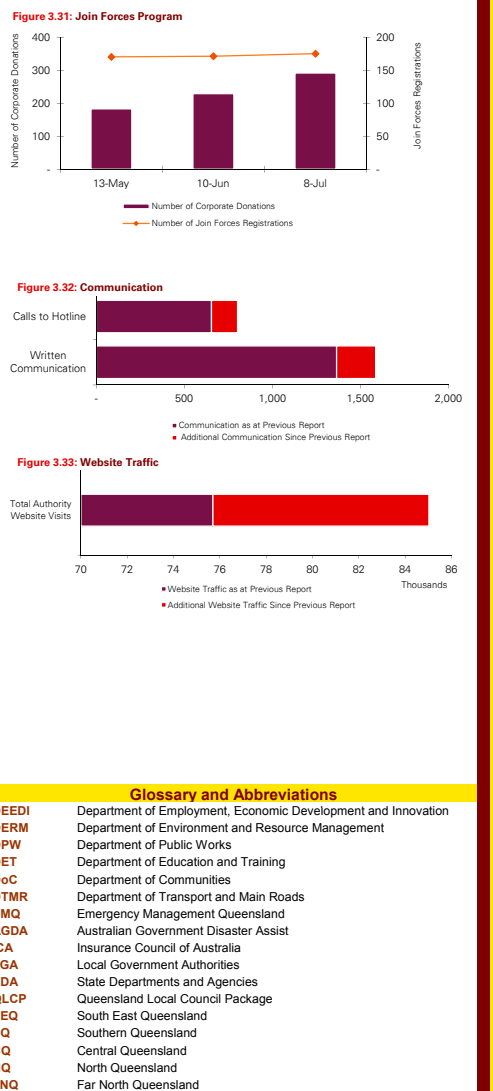
Building Recovery Situational Report: Recovery



Roads and Transport Situational Report: Recovery



Communication Situational Report: Recovery



Sources and References

Figure 3.5 Source: EMQ as at 20 May 2011 Reference: Section 3.2
 Figure 3.6 Source: DPW as at 30 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.2
 Figure 3.7 Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.2
 Figure 3.8 Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.2
 Figure 3.9 Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.2

Sources and References

Figure 1.1 Source: EMQ as at 1 July 2011 Reference: Section 1.3
 Figure 3.10 Source: DEEDI as at March 2011 Reference: Section 3.3
 Figure 3.11 Source: QRAA as at 30 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.3
 Figure 3.12 Source: QRAA as at 30 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.3
 Figure 3.13 Source: DEEDI as at 7 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.3
 Figure 3.14 Source: DEEDI as at 7 July 2011 Reference: Section 1.3

Sources and References

Figure 1.2 Source: EMQ as at 1 July 2011 Reference: Section 1.3
 Figure 3.15 Source: DERM as at 23 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.4
 Figure 3.16 Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.4
 Figure 3.17 Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.4
 Figure 3.18 Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.4
 Figure 3.19 Source: DERM as at 30 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.4

Sources and References

Figure 3.20 Source: Ergon and Energex as at 6 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.5
 Figure 3.21 Source: ICA as at 24 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.5
 Figure 3.22 Source: ICA as at 24 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.5
 Figure 3.23 Source: DPW as at 30 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.5
 Figure 3.24 Source: DoC as at 29 June (Structural Grants) and ICA as at 24 June 2011 (Category A and B) Reference: Section 3.5

Sources and References

Figure 3.1 Source: DERM, DEEDI as at February 2011 and DET as at March 2011 Reference: Section 3.1
 Figure 3.2 Source: the Authority as at 8 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.1
 Figure 3.25 Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.6
 Figure 3.26 Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.6
 Figure 3.27 Source: LGAQ as at 8 April 2011 and various LGAs as at 8 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.6
 Figure 3.28 Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.6
 Figure 3.29 Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011 Reference: Section 3.6
 Figure 3.30 Source: LGAQ as at 8 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.6

Sources and References

Figure 3.3 Source: DEEDI as at 17 February 2011 Reference: Section 3.1
 Figure 3.4 Source: ICA as at 25 March 2011 Reference: Section 3.1
 Figure 3.31 Source: the Authority as at 6 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.7
 Figure 3.32 Source: the Authority as at 4 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.7
 Figure 3.33 Source: the Authority as at 4 July 2011 Reference: Section 3.7

Glossary and Abbreviations

DEEDI	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation
DERM	Department of Environment and Resource Management
DPW	Department of Public Works
DET	Department of Education and Training
Doc	Department of Communities
DTMR	Department of Transport and Main Roads
EMQ	Emergency Management Queensland
AGDA	Australian Government Disaster Assist
ICA	Insurance Council of Australia
LGA	Local Government Authorities
SDA	State Departments and Agencies
QLCP	Queensland Local Council Package
SEQ	South East Queensland
SQ	Southern Queensland
CQ	Central Queensland
NG	North Queensland
FNQ	Far North Queensland

3. Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction

3.1 Scale of Impact

Some statewide statistics that provide an overview of the scale of the impact include the following:

- all of Queensland was disaster activated as at 11 March 2011
- approximately 136,000 residential properties were directly affected
- 9,170 kilometres of Queensland's State road network were affected
- 4,748 kilometres of the Queensland Rail network were affected
- over 480,000 homes and businesses were without power
- approximately 124,500 insurance claims were reported with an estimated reserved value of \$3.64 billion as at 24 June 2011, and
- \$272.9 million had been donated to the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal as at 6 July 2011.

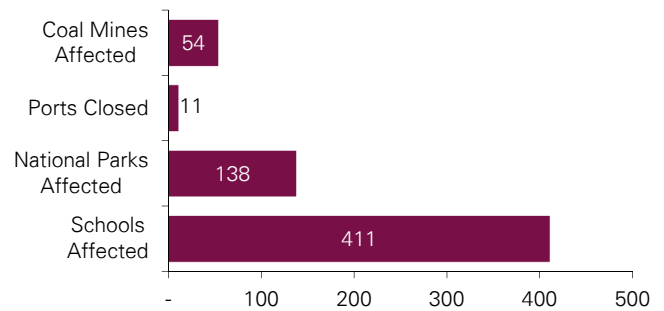
In addition, a number of coal mines, ports, national parks and schools across Queensland were affected. Following more detailed assessment, the number of national parks originally affected has been revised down from 139 to 138 to reflect only those parks that were directly impacted by the natural disasters. *See Figure 3.1*

As a result of the natural disasters that occurred across Queensland from November 2010 to April 2011, the forecast cost of reconstruction is significant. Approximately 60% of the forecast cost is expected to be distributed through State Departments and Agencies (SDAs), 35% is expected to be distributed through LGAs and 5% has been allocated to the Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP). *See Figure 3.2*

The losses to primary industries are significant. Specific horticultural loss estimates include sugarcane (ranging from \$200 million to \$300 million), cotton and grain (ranging from \$125 million to \$250 million) and bananas (ranging from \$100 million to \$200 million). *See Figure 3.3*

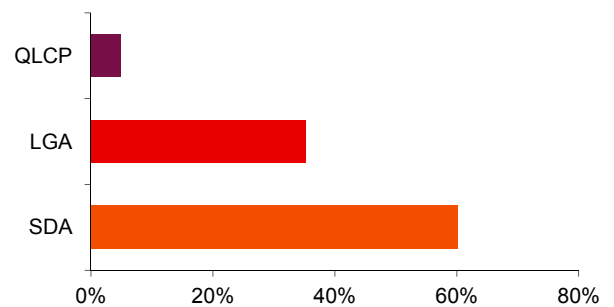
Of the insurance claims made as at 25 March 2011, the majority related to residential properties. 59% of Cyclone Yasi claims and 49% of flood claims are for residential properties. *See Figure 3.4*

Figure 3.1: Facilities and Projects Initially Affected



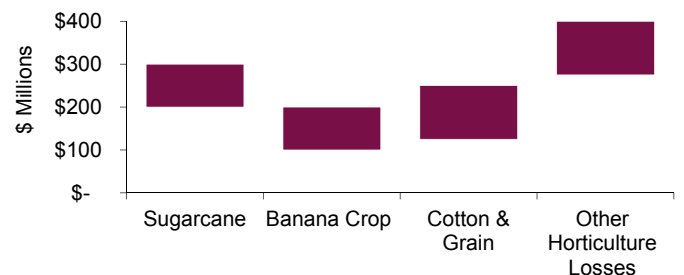
Source: DERM, DEEDI as at February 2011 and DET as at March 2011

Figure 3.2 Forecast Cost of Reconstruction (%)



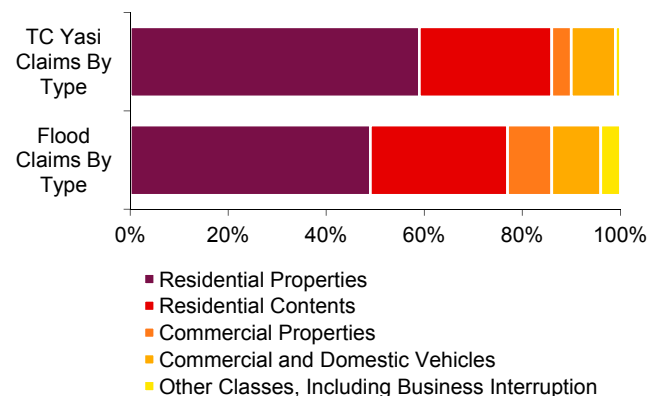
Source: the Authority as at 8 June 2011

Figure 3.3 Estimated Losses to Queensland Primary Industries



Source: DEEDI as at 17 February 2011

Figure 3.4 Breakdown of Insurance Claims



Source: Insurance Council Australia as at 25 March 2011

3.2 Human and Social

The objective of the human and social line of reconstruction is to assist individuals and communities to recover from the effects of the disasters.

As a result of the natural disasters all of Queensland's 73 LGAs were activated for NDRRA measures and 411 schools across the State were affected. As at 31 May 2011, all affected schools were operating at their original location with. While operational, some of these schools have required repairs. Of the 411 schools affected, over 63% have had repairs completed as at 30 June 2011. *See Figure 3.5 and 3.6*

There are a number of financial assistance grants available to those affected by the natural disasters, including Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments, Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies and Personal Hardship Assistance Schemes.

Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP): As at 1 July 2011, over 667,000 AGDRP grants had been made, totalling approximately \$768.6 million in payments. Payments made have increased by 3,000, equating to \$3.6 million in payments made since 3 June 2011. Approximately 60% of the claims were flood related. *See Figure 3.7*

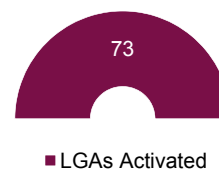
Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS): As at 1 July 2011, approximately 60,000 DIRS payments had been granted, totalling approximately \$69.5 million. Approximately 89% of the claims were flood related. Payments made have increased marginally since 3 June 2011. *See Figure 3.8*

Personal Hardship Assistance Schemes (PHAS): As at 29 June 2011, more than 65,500 PHAS grants had been paid, an increase of 500 grants since 1 June 2011. *See Figure 3.9*

Non-profit organisations are also eligible for funding assistance under NDRRA and non-NDRRA grant arrangements. The following assistance has been provided:

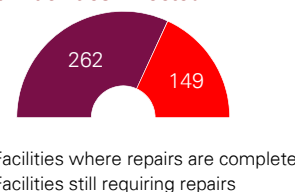
- As at 30 June 2011, 207 grants had been paid to charities and non-profit organisations totalling approximately \$1.3 million in paid claims. The number of paid claims has increased by 45 since 2 June 2011 (Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011).
- As at 29 June 2011, 564 Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme grants had been paid totalling approximately \$13.6 million. 4 additional claims have been paid since 1 June 2011 (Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011).

Figure 3.5 LGAs Activated for NDRRA Measures



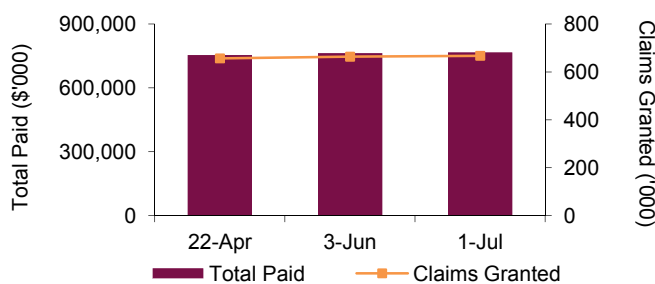
Source: EMQ as at 20 May 2011

Figure 3.6: Educational Facilities Affected



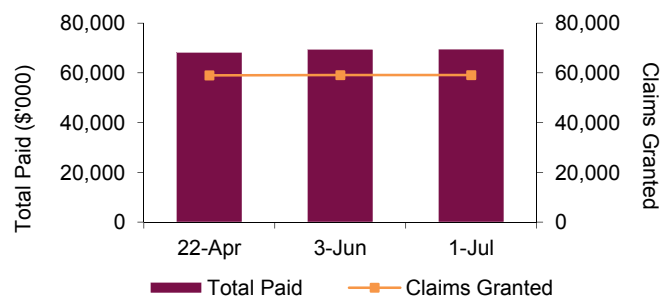
Source: DPW as at 30 June 2011

Figure 3.7: Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment



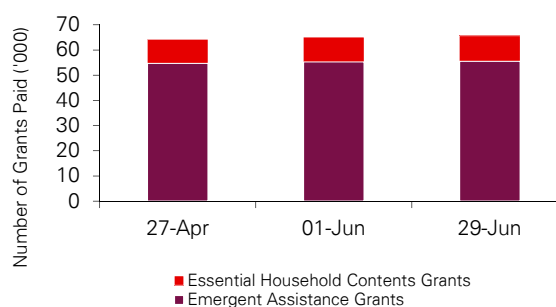
Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

Figure 3.8: Disaster Income Recovery Subsidy



Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

Figure 3.9: Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme (PHAS) Payments



Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011

3.3 Economic

The economic line of reconstruction is focussed on returning businesses back to operation and then growing these businesses and improving economic conditions overall across the State.

Primary industry estimates of Gross Value of Product (GVP) have generally been revised down as a result of the impacts of the natural disasters. Sugarcane and cotton GVP has been the most adversely affected. *See Figure 3.10*

Due to this impact, primary producers in specific regions have access to NDRRA grants to assist them. As at 30 June 2011, approximately 5,800 grants totalling \$39.1 million had been paid. This represents an approximate 16% increase in the number of grants paid since the 2 June 2011. *See Figure 3.11*

The impact of the weather events on small businesses has been significant. As at 30 June 2011, approximately 4,500 small business grants totalling \$35.7 million had been paid. This represents an approximate 7% increase in the number of grants paid since the 2 June 2011. *See Figure 3.12*

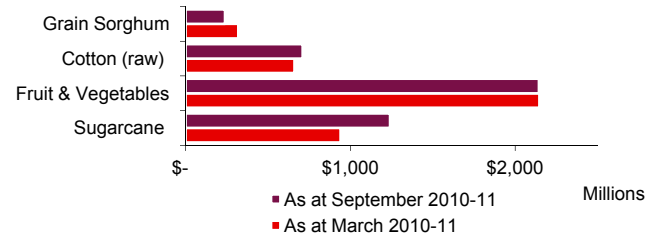
The mining industry has been impacted by the heavy rainfall and flooding in Queensland. All Queensland coal mines were affected resulting in decreased export tonnage. However, with markets returning and a higher price per tonne, the nominal value of Queensland coal exports is estimated to be \$30.8 billion in 2010/11, an increase of 22% compared with 2009/10. *See Figure 3.13*

Employment growth has been positive in April¹, May and June following contraction earlier in the year. *See Figure 3.14*

Queensland Tourism domestic visitor numbers have contracted by 14.6% in the March quarter of 2011 relative to the March quarter of 2010.

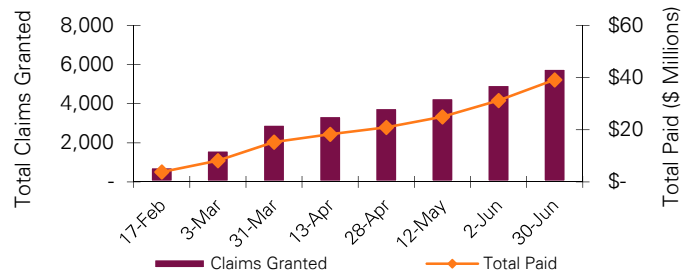
It should be noted that economic activity including coal exports, employment and tourism can be attributed to a range of economic factors. It is therefore not possible to isolate the impacts of events such as natural disasters on these activities.

Figure 3.10 Primary Industry Estimate of Gross Value of Production



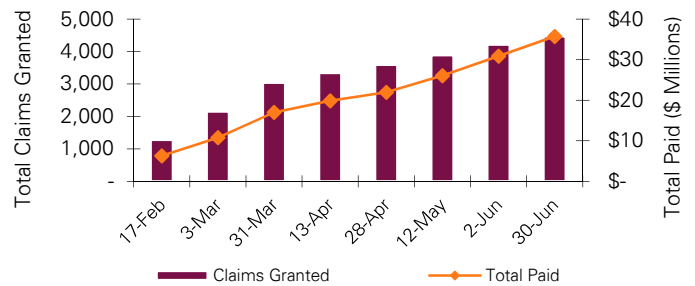
Source: DEEDI as at March 2011

Figure 3.11: Primary Producer Grants



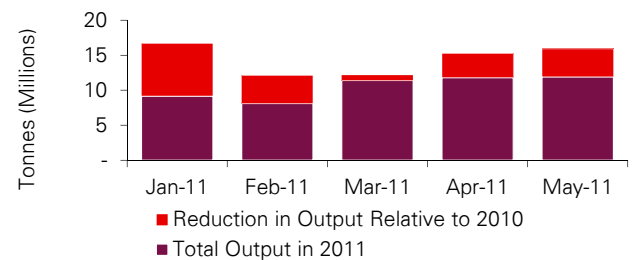
Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Figure 3.12: Small Business Grants



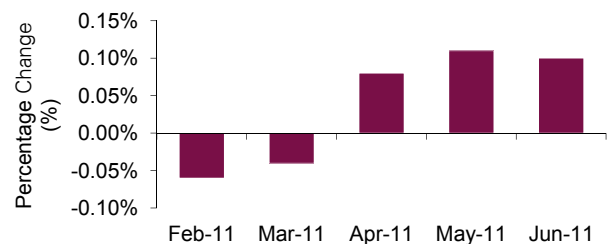
Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Figure 3.13: Relative Monthly Coal Exports (Mt)



Source: DEEDI as at 7 July 2011

Figure 3.14: Employment Growth Rate (%)



Source: DEEDI as at 7 July 2011

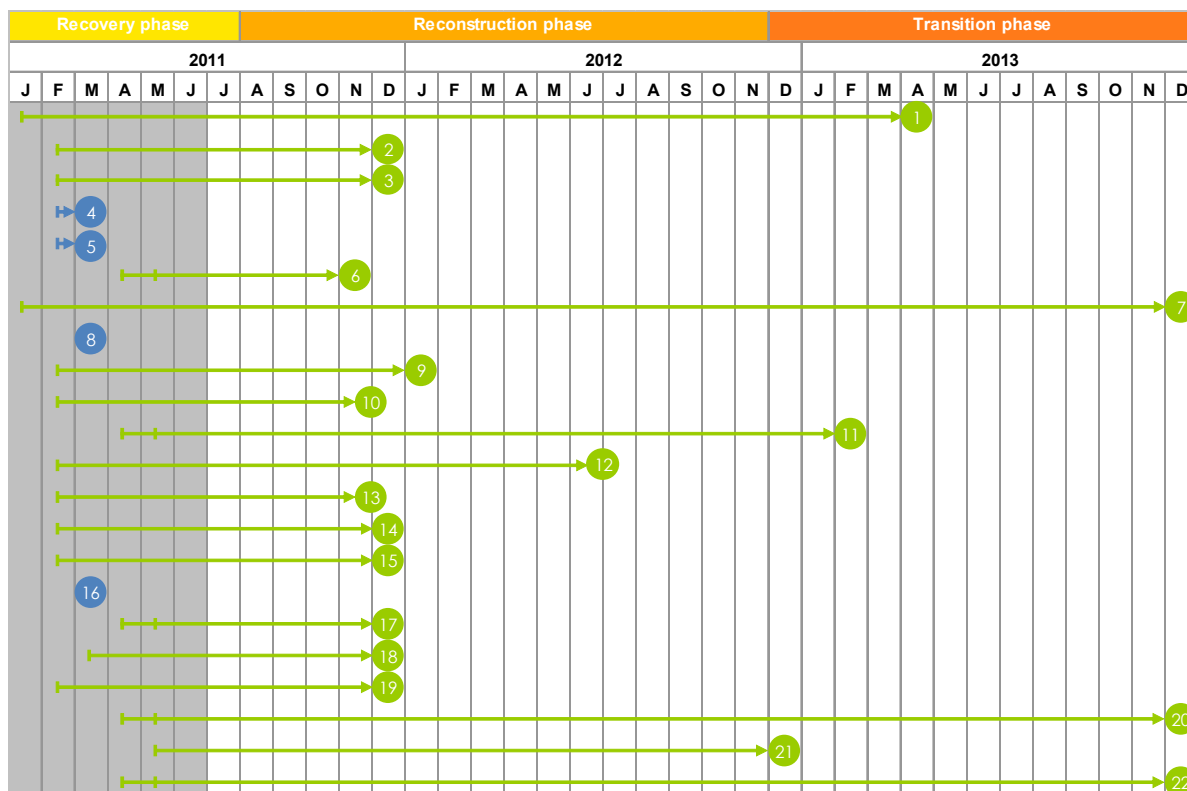
¹ The April figure has been revised from -0.02% to 0.08% employment growth to reflect actual employment growth rather than estimated employment growth (as per the June Monthly Report).

Economic progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Economic line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

As at 7 July 2011, four key tasks had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Economic line of reconstruction.



- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 2 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 3 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 4 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- 5 Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed
- 6 Arrows indicate a key task is undertaken on an ongoing basis

Key tasks:

1	Queensland's competitive and sustainable economy restored	12	A 'Job and Skills' package produced
2	The prioritisation of the Queensland Reconstruction Authority's reconstruction projects contributed to	13	Jobs Assist services are expanded to disaster affected communities
3	Consultation with economic stakeholders and peak industry bodies maintained	14	A marketing campaign providing positive messages about Queensland's economy and major industries is implemented and provided to investors and trading partners
4	A 'buy local' campaign to restore trade and support employment developed for government consideration	15	Partnerships with industry bodies are established to provide systemic, sectoral support
5	Local governments worked with to establish local recovery committees	16	Tailored, simple packages of information specific to business needs are provided
6	Local government capacity and the need for economic support assessed and responded to	17	Measurement and evaluation mechanisms specific to the economic line of reconstruction are established
7	Online social networking tools used to share information and build 'self-help' communities	18	Reductions in planning, regulatory and other obstacles that impact unnecessarily on business confidence and recovery are coordinated
8	Business advisors engaged through intermediaries and industry partners to provide face-to-face advice	19	Supply chain disaster recovery plans developed
9	A 'Fair Go Reconstruction' hotline is provided to check offers of reconstruction services and associated complaints	20	Resolution of cross-cutting issues coordinated
10	Advice on Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) measures provided	21	Development and implementation of local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
11	The Queensland Regionalisation Strategy and Queensland Infrastructure Plan are progressed	22	Project land and infrastructure development activities aligned to economic reconstruction priorities

3.4 Environment

The environment line of reconstruction is focussed on recovering and conserving natural resources affected by the Queensland flood and cyclone disasters and making sure recovery and reconstruction efforts do not impact the State's natural resources.

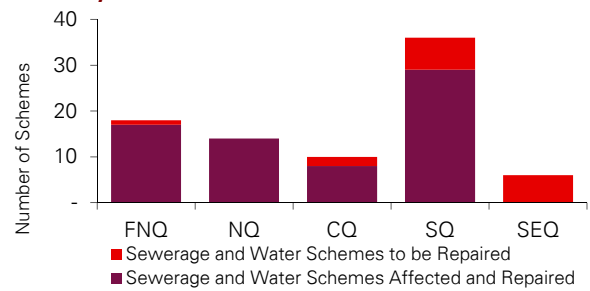
Across Queensland 84 sewerage schemes and 104 water schemes were affected by natural disasters. As at 23 June 2011, all affected sewerage and water schemes were operating at pre-disaster capacity, including 16 sewerage schemes and 17 water schemes that still require permanent repairs or replacement. A scheme can be operating at pre-disaster capacity, yet still require repairs as a result of the disasters. *See Figure 3.15*

Subsequent to the June Report, on-site assessments have continued to be undertaken to ascertain the number of streamflow gauges that have been structurally affected. Of the 389 streamflow gauges across the State, 39 are believed to have been structurally affected by the extreme weather events.² As at 24 June 2011, 2 of the affected sites were not operational (Reedy Creek and Byron Creek in the Brisbane catchment) and 9 were operating at pre-disaster capacity. The remaining 28 were operating below pre-disaster capacity and required repairs. *See Figure 3.16*

Of Queensland's 279 national parks, 138 national parks³ were closed or partially closed due to the extreme weather events. Since the June Report, an additional 8 national parks have been reopened, bringing the total national parks opened across the State to 247. As at 24 June 2011, 12 national parks remained closed due to natural disasters, and 20 remained partially closed. *See Figure 3.17 and Figure 3.18*

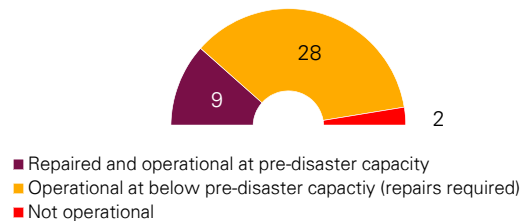
Transitional Environmental Programs (TEPs) are issued to mine sites to temporarily authorise de-watering activities (i.e. to remove flood waters from mine sites) that are completed outside of agreed Environmental Authority conditions. TEPs are subject to special conditions, specified timeframes and expiry dates. As at 30 June 2011, 37 mine sites and 2 coal seam gas sites had current TEPs. This represents a decrease of 7 mine TEPs and 1 coal seam gas TEP since 19 April 2011.⁴ *See Figure 3.19*

Figure 3.15: Sewerage and Water Scheme Recovery



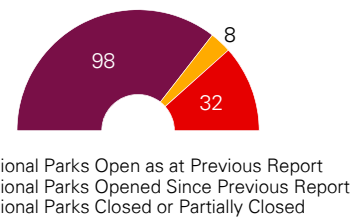
Source: DERM as at 23 June 2011

Figure 3.16: Streamflow Gauges Affected



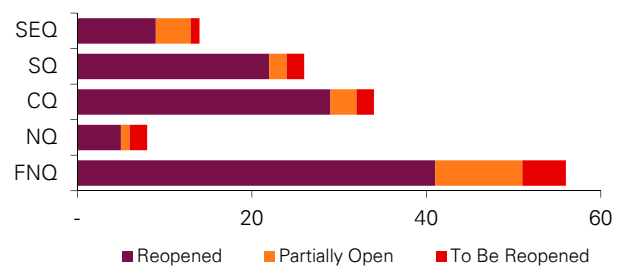
Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011

Figure 3.17: Affected National Parks



Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011

Figure 3.18: National Parks Recovery



Source: DERM as at 24 June 2011

Figure 3.19: Transitional Environmental Programs (TEPs)



Source: DERM as at 30 June 2011

² Revised down by 4 following further on-site assessment during the month

³ Revised down by one since the June Monthly Report following further investigations. Crows Nest National Park was closed during the same time period but not as a result of extreme weather events.

⁴ The data contained in the June report (as at 24 May 2011) has been excluded as it is believed to be based on an incomplete data set.

Environment progress against Implementation Plan

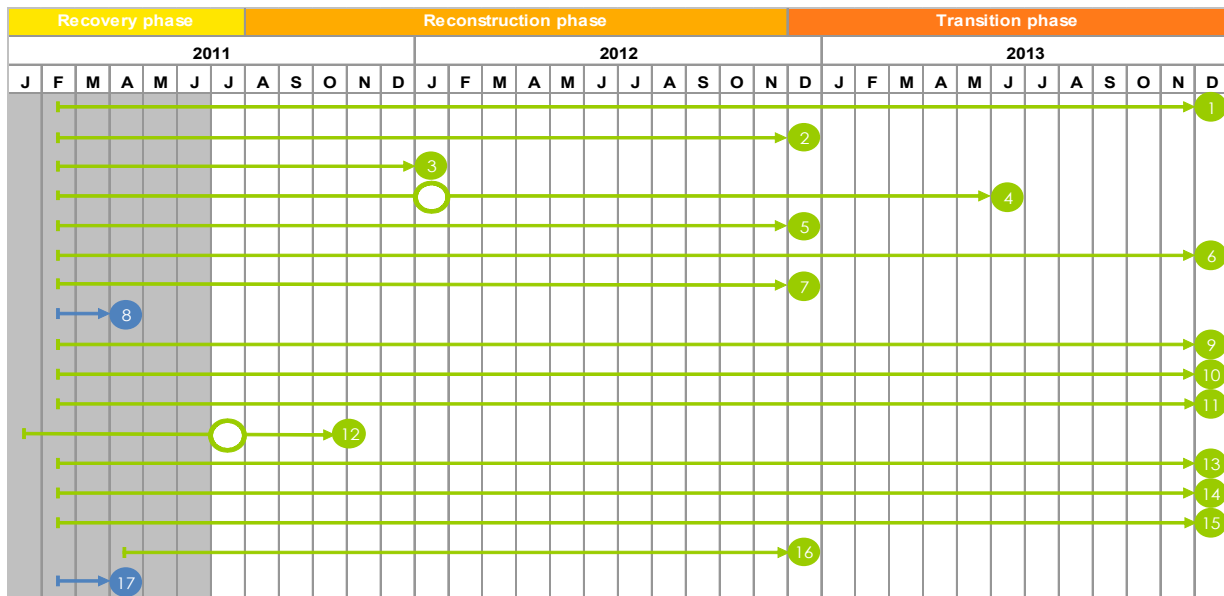
The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Environment line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

As at 6 July 2011, two key tasks had been identified as being completed.

Of the 17 Environmental line of reconstruction key tasks, the following amendments have been made to the completion timelines forecast in the last report:

- Key task 4: Following further review of the implementation plan, key task 4 has been extended to June 2013 to align with the forecast timeline of funding in relation to the restoration of damaged State protected areas.
- Key task 12: TEPs have been reissued to 11 of the 22 mines sites with TEPs expiring 30 June 2011. It is likely that TEPs will be required to be ongoing for a number of months as the accumulation of water on mine sites will require additional time to discharge in a manner that will minimise potential impacts on the environment.

All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within their proposed timeframes.



- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed
- Arrows indicate a key task is undertaken on an ongoing basis

Key tasks:			
1	Rehabilitation of the natural environment and community assets including reserves, parks, waterways and wildlife coordinated and prioritised	10	Event impacts on the natural environment and natural resources assessed
2	Strategies to reduce future impacts on the natural environment in both urban and rural landscapes, focusing on long-term resilience and sustainability in the reconstruction effort, implemented	11	Current and potential environmental and natural resource issues monitored and advice provided
3	Development of sustainable, disaster resilient environment infrastructure supported	12	Recovery of coal and coal seam gas mining facilitated to mitigate environmental harm
4	Damaged infrastructure on state protected areas restored	13	Communities, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island people, environmental bodies and interest groups engaged in the consultation and decision making processes
5	Ecological assessment and restoration of protected areas, ecosystems and species conducted	14	Environmental consequences of reconstruction operations mitigated through planning, monitoring, assessment and advice
6	Assessment and reconstruction of soil health and biodiversity in upland areas and flood plains conducted	15	The expeditious repair of water and sewerage infrastructure supported by facilitating environmental and planning approval processes
7	Community involvement in the recovery of landscapes and ecosystems facilitated	16	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
8	Waste and contaminated land management conducted	17	Subordinated implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by April 2011
9	Input to whole of state environment elements of the state reconstruction operational plans provided		

3.5 Building Recovery

The building line of reconstruction is aimed at coordinating the planning and implementation of the statewide rebuilding program. Its particular focus is on housing and maximising the efficiency of resource allocation.

Power was lost in approximately 480,000 homes and businesses. As at 6 July 2011, less than 0.3% of affected homes and businesses remained without power. It is believed that the majority of homes and businesses that remain without power are still in the reconstruction phase. *See Figure 3.20*

As at 24 June 2011, approximately 124,500 insurance claims had been made as a result of the floods and Cyclone Yasi. The total estimated reserved value was \$3.64 billion. This compares to approximately 122,000 claims made as at 27 May 2011. It is understood that reserved value represents the total estimated value of claims received. *See Figure 3.21*

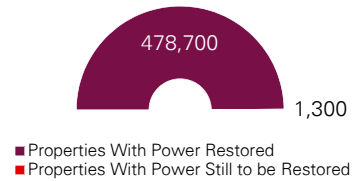
As at 24 June 2011, an estimated \$1.23 billion of disaster related insurance claims had been paid. This represents an increase of \$210 million or 21% since 27 May 2011.

See Figure 3.22

In excess of 4,100 Government owned buildings and related assets (excluding schools) were affected by the extreme weather events. Most heavily impacted was North Queensland with over 1,700 buildings affected. Of the buildings and related assets affected, over 68% have had repairs completed as at 30 June 2011. *See Figure 3.23*

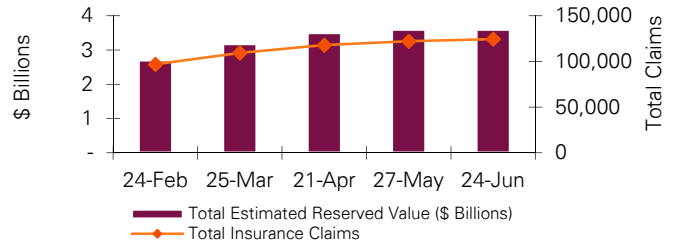
It is currently estimated that in excess of 7,200 residential properties incurred significant damage due to the severe weather events. Of these, in excess of 3,600 were classified by the Insurance Council of Australia (ICA) as Category A: non-liveable residential properties, and in excess of 1,900 were classified as Category B: residential properties vacated for repair. As at 29 June 2011, in excess of 1,700 structural assistance grant applications had been made. *See Figure 3.24*

Figure 3.20: Power to Homes and Businesses



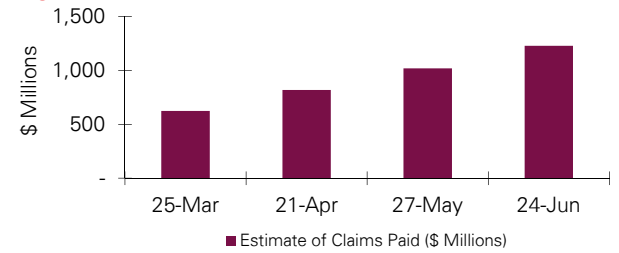
Source: Ergon and Energex as at 6 July 2011

Figure 3.21: Total Estimated Insurance Claims



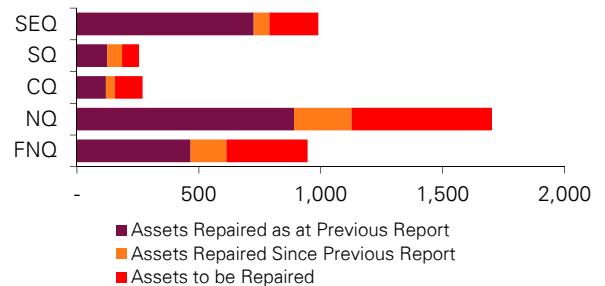
Source: ICA as at 24 June 2011

Figure 3.22: Insurance Payments



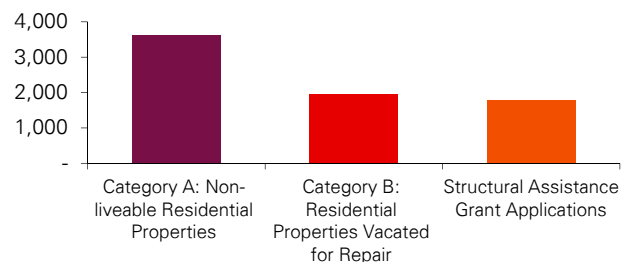
Source: ICA as at 24 June 2011

Figure 3.23: Government Owned Building and Related Assets (excluding schools)



Source: DPW as at 30 June 2011

Figure 3.24: Affected Residential Housing



Source: ICA as at 24 June 2011 (Cat A and B) and DoC as at 29 June 2011 (Structural Grants)

Building Recovery progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Building Recovery line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

As at 5 July 2011, nine key tasks had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Building Recovery line of reconstruction.



- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed
- Arrows indicate a key task is undertaken on an ongoing basis

Key tasks:			
1	Solutions for temporary and long-term accommodation developed and implemented	8	Department of Communities Structural Assistance Grant assessments supported and contractor engagement strategy developed
2	Damage to building stock, particularly housing, assessed	9	Appeal Fund process supported and contractor engagement strategy developed
3	Government building assets returned to operational state	10	Community access to independent building repair advice facilitated
4	Repair of identified iconic buildings facilitated	11	Action required to address any regulatory impediments to building recovery identified and recommended
5	Repair/rebuild approach for community assets determined	12	Progress of building recovery program monitored and reported on
6	Medium to long-term demolition, repair and rebuilding program coordinated and prioritised	13	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
7	Reconstruction supply chain activities supported, monitored and advised upon	14	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by April 2011

3.6 Roads and Transport

The roads and transport line of reconstruction is aimed at reconnecting people and enabling the re-supply of communities across the State.

Network recovery is defined as the recovery of the network to post speeds and legal load limits. A road or rail line may be recovered but operating below full capacity and require repairs to restore it to full operating capacity.

As a result of the natural disasters, 9,170 kilometres of State controlled roads, representing 27% of the State road network, were affected. Of these, 8,482 kilometres had been recovered as at 1 June 2011. This represents additional road recovery of 1,548 kilometres, or 17% of the total affected network since 5 May 2011. *See Figure 3.25 and Figure 3.26*

Across Queensland, Local Government Roads are estimated to make up approximately 147,000 kilometres of the total road network.

The Authority has been in direct contact with LGAs to ascertain the extent of damage to the local government controlled road network.

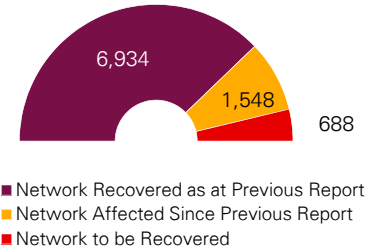
The Authority has been in direct contact with LGAs to confirm the extent of damage to the local government controlled road network. Of the 73 LGAs, 34 have provided road network information. Across these 34 LGAs:

- 45,500 km of local government controlled road network has been impacted
- Of the 45,500 km impacted, 36,900 km are believed to have been recovered. *See Figure 3.27*

The Authority will continue dialogue with LGAs and update road network information as it becomes available

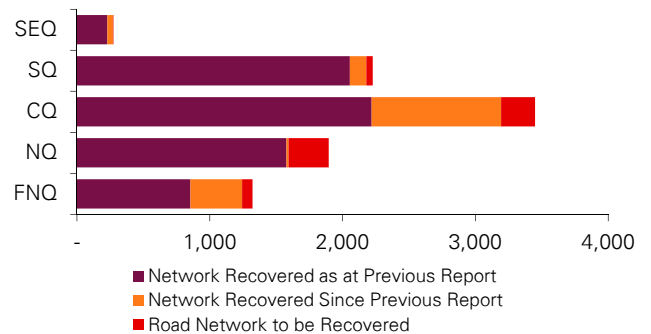
As at 1 July, all ports had been recovered to full operational capability except Bundaberg and Brisbane, which are operational but still have minor restrictions.

Figure 3.25: State Controlled Road Network Affected (km)



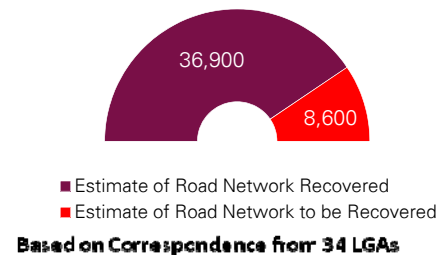
Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

Figure 3.26: State Controlled Road Network Recovery (km)



Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

Figure 3.27: Impacted Local Government Roads Recovered (km) (Based on 34 LGAs)



Based on Correspondence from 34 LGAs

Source: the Authority as at 8 July 2011



DTMR RoadTek contractors repair a section of the Warrego Highway between Marburg and Minden following the recent 2011 Brisbane floods

Across Queensland, 89 State controlled bridges and culverts incurred major damage due to the natural disasters. As at 1 June 2011, 88 of these had been recovered. The number recovered has increased by 22 since 5 May 2011. The remaining bridge that is yet to be recovered is the Charlie Hart Creek Bridge, 36km west of Maryborough in the Fraser Coast LGA.

See Figure 3.28

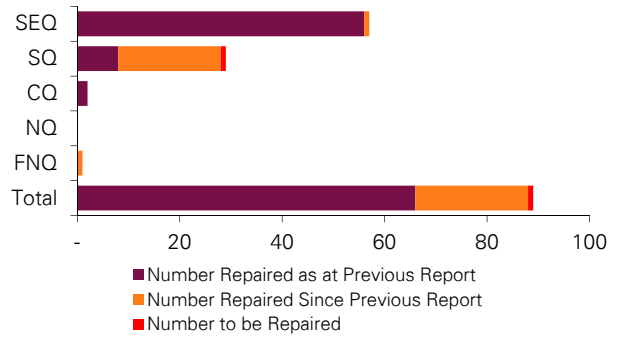
The Queensland Rail network was also affected by the natural disasters with 4,748 kilometres of network impacted. Of these, 4,421 kilometres had been recovered as at 1 June 2011, suggesting that 4% of the total Queensland Rail network was yet to be recovered, comprising:

- approximately 150 kilometres between Normanton and Croydon
- approximately 125 kilometres between Monto and Taragoola
- approximately 25 kilometres between Wurba Junction and Springsure, and
- approximately 25 kilometres between Brookstead and Millmerran

Queensland Rail indicates that the networks to be recovered are not having a major impact on current services.

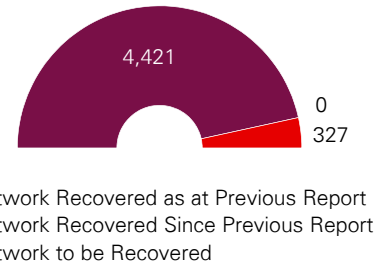
See Figure 3.29 and Figure 3.30

Figure 3.28: State Controlled Bridges and Culverts



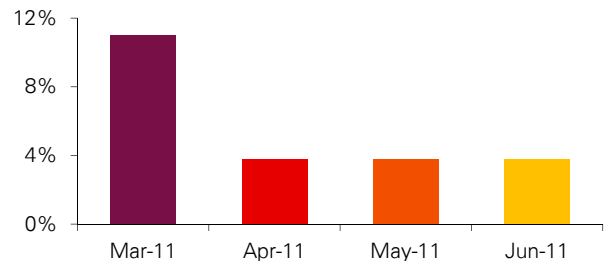
Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

Figure 3.29: Queensland Rail Network (km)



Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

Figure 3.30: Queensland Rail Network to be Recovered



Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

Roads and Transport progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Roads and Transport line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

As at 5 July 2011, seven key tasks had been identified as being completed.

Of these tasks, the following amendments have been made to the completion timelines forecast in the last report:

- Key task 12: Draft Regional Project Plans are currently being reviewed and finalised to align with the Transport Network Reconstruction Program. It is expected that all Plans will be finalised in August 2011.

All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.



- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed
- Arrows indicate a key task is undertaken on an ongoing basis

Key tasks:			
1	People and communities reconnected	7	Regional restoration projects and activities developed
2	Transport access for local economies, agriculture and the resource sector ensured	8	Regional restoration activities moderated to develop statewide projects and action
3	Transport reconstruction plan implemented and continually monitored and reviewed	9	Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) submission prepared
4	Restoration projects and activities developed	10	Existing Queensland Transport and Roads Investment Program (QTRIP) reviewed to accommodate NDRRA program
5	Strategic restoration goals, balancing improvement and other strategic needs, established	11	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
6	Regional needs against restoration goals assessed	12	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by August 2011

3.7 Community Liaison and Communication

This line of reconstruction is focussed on building stakeholder confidence in the reconstruction by ensuring consistent and regular communication of public information.

Since the last report, the Authority has provided briefings to key industry bodies, including:

- the National Infrastructure Conference 2011 - 9 June 2011
- the Brisbane Development Association - 10 June 2011, and
- the International Hydrologists Conference - 28 June 2011.

These briefings are held on a regular basis to inform industry bodies and organisations of reconstruction tasks, activities and requirements to enable them to plan for capacity and delivery during the reconstruction. The Authority also holds regular meetings with the Department of Transport and Main Roads, Local Government Association of Queensland and Local Government Authorities in relation to these issues.

Another key aspect of the Authority's community liaison process is the Join Forces Program. As at 8 July 2011, 176 community organisations had signed up for support through the Join Forces Program and 293 corporate donations had been provided, an increase of 4 Join Forces registrations and 63 donations since 10 June 2011. *See Figure 3.31*

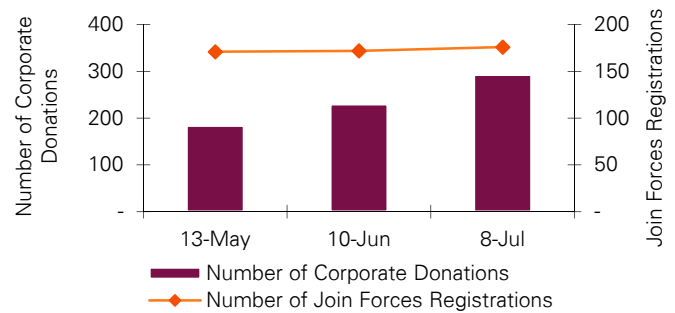
Key recent Join Forces program donations include:

- IGA, through their Flood Relief Program, providing \$143,000 to 46 Join Forces registered community organisations across the State, and
- Nissan donating an additional 14 cars (bringing the total to 81) to aid community groups including Lifeline, the Red Cross and SEQ Catchments in the disaster recovery efforts.

There are a number of methods available to the public to communicate with the Authority. As at 4 July 2011, the Authority had received 1,585 pieces of written correspondence, and 801 calls to its dedicated hotline. This represents an increase in communications of 369 since 6 June 2011. *See Figure 3.32*

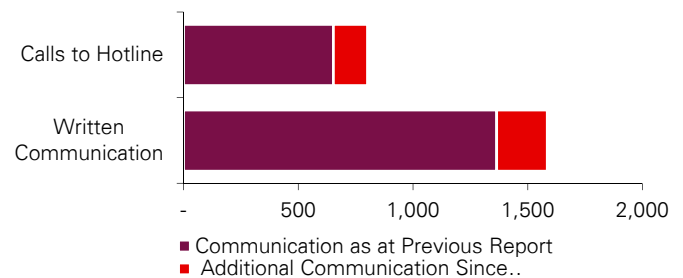
The Authority has a website that provides information to the public. There have been a large number of visits to the website since it was launched on 16 February 2011. As at 4 July 2011, total visits were in excess of 85,000. *See Figure 3.33*

Figure 3.31: Join Forces Program



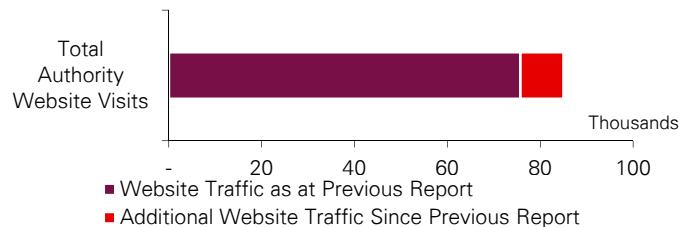
Source: the Authority as at 8 July 2011

Figure 3.32: Communication



Source: the Authority as at 4 July 2011

Figure 3.33: Website Traffic



Source: the Authority as at 4 July 2011



SEQ Catchments CEO and Major General Mick Slater with one of 81 Nissans donated to date



Section four: Planning

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority is legislatively empowered to perform accelerated planning, development and decision-making activities to expedite reconstruction and recovery efforts. This section provides an overview of these activities and an update on how they have been undertaken in the past month.

4. Planning

4.1 Planning Power of the Authority

The *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011* (the *Act*) prescribes the governance arrangements of the Authority. It also provides the Authority with special powers to undertake a number of activities, including:

- declaration of projects and reconstruction areas
- compulsory acquisition of land - this may be for the mediate purposes of the Authority or for longer term goals such as flood mitigation
- entering land and performing acts such as constructing, demolishing and occupying
- creation of new development schemes
- directing changes to existing planning schemes, and
- accelerating decisions and processes of decision makers.

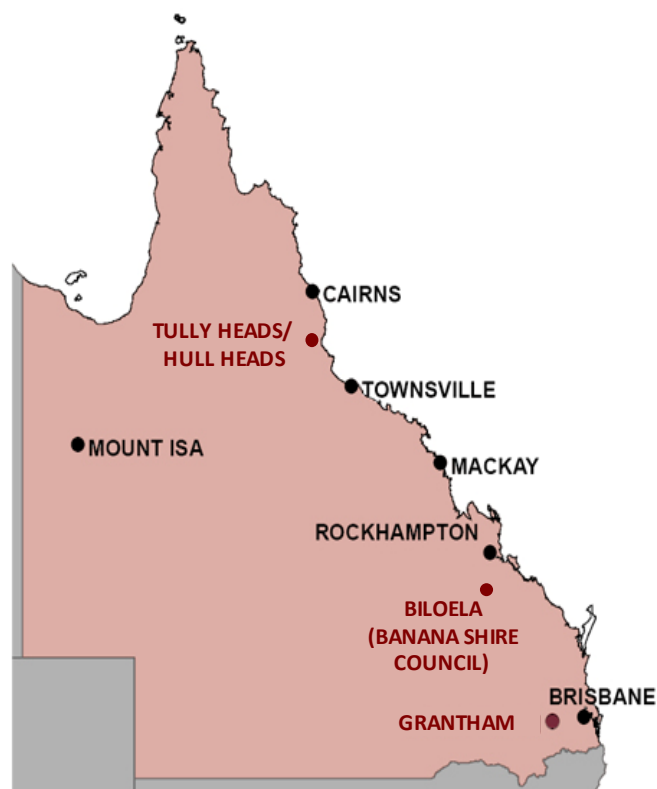
The *Act* enables the Minister to:

- declare a project for proposed development if the project is to be undertaken in a part of the State that has been directly or indirectly affected by a disaster event, and the declaration is necessary to facilitate flood mitigation or the protection, rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- recommend to the Governor that a regulation declare a part of the State to be a reconstruction area, and
- declare a project (or particular development) in a reconstruction area to be a critical infrastructure project if it is essential for the State or for economic, environmental or social reasons. A critical infrastructure project declaration is not subject to judicial review.

4.2 Grantham Reconstruction Area

On 8 April 2011, the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Regulation 2011 was created to declare the Grantham Reconstruction Area. In accordance with sections 62 to 65 of the *Act*, the Authority, then prepared a Proposed Development Scheme for the Grantham Reconstruction Area (in consultation with the community and the Council).

The public notification period for the Proposed Development Scheme for the Grantham Reconstruction Area closed on 23 June 2011. The Authority received six submissions, including from affected owners, and the Lockyer Valley Regional Council.



State agency comments on the Proposed Development Scheme were also received and have been duly considered as part of the finalisation of the submitted scheme.

Submitted Scheme

In accordance with the *Act*, the Authority has considered the submissions that have been received and has prepared a submissions report. Under section 70 of the *Act* the Authority must as soon as practicable provide to the Minister for Reconstruction the submissions report and the submitted scheme. This was carried out on 30 June 2011 and a copy of both the submissions report and submitted scheme was delivered to each submitter on the same day. The four submitters identified as affected owners now have up to 20 business days to request the Minister for Reconstruction to amend the submitted scheme to protect their interests.

The final Development Scheme can only take effect once approved via regulation. At this stage, and dependent on any submitter representations, it is expected that the final Development Scheme is to be submitted to Government in August 2011.

Both documents will be made available on the Authority's website.

Construction

The Authority prepared a Temporary Local Planning Instrument on behalf of the Lockyer Regional Valley Council which has enabled earthworks to commence on the site of the Grantham Reconstruction Area. The first sod was officially turned at the site by the Deputy Premier and Mayor on 7 June 2011. Stage 1 works are continuing and aim to facilitate the goal of returning a number of residents to their homes by Christmas.

Roads

On 10 June 2011, the Authority exercised powers under section 106 of the *Act* to permanently close part of an unformed road within the Grantham Reconstruction Area. Tenure arrangements to vest the land with the Authority are underway in accordance with section 107 of the *Act*.

The Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR) has committed to the design and construction of a grade separated rail crossing. The crossing will be delivered in two stages:

- the first to allow residents wishing to take their homes across to the new estate the opportunity to do so, and
- the second being the permanent flyover.

DTMR are aiming to have the permanent flyover completed by early January 2012.

Land Offer

The Lockyer Valley Regional Council is working through the ballot process. The Authority is using the pro bono services of Clayton Utz to provide advice on legal issues associated with the Land Offer and Development Scheme. The Authority has also secured pro bono services from BDO's to provide probity advice on the process.

4.3 North Queensland Guidelines

The Authority has been progressing Part 1 of the North Queensland Guidelines – *Rebuilding in storm tide prone areas: Tully Heads and Hull Heads*. The Authority plans to release Part 1 in its final form and the draft guideline, *Part 2 – Wind Resistant Housing* in the coming month. Part 2 of the Guidelines is intended to reiterate existing legislation regarding house designs meeting minimum windload standards and alert residents to the importance of roof maintenance in the lead up to cyclone seasons. Other proposed guidelines include *Part 3 – Preparing for Cyclones* and *Part 4 – Building in low lying coastal areas*, which are to be released in August 2011.

4.4 Critical Infrastructure

Electricity

The Authority has established a working relationship with ENERGEX and Ergon Energy for the purposes of a specific project aimed at planning for stronger and more resilient electrical infrastructure. An all encompassing draft guideline in relation to this project is proposed for release at the end of July 2011. The Authority is also working with the Electrical Safety Office and Mines and Energy to discuss appropriate regulatory matters.

4.5 Flood Plain Management Project

The Authority is currently preparing two guidelines in relation to flood plain management. These guidelines aim to assist local governments ensure that flood plain management is addressed through land use planning. Proposed key deliverables include:

- undertaking an audit of planning schemes across the State to determine how flooding matters are currently regulated
- an information toolkit for local governments deemed to be not adequately protected from flooding (the toolkit will include maps identifying flood hazard areas and will outline interim flood plain management controls which are to be incorporated into existing planning schemes (Guideline 1), and
- standard planning scheme provisions and a flood study template brief that will aim to provide consistency in the application of flood plain management and regulation across Queensland (Guideline 2).

As part of this process, the Authority has partnered with Banana Shire Council to use its new planning scheme as a template to ensure that there is a correlation between flood plain management controls and land use planning outcomes. The partnership will also adopt a standard template for a catchment wide flood study to inform the new strategic plan.

The Authority is also working closely with the Department of Local Government and Planning and the Department of Community Safety on this project.



Section five: Situational Report: Reconstruction and Funding

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority has responsibility for the administration of funding to be provided to Local Government Authorities and State Government Departments and Agencies. This section provides an overview of the payments made to these entities during the month.

5. Situational Report: Reconstruction Funding Overview

5.1 Reconstruction Funding

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority) will be primarily responsible for administering and authorising the application of funds for Counter Disaster Operations (CDO) and Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA) to both State Departments and Agencies (SDAs) and Local Government Authorities (LGAs).

CDO include any activities undertaken by SDAs and LGAs to provide direct assistance to, and in the protection of, the general public before and during a disaster, including the removal of debris created by the disaster.

REPA, which includes both Restoration Works and Emergent Works, assists eligible State and Local Governments in the restoration of uninsured essential public assets to a pre-disaster standard or in accordance with current engineering standards or requirements and building codes (or guidelines).

5.2 Local Government Funding Process

Where reconstruction activity relates to works undertaken at a local government level, the process will typically be initiated through an application received from a LGA on the basis of an approach from the Authority.

The LGA can opt to commence works prior to approval of an application, however the Council will carry the risk associated with the outcome of the funding application for such works.

In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, advance payments are provided to those LGAs which have submitted a compliant Funding Agreement and list of reconstruction projects. The Funding Agreement sets the guidelines for the release of funding to LGAs.

The grant advances will provide impacted LGAs with much needed liquidity to assist them in effectively planning their reconstruction priorities.

On 24 February 2011, the Authority corresponded with LGAs to seek funding applications, as well as submission of the completed Funding Agreement and a list of reconstruction projects. As a result of responses from LGAs, nine tranches of advance payments to LGAs have been made since 24 March 2011. Further grant advance payments will be made progressively as remaining LGAs provide required information and their Funding Agreements.

5.3 State Government Department Funding Process

The Authority has also approached SDAs to request eligible applications for funding. In accordance with the process for LGA funding, SDAs can commence works prior to approval of an application however the SDA will carry the risk associated with the outcome of the application.

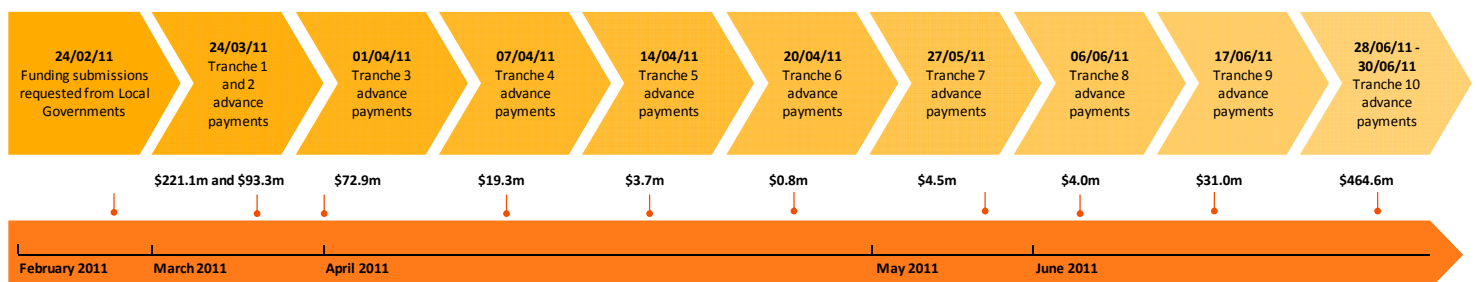
In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, the Authority determined that it would also provide SDAs with advance payments.

To be eligible for an advance payment, SDAs were required to execute a Memorandum of Agreement with the Authority, which establishes the guidelines for the release of funding, and confirm the amount of expenditure incurred up to 30 June 2011.

As a result of responses from SDAs, one advance payment tranche to SDAs was disbursed in late June 2011 (Tranche 10).

SDA grant advances relate to expenditure incurred by SDAs prior to 30 June 2011 for CDO and Emergent Works and will be subject to validation by the Authority over the next few months.

Figure 5.1 Reconstruction funding process to date



Source: the Authority as at 30 June 2011

5.4 Advance Payments

As at 30 June 2011, grant advance payments had been made by the Authority to 56 of Queensland's 73 LGAs, and 12 SDAs, over ten tranches. All of the 56 LGAs have received one or more advance payments. Advance payments are capped at 30% of the original damage estimate.

In addition, 12 National Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) advance payments have now been made to SDAs. In total, 69 NDRRA advance payments have been made to LGAs and SDAs.

The Authority had processed \$894.3m in NDRRA grant advance payments to LGAs and SDAs (excluding GST) as at 30 June 2011. This represents 14 additional advance payments amounting to \$478.8 million relative to last month.

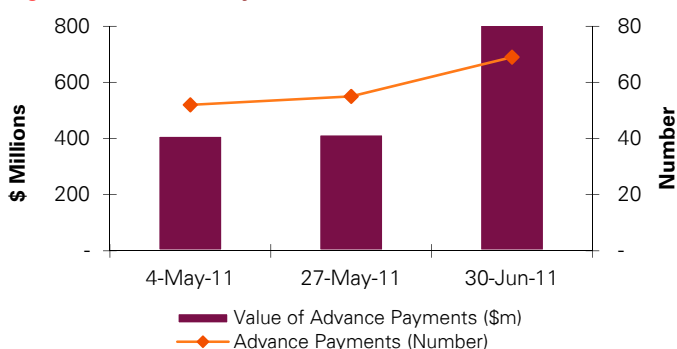
See Table 5.1, Figure 5.2 and Figure 5.3

Table 5.1 NDRRA Advance Payments

Advance payments	June 2011	July 2011	Increase
Data as at:	27 May 2011	28 June 2011	
Number	55	69	14
Value (\$m)	\$415.5m	\$894.3m	\$478.8m

Source: the Authority as at 27 May 2011 and 30 June 2011

Figure 5.2: Advance Payments to date



Source: the Authority as at 4 May, 27 May and 30 June 2011

The additional advance payments to LGAs were made to

- Diamantina Shire Council (Tranche 8),
- Brisbane City Council (Tranche 9), and
- State Departments and Agencies (Tranche 10).

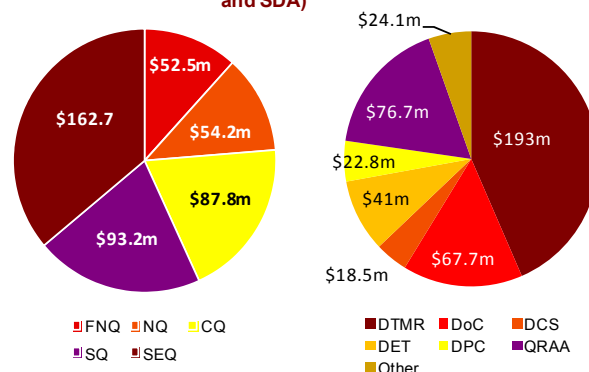
Those LGAs which have not received a grant advance payment account for less than 2% of total budgeted LGA expenditure.

5.5 Application for Funding

As at 7 July 2011, 358 applications had been received from LGAs and SDAs for NDRRA funding. The total value of applications is now \$433.3m. Of this:

- LGAs have submitted 310 applications (\$376.7 million)
- SDAs have submitted 48 applications (\$56.7 million)

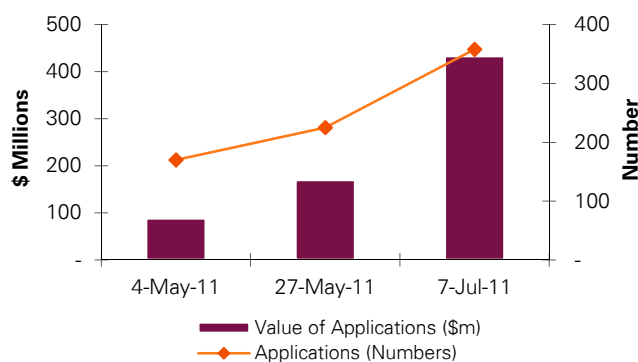
Figure 5.3: Total Advance Payments (LGA and SDA)



Source: the Authority as at 30 June 2011

An additional 133 applications (\$263.3 million) have been received relative to last month's report. See Figure 5.4

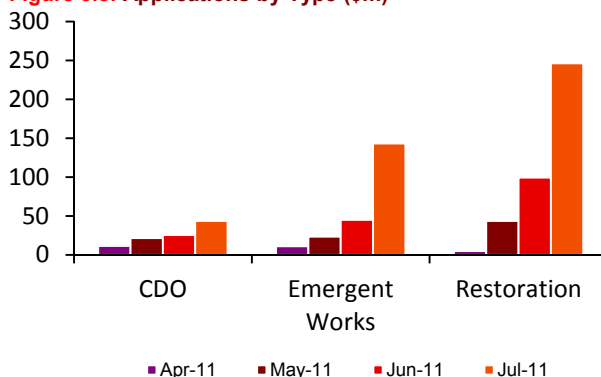
Figure 5.4: Total Applications to date



Source: the Authority as at 4 May, 27 May and 7 July 2011

The majority of applications received to date have been for CDO and Emergent Works. In dollar terms however, Restoration applications account for over half of the total value of applications. See Figure 5.5

Figure 5.5: Applications by Type (\$m)

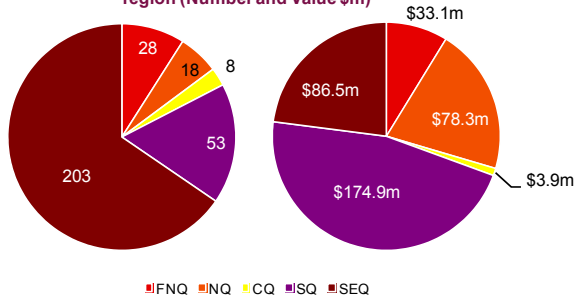


Source: the Authority as at 4 May, 27 May and 7 July 2011

Of the applications received from LGAs, the largest number has come from SEQ (203 applications, which represents over half of the total number of LGA applications). Of the SEQ applications, 164 are from the Brisbane City Council (of which almost half are for less than \$100k).

In terms of dollar value, SQ has submitted the largest total dollar value of applications (\$174.9m).

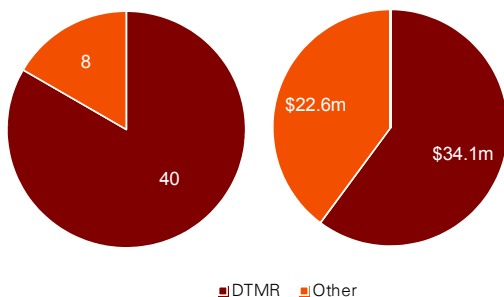
Figure 5.6: LGA Applications to date by region (Number and Value \$m)



Source: the Authority as at 7 July 2011

Of the applications received from SDAs, DTMR has submitted the largest number of applications (40). DTMR also accounts for the largest dollar value of applications (\$34.1m).

Figure 5.7: SDA Applications to date by entity (Number and Value \$m)



Source: the Authority as at 7 July 2011

5.6 Application Status

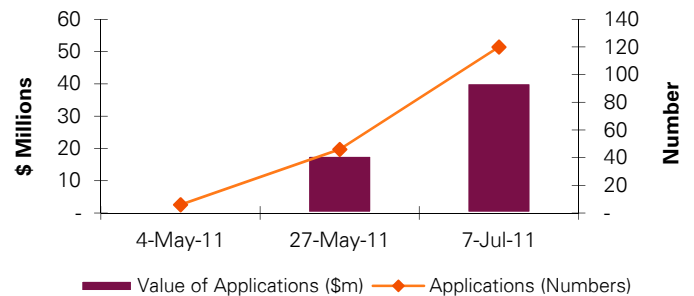
Since 27 May 2011, an additional 74 applications have been approved, bringing the total approvals to 120.

The 74 applications that have been approved since last month's report represent additional approvals of \$22.5 million, and include:

- 59 CDO applications totalling \$12.0 million,

- 12 Emergent Works applications totalling \$5.6 million, and
- 3 Restoration applications totalling \$4.8 million.

Figure 5.8: Approved Applications



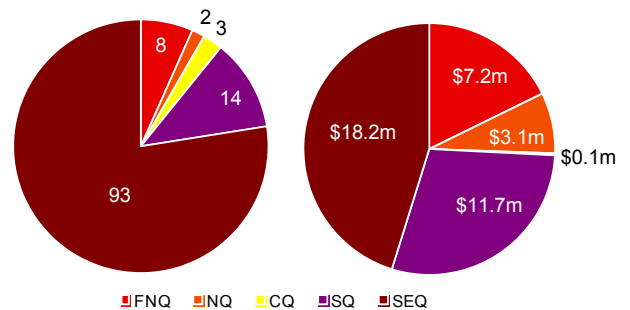
Source: the Authority as at 4 May, 27 May and 7 July 2011

In relation to approved applications:

- 46% of SEQs applications have been approved
- 26% of SQs applications have been approved
- 29% of FNQs applications have been approved
- 11% of NQs applications have been approved, and
- 38% of CQs applications have been approved.

As at 7 July 2011, no applications by SDA had been approved.

Figure 5.9: Approved Applications by LGA



Source: the Authority as at 7 July 2011

As at 7 July 2011, 37 applications had been returned, totalling \$61.1. Of this:

- 23 applications (\$41.5 million) had been returned to LGAs
- 14 applications (\$19.6 million) had been returned to SDAs.

Therefore, as at 7 July 2011, the total number of applications processed was 157, totalling \$101.4.



Section six: Grant Assistance

A variety of assistance schemes have been established to assist parties affected by the disasters. This section discusses the grant assistance measures delivered to affected parties to date, and includes two dashboards providing an overview of:

- Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA), and
- Non-Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (Non-NDRRA).

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

Grant Assistance: National Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA)
Total Funds Claimed = \$130,290,000 (approximate)

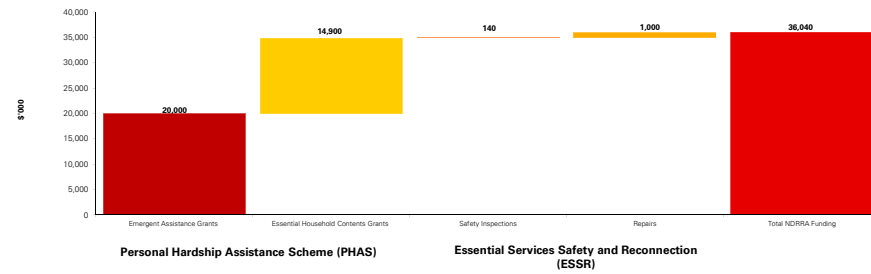
Individuals and Families

Financial grants are available for families and individuals affected by a natural disaster. These financial grants provide a contribution to families and individuals who are uninsured, or are unable to claim on insurance, and are unable to meet the cost of replacing or repairing essential household goods (and/or their owner-occupied residence) without government assistance. The types of financial grants available include:

1. Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme (PHAS)
2. Essential Services Safety and Reconnection (ESSR)
3. Additional Services (AS)

As at 29 June 2011, NDRRA Funding Grants claimed totalled approximately \$36,040,000

Figure A: Total NDRRA Funds Claimed by Individuals and Families

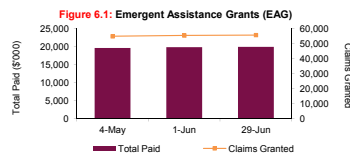


Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS)

Administered by DoC

Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG)

The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance in the first few days following a natural disaster for immediate, unexpected needs such as temporary accommodation, food, essential clothing and medication. A grant of \$170 per person, up to a maximum of \$850 for a family of five or more, is available. See figure 6.1

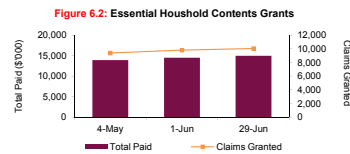


Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG)

The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance to replace household contents that have been lost or damaged as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance to replace the household contents, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

Offered to either a tenant or an owner-occupier, this grant provides up to \$1,705 for an individual adult and up to \$5,120 for couples or families less the amount paid out for the EAG. See figure 6.2



Structural Assistance Grants (SAG)

The Structural Assistance Grant is to assist eligible homeowners return their home to a habitable and secure condition. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the property, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for these structural repairs, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

The grant provides up to \$10,500 for individuals and up to \$14,200 for a couple or family.

Essential Services and Safety Reconnection (ESSR)

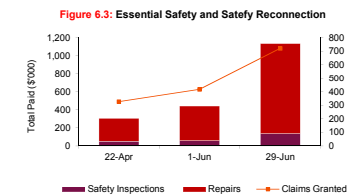
Administered by DoC

Safety Inspections and Repairs

The Essential Services Safety and Reconnection Grant is to assist homeowners reconnect essential services, such as electricity, water, gas or sewerage/septic systems, damaged by the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the home, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for reconnecting these essential services, and
- meet the income and assets test.

ESSR grants provide up to \$200 per service for safety inspections by accredited inspectors, and if deemed necessary, up to \$4,200 to meet the cost of repairing or reinstalling services to Australian Standards by qualified tradespeople. Safety inspection payments will be refunded to the homeowner and reinstatement costs will be paid directly to the repairer by the Department of Communities. See figure 6.3



Additional Services (AS)

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides additional community services, such as counselling, information and advice, accommodation and personal support to disaster affected residents. Eligible persons are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2 years.

Figure 6.1: DoC as at 29 June 2011
Figure 6.2: DoC as at 29 June 2011
Figure 6.3: DoC as at 29 June 2011

Local Governments, State Departments, and Agencies

Financial assistance is available to Local Governments, State Departments and Agencies in order to assist in disaster related relief and recovery processes, for example, the restoration of uninsured essential public assets, and the removal of debris. The available assistance schemes include:

1. NDRRA Advance Payments
2. Counter Disaster Operations (CDO)
3. Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA)
4. Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP)
 - Repair of Infrastructure in Queensland
 - Regional Staffing
 - Cassowary Coast Support Package

The Authority is liaising with funding recipients to facilitate the processing of their NDRRA applications. As at 30 June 2011, advance payments amounted to \$894,300,000.

NDRRA Advance Payments

The Authority sent an information request to affected LGAs on 24 February 2011 requesting applications for CDO and REPA Grants. In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, advance payments are provided to those LGAs which have submitted a compliant Funding Agreement and list of reconstruction projects. Ten tranches of advance payments have been made from 24 March 2011 to 30 June 2011. As at 30 June 2011, 56 of Queensland's 73 LGAs had received advance payments totalling \$894.3 million in advance grant payments (excluding GST).

Figure 5.2: Advance Payments to date

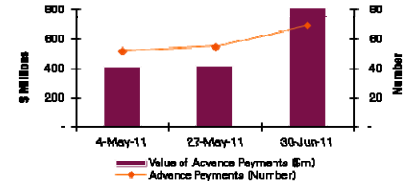
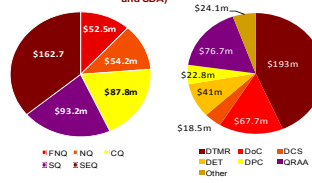


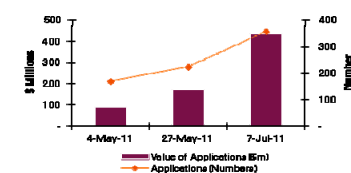
Figure 5.3: Total Advance Payments (LGA and SDA)



Counter Disaster Operations (CDO)

CDO include any activities undertaken by State and Local Government agencies to provide direct assistance to, and in the protection of, the general public before and during a disaster, including the removal of debris created by the disaster. Eligible entities are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2 years. CDO payments are administered by the Authority.

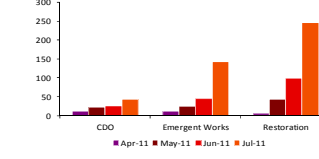
Figure 5.4: Total Applications to date



Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA)

REPA assists eligible State and Local Governments in the restoration of uninsured essential public assets to a pre-disaster standard or in accordance with current engineering standards (or requirements) and building codes (or guidelines). The claim amount available is variable. Emergent Works submissions to be lodged within 6 months from the date of the NDRRA activation (extensions can be applied for in exceptional circumstances).

Figure 5.6: Applications by Type (\$m)



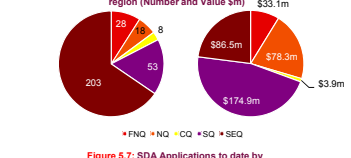
Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP)

The QLCP comprises \$330 million from a combination of State and Commonwealth Government funding. The package consists of three parts, both administered by the Authority.

Repair of Infrastructure in Queensland

This \$265 million scheme is designed to fast track the repair of damaged infrastructure owned by local governments across QLD, particularly water and sewerage. A specific allocation of \$145 million has been made to reconstruct Brisbane's ferry terminals and Riverwalk.

Figure 5.7: SDA Applications to date by region (Number and Value \$m)



Regional Staffing

This scheme provides up to \$50 million of assistance to regional and remote councils to enable them to employ people to perform important clean up and repair work, with the option to provide further funding for employment if required.

Cassowary Coast Support Package

A \$15 million allocation to restore vital Cassowary Coast Regional Council infrastructure and to restore vegetation and beach damage in the area.

Figure 5.8: SDA Applications to date by entity (Number and Value \$m)

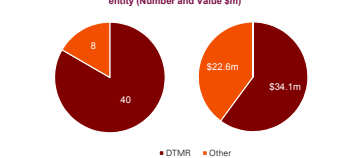


Figure 5.9: Approved Applications

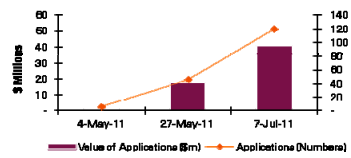
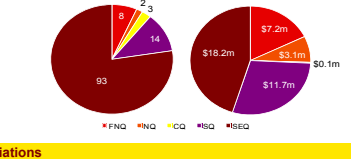


Figure 5.10: Approved Applications by LGA



Glossary and Abbreviations

DEEDI	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation	FNQ	Far North Queensland
DoC	Department of Communities	NQ	North Queensland
QRAA	Queensland Rural Adjustment Authority	CQ	Central Queensland
DTMR	Department of Transport and Main Roads	SQ	Southern Queensland
DET	Department of Education and Training	SEQ	South East Queensland

Sources and References

- Figure 5.2: the Authority as at 30 June 2011
Figure 5.3: the Authority as at 30 June 2011
Figure 5.4: the Authority 7 July 2011
Figure 5.5: the Authority 7 July 2011
Figure 5.6: the Authority 7 July 2011
Figure 5.7: the Authority 7 July 2011
Figure 5.8: the Authority 7 July 2011

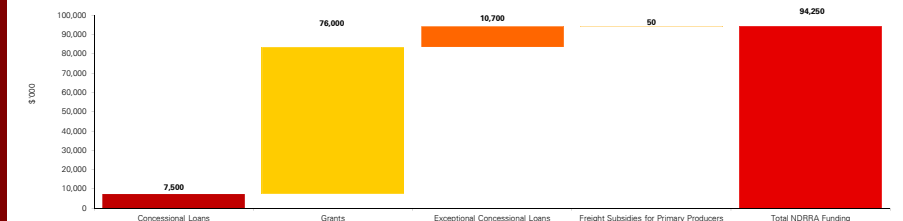
Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities, and Non-Profit Groups

Financial assistance is available to support commerce in disaster affected regions. This is offered in the form of a grant, loan, or subsidy, and is available to eligible Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups. The financial facilities available include:

1. Concessional Loans
2. Grants
3. Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
4. Rural Resilience Fund (RRF)
5. Exceptional Concessional Loans
6. Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Groups

As at 30 June 2011, NDRRA Loans and Funding Grants provided or claimed totalled approximately \$94,250,000

Figure B: Total Funds Claimed by Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups



Concessional Loans

Administered by QRAA

Two types of concessional loan facilities of up to \$250,000 are available to eligible Small Businesses and Primary Producers. Both types of loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of small businesses and primary producers in recovering from substantial natural disasters. See figure 6.4 and 6.5

Figure 6.4: Small Businesses

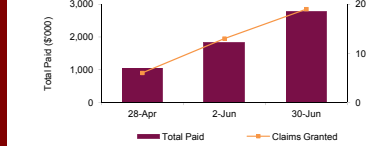
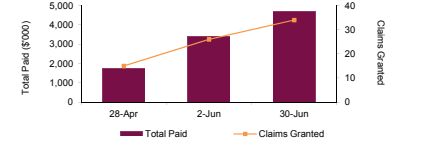


Figure 6.5: Primary Producers



Grants

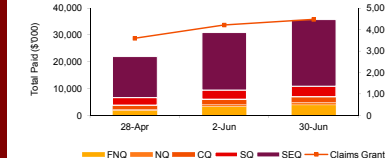
Administered by QRAA

Three types of grants of up to \$25,000 are available.

Small Businesses

Small Business Grants are designed to cover the cost of clean-up and restoration to assist small businesses which have suffered direct damage as a result of an eligible natural disaster event, in cases where the impact on the farming sector has been particularly severe, and this could result in production and viability being disrupted beyond the current season. See figure 6.6

Figure 6.6: Small Businesses

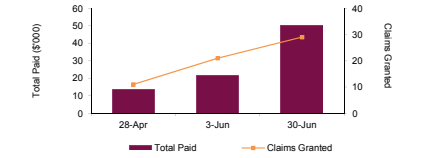


Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

Administered by DEEDI

These subsidies are designed for the use of primary producers in restocking movement, fencing, fodder movements, and other related processes. Up to \$5,000 in assistance can be tailored to address specific deficiencies that have occurred as a direct consequence of an eligible natural disaster. See figure 6.9

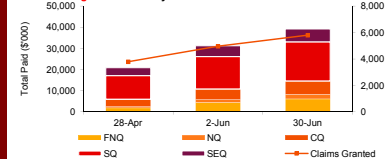
Figure 6.9: Freight Subsidies



Primary Producers

Primary Producer Grants are designed to provide short term targeted assistance for clean-up, removal of debris, disposal of dead livestock and further restoration following an eligible natural disaster event, in cases where the impact on the farming sector has been particularly severe, and this could result in production and viability being disrupted beyond the current season. See figure 6.7

Figure 6.7: Primary Producers

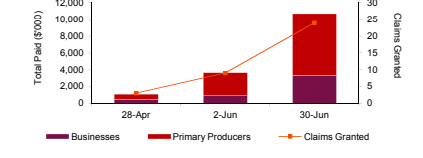


Exceptional Concessional Loans

Administered by QRAA

Exceptional concessional loan facilities are offered for Small Businesses, Primary Producers and Charities and Non-Profit Groups, and are available to those eligible in areas directly affected by a disaster. See figure 6.10

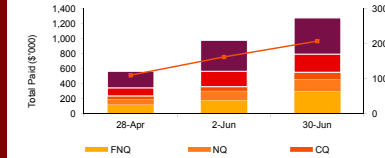
Figure 6.10: Exceptional Concessional Loans



Charities and Non-Profit Groups

These grants are designed to assist charities and non-profit organisations to pay for costs arising out of direct damage caused by the Floods and Tropical Cyclone Yasi. See figure 6.8

Figure 6.8: Charities and Non-Profit Groups



Rural Resilience Fund (RRF)

Administered by DEEDI

The Federal and Queensland Governments are investing \$20 million to assist the recovery of rural economies and communities impacted by Tropical Cyclone Yasi. The RRF will help fund business and community support activities by providing counselling, social, education, and clean-up services.

Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

Administered by QRAA

These loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of associations to re-establish facilities following natural disaster damage. A combination of loan (up to \$100,000) and grant facilities (up to \$5,000) are available.

Figure 6.8: QRAA as at 30 June 2011
Figure 6.9: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011
Figure 6.10: QRAA as at 30 June 2011

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

Grant Assistance: Non-National Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (Non-NDRRA)
Total Funds Claimed to date = \$1,059,600,000 (approximate)

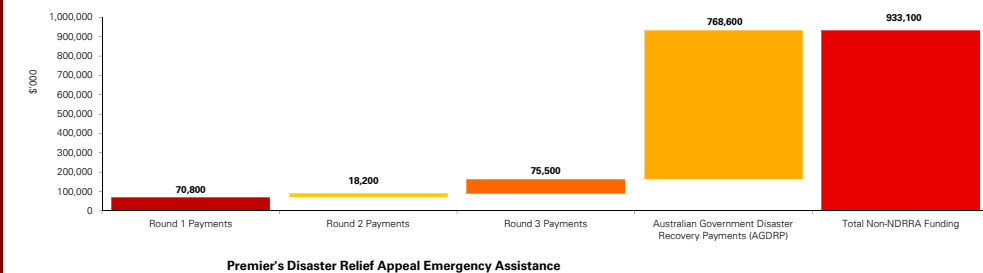
Individuals and Families

The types of Non-NDRRA Arrangement Assistance Schemes available to individuals and families include the following:

1. Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal Emergency Assistance
2. Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

As at 6 July 2011, Non-NDRRA Funding Grants claimed totalled approximately \$933,100,000

Figure C: Total Non-NDRRA Funds Claimed by Individuals and Families



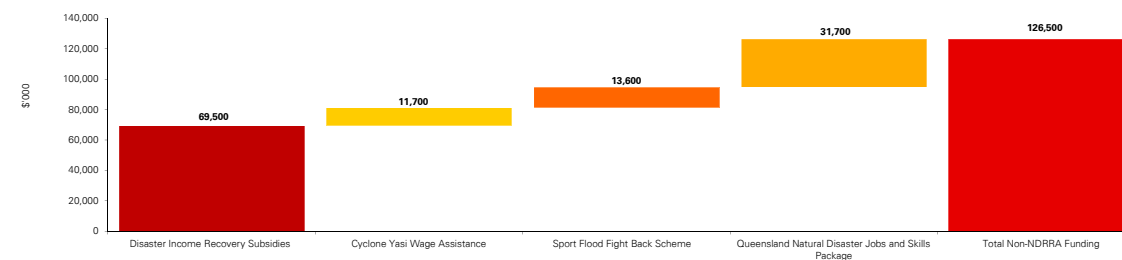
Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups

The types of Non-NDRRA Arrangement Assistance Schemes available to employees, small businesses, primary producers, charities and non-profit groups include the following:

1. Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)
2. Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA)
3. Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme
4. Tourism Industry Support Package
5. Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package
6. Flood Recovery Program (FRP)
7. Racetrack Recovery Assistance
8. Queensland Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

As at 6 July 2011, Non-NDRRA Funding Grants totalled approximately \$126,500,000

Figure D: Total Non-NDRRA Funds Claimed by Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups



Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal Emergency Assistance

Administered by DoC

The Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal provides assistance to individuals and families affected by the natural disasters. Payments are made over three payment rounds.

Round 1 – Applications for Round 1 payments closed 31 March 2011 for Queensland Floods and 30 April 2011 for Cyclone Yasi. Round 1 payments provided \$2,000 per eligible adult and \$1,000 per dependent child. See figure 6.12

Round 2 – Applications for funds are available for people whose homes have been destroyed or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing an initial payment of \$10,000 per home destroyed and additional assistance of up to \$140,000 per property. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:

- your principal place of residence was totally destroyed, or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. See figure 6.13

Round 3 – Applications for funds are available for people whose homes have suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing \$5,000 towards rehousing or recovery requirements and additional assistance of up to \$75,000 depending on income and circumstances. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- your principal place of residence suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. See figure 6.14

Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

Administered by Centrelink

The Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment (AGDRP) has been activated to assist people who have been adversely affected by natural disasters, providing up to a maximum of \$1000 per adult and \$400 per eligible child. This scheme is administered via Centrelink. See figure 6.15

Figure 6.11: Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal - Total Paid

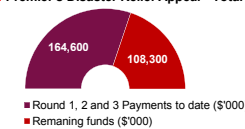


Figure 6.12: Round 1

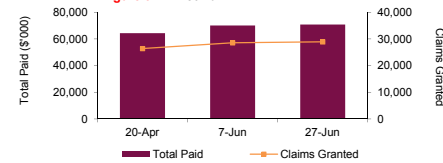


Figure 6.13: Round 2

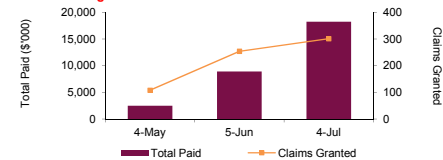


Figure 6.14: Round 3

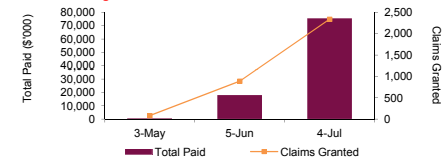
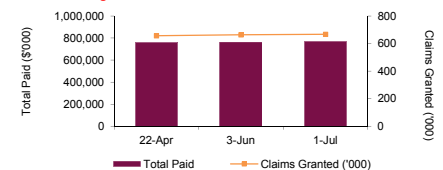


Figure 6.15: AGDRP



Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)

Administered by Centrelink

DIRS are available to assist employees, small businesses and farmers who have incurred a loss as a direct result of a natural disaster. \$469.70 is available for a single adult per fortnight (rates vary depending on relationship and children). See figure 6.16

Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA)

Administered by Centrelink

CYWA is available for employers (including businesses, primary producers and non-profit organisations) whose business has been affected by Cyclone Yasi, to help maintain their workforce. \$469.70 per fortnight is available for each full time equivalent employee for a maximum of 13 weeks. See figure 6.17

Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides up to \$60,000 of available assistance for sport and recreation clubs to re-establish facilities, and up to \$12,500 to repair or replace equipment that has been damaged in the floods. See figure 6.18

Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package

Administered by DEEDI

This package is designed to assist Queensland industries, businesses, apprentices and trainees affected by the floods or Cyclone Yasi, with a view to creating employment and training opportunities in affected locations. See figure 6.19

The Package comprises four key initiatives:

1. \$16.55 million to support local communities, industry, and coordinate employment and skills assistance.
2. \$39.30 million to provide employment and work placements on infrastructure and environmental restoration projects within local communities.
3. \$14.15 million to support employers in retaining and employing apprentices and trainees.
4. \$13.00 million committed for training to address priority skills development.

Disaster Income Recovery Subsidy

Administered by Centrelink

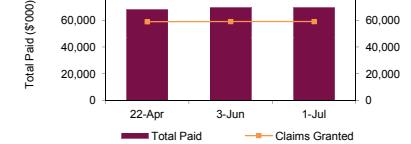


Figure 6.17: Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance

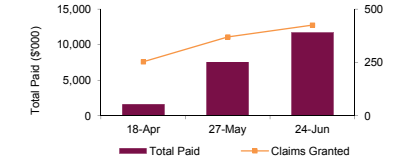


Figure 6.18: Sport Flood Fight Back

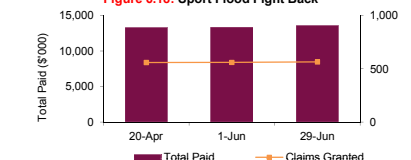
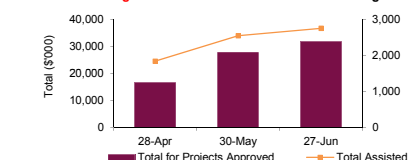


Figure 6.19: Disaster Jobs and Skills Package



Flood Recovery Package (FRP)

Administered by DEEDI

This program makes \$2.35 million available to provide assistance to primary producers in flood affected areas. This scheme is similar to the RRF, and includes assistance with clean-up initiatives, financial counselling, and biosecurity issues management.

Racetrack Recovery Assist

Administered by DEEDI

Under this program, \$2.35 million is available for racecourses and country track clubs to restore infrastructure following a natural disaster event, in order to meet health and safety standards. Additionally, it allows clubs to meet the shortfall from insurers.

Queensland Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

This scheme offers a legal support package to people affected by a disaster.

Tourism Industry Support Package

Administered by DEEDI

\$12 million (\$6 million from both the State and Commonwealth) has been allocated to this package which designed to assure all Australian's that many of Queensland's iconic destinations are largely unaffected by the floods. The funding is allocated towards an advertising campaign that is administered by a combination of Tourism Queensland, DEEDI, Commonwealth Department of Resources, Energy and Tourism, and Tourism Australia.

Glossary and Abbreviations

DEEDI	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation	FNQ	Far North Queensland
DoC	Department of Communities	NQ	North Queensland
QRAA	Queensland Rural Adjustment Authority	CQ	Central Queensland
AGDA	Australian Government Disaster Assist	SQ	Southern Queensland
		SEQ	South East Queensland

Sources and References

Figure 6.11: DoC as at 27 June 2011 (Round 1) and 6 July 2011 (Round 2 and 3, and Remaining Funds)

Figure 6.12: DoC as at 27 June 2011

Figure 6.13: DoC as at 6 July 2011

Figure 6.14: DoC as at 6 July 2011

Figure 6.15: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

Figure 6.16: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

Figure 6.17: Centrelink as at 24 June 2011

Figure 6.18: DoC as at 29 June 2011

Figure 6.19: DEEDI as at 27 June 2011

6. Grant Assistance

6.1 Queensland Disaster Assistance Framework

The available assistance schemes are separated between NDRRA and Non-NDRRA funding allocations. For reporting purposes the schemes are divided into the sections outlined below. A number of the grants available have been previously reported as headline metrics in section 3 and are repeated for completeness below.

Grant Assistance Available for Queensland Disasters		
	NDRRA	Non-NDRRA
Individuals and families	<p>Section 6.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Emergent Assistance Grants - Essential Household Contents Grants - Structural Assistance Grants • Essential Services and Safety Reconnection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Safety Inspections - Repairs • Additional Services 	<p>Section 6.5</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal • Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments
Local Governments, State Departments and Agencies	<p>Section 6.3</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Counter Disaster Operations • Restoration of Essential Public Assets • Queensland Local Council Package 	
Small Businesses, Primary Producers and Charities and Non-Profit Groups	<p>Section 6.4</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Concessional Loans • Grants • Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers • Rural Resilience Fund <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Operation Clean-up • Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations • Exceptional Concessional Loans 	<p>Section 6.6</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies • Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance • Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme • Tourism Industry Support Package • Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package • Racetrack Recovery Assistance • Flood Recovery Program • QLD Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

6.2 NDRRA: Individuals and Families

Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS)

Administered by DoC

PHAS grants support homeowners and tenants experiencing immediate hardship. The Scheme includes Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG), Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG) and Structural Assistance Grants (SAG).

Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG): The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance in the first few days following a natural disaster for immediate, unexpected needs such as temporary accommodation, food, essential clothing and medication. A grant of \$170 per person, up to a maximum of \$850 for a family of five or more, is available.

As at 29 June 2011, claims granted were approximately 55,600, amounting to approximately \$19.9 million. This figure has increased marginally over the past three reporting periods due to the nature of the grant. *See Figure 6.1*

Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG): The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance to replace household contents that have been lost or damaged as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance to replace the household contents, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

Offered to either a tenant or an owner-occupier, this grant provides up to \$1,705 for an individual adult and up to \$5,120 for couples or families less the amount paid out for the EAG.

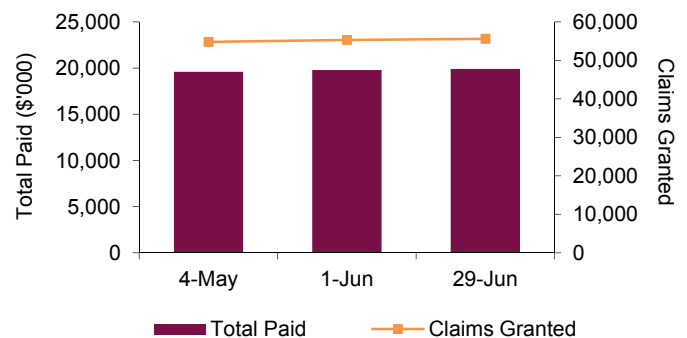
As at 29 June 2011, claims granted were approximately 10,000, amounting to \$14.9 million. This is an increase of approximately 300 in paid claims since 1 June 2011. *See Figure 6.2*

Structural Assistance Grants (SAG): The Structural Assistance Grant is to assist eligible homeowners return their home to a habitable and secure condition. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the property, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for these structural repairs, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

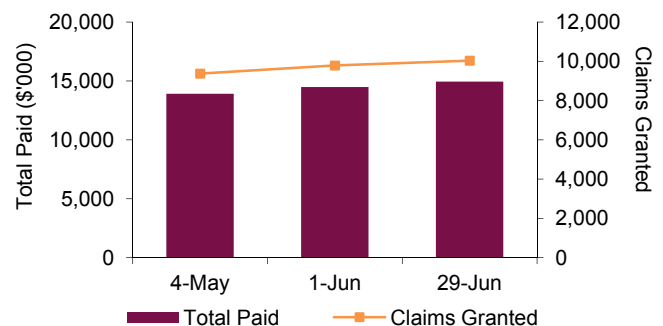
The grant provides up to \$10,500 for individuals and up to \$14,200 for a couple or family.

Figure 6.1: Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG)



Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011

Figure 6.2: Essential Household Contents Grants



Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011

Essential Services Safety and Reconnection (ESSR)

Administered by DoC

Safety Inspections and Repairs: The Essential Services Safety and Reconnection Grant (ESSR) is to assist homeowners reconnect essential services, such as electricity, water, gas or sewerage/septic systems, damaged by the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the home, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for reconnecting these essential services, and
- meet the income and assets test.

ESSR grants provide up to \$200 per service for safety inspections by accredited inspectors, and if deemed necessary, up to \$4,200 to meet the cost of repairing or reinstalling services to Australian Standards by qualified tradespeople. Safety inspection payments will be refunded to the homeowner and reinstatement costs will be paid directly to the repairer by the DoC.

As at 29 June 2011, claims granted were 721, amounting to approximately \$1.1 million. This represents an increase of 303 grants totalling approximately \$0.7 million since 1 June 2011.

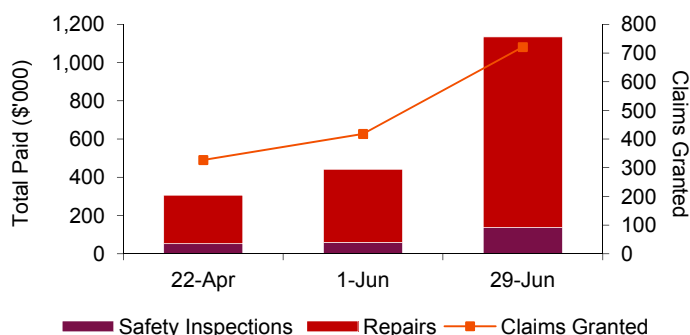
See Figure 6.3

Additional Services (AS)

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides additional community services, such as counselling, information and advice, accommodation and personal support to disaster affected residents. Eligible persons are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2 years. AS funding is variable depending on demand and is administered by DoC.

Figure 6.3: Essential Safety and Safety Reconnection



Source: AGDA as at 29 June 2011

6.3 NDRRA: Local Governments, State Departments and Agencies

NDRRA funding is available to LGAs and SDAs under the following categories:

- Counter Disaster Operations, and
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets.

As at 30 June 2011, the Authority is liaising with funding recipients to facilitate the processing of their NDRRA applications. In parallel, as at 30 June 2011, advance payments totalling \$894.3 million had been provided to LGAs and SDAs to assist in planning their reconstruction priorities.

6.4 Small Businesses, Primary Producers, and Charities and Non-Profit Groups

Concessional Loans

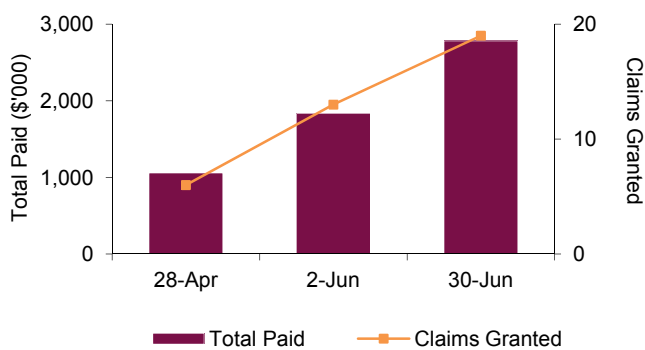
Administered by QRAA

Two types of concessional loan facilities of up to \$250,000 are available to eligible small businesses and primary producers. Both types of loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of small businesses and primary producers in recovering from substantial natural disasters.

As at 30 June 2011, 53 loans had been disbursed, providing approximately \$7.5 million to small businesses and primary producers. This represents an increase of 14 loans totalling approximately \$2.3 million since 2 June 2011.

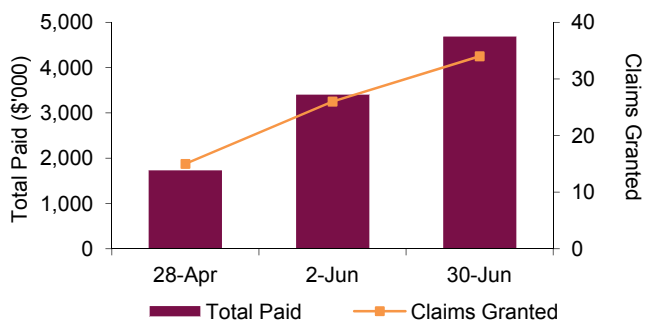
See Figure 6.4 and Figure 6.5

Figure 6.4: Small Businesses



Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Figure 6.5: Primary Producers



Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Grants

Administered by QRAA

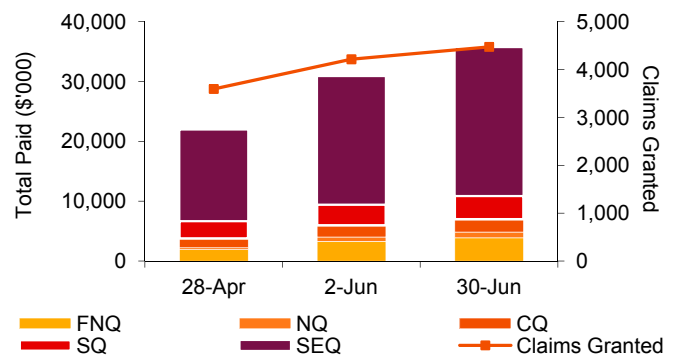
Three types of grants of up to \$25,000 are available to small businesses, primary producers and charities and non-profit groups.

Small Businesses: Small business grants are designed to cover the cost of clean-up and restoration to assist small businesses which have suffered direct damage as a result of the natural disasters. Grants may also be provided to assist with the costs

of relocation to temporary premises in cases where immediate re-opening of damaged premises is not possible.

As at 30 June 2011, grants to small business amounted to 4,500, totalling approximately \$35.7 million. This represents an increase of approximately 300 claims totalling \$4.7m since 2 June 2011. See Figure 6.6

Figure 6.6: Small Businesses



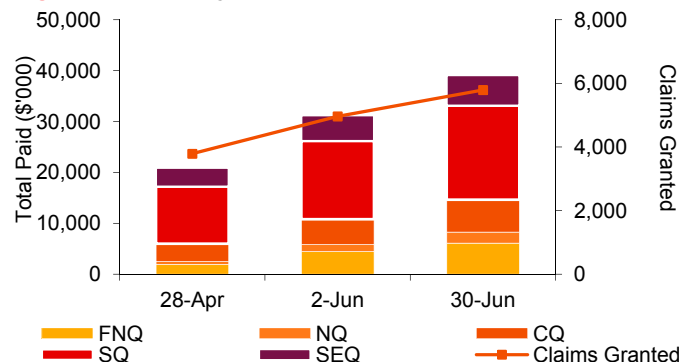
Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Primary Producers: Primary producer grants are designed to provide short term targeted assistance for clean-up, removal of debris, disposal of dead livestock and further restoration following a natural disaster event. The grants are provided in cases where the impact on the farming sector has been particularly severe and could result in production and viability being disrupted beyond the current season.

As at 30 June 2011, claims granted were approximately 5,800 totalling \$39.1 million. This represents an increase of 800 claims totalling approximately \$8.1 million since 2 June 2011.

See Figure 6.7

Figure 6.7: Primary Producers



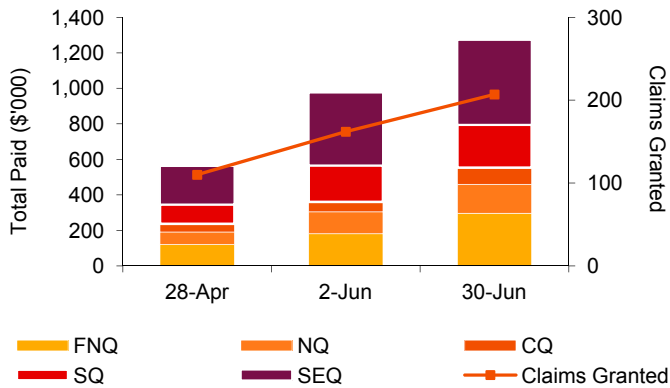
Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Charities and Non-Profit Groups: Charities and non-profit grants are designed to assist eligible organisations pay for costs arising out of direct damage caused by the Floods and Tropical Cyclone Yasi.

As at 30 June 2011, 207 claims had been granted, totalling approximately \$1.3 million. This represents an increase of 45 claims totalling approximately \$0.3 million since 2 June 2011.

See Figure 6.8

Figure 6.8: Charities and Non-Profit Groups



Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Rural Resilience Fund (RRF)

Administered by DEEDI

The Federal and Queensland Governments are investing \$20 million to assist the recovery of rural economies and communities impacted by Tropical Cyclone Yasi.

The RRF will help fund business and community support activities by providing counselling, social, education, and clean-up services.

Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

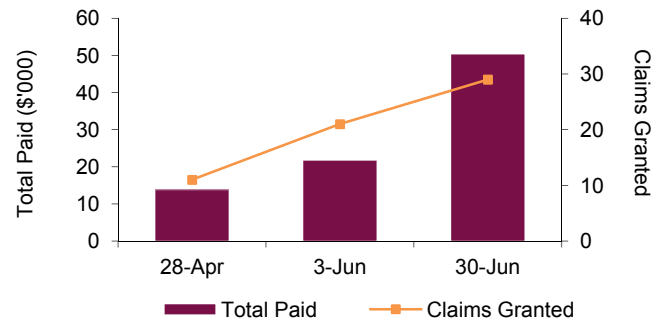
Administered by DEEDI

The freight subsidies provide for up to \$5,000 in assistance, which can be tailored to address specific deficiencies that have occurred as a direct consequence of an eligible natural disaster. The subsidies can be used for restocking movement, fencing and fodder movements.

As at 30 June 2011, 29 claims had been granted, totalling approximately \$50,000. This represents an increase of 8 grants totalling approximately \$28,000 since 3 June 2011.

See Figure 6.9

Figure 6.9: Freight Subsidies



Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

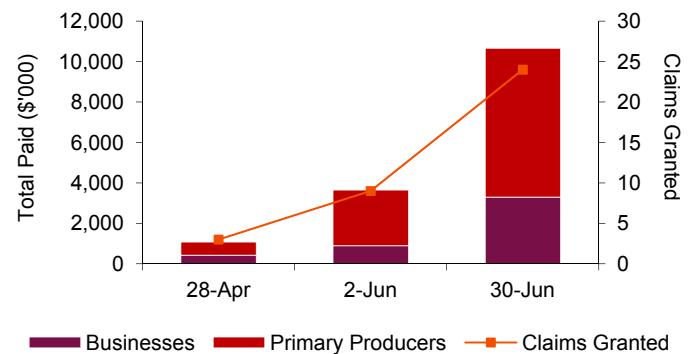
Exceptional Concessional Loans

Administered by QRAA

Exceptional concessional loan facilities are offered for small businesses, primary producers and charities and non-profit groups, and are available to those eligible in areas directly affected by a disaster.

As at 30 June 2011, 24 loans had been disbursed, totalling approximately \$10.7 million. See Figure 6.10

Figure 6.10: Exceptional Concessional Loans



Source: DEEDI as at 30 June 2011

Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

Administered by QRAA

Special Disaster Assistance Loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of associations to re-establish facilities following natural disaster damage. A combination of loans and grants of up to a maximum of \$100,000 (loan) and \$5000 (grant) are available.

6.5 Non-NDRRA: Individuals and Families

Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal

Administered by DoC

As at 6 July 2011, \$272.9 million had been contributed to the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal and claims granted totalled approximately \$164.6 million (Round 1: \$70.9 million, Round 2: \$18.2 million and Round 3: \$75.5 million). *See Figure 6.11*

The Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal provides assistance to individuals and families affected by the natural disasters. Payments are made over three payment rounds.

- Round 1 – Applications for Round 1 payments closed 31 March 2011 for Queensland Floods and 30 April 2011 for Cyclone Yasi. Round 1 payments provided \$2,000 per eligible adult and \$1,000 per dependent child.

See Figure 6.12

- Round 2 – Applications for funds are available for people whose homes have been destroyed or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing an initial payment of \$10,000 per home destroyed and additional assistance of up to \$140,000 per property. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:

- your principal place of residence was totally destroyed, or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. *See Figure 6.13*

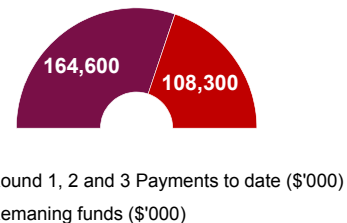
- Round 3 – Applications for funds are available for people whose homes have suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing \$5,000 towards rehousing or recovery requirements and additional assistance of up to \$75,000 depending on income and circumstances. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:

- your principal place of residence suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. *See Figure 6.14*

Full details on the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal are available at:

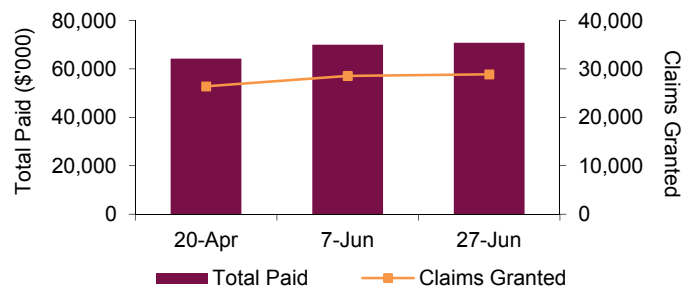
http://www.thepremier.qld.gov.au/initiatives/disaster_recovery

Figure 6.11: Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal - Total Paid



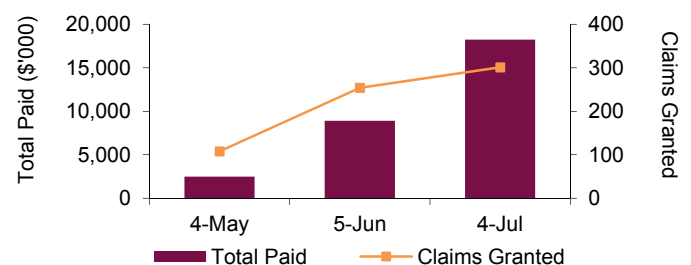
Source: DoC as at 27 June 2011 (Round 1) and 6 July 2011 (Round 2 and 3, and Remaining funds)

Figure 6.12: Round 1



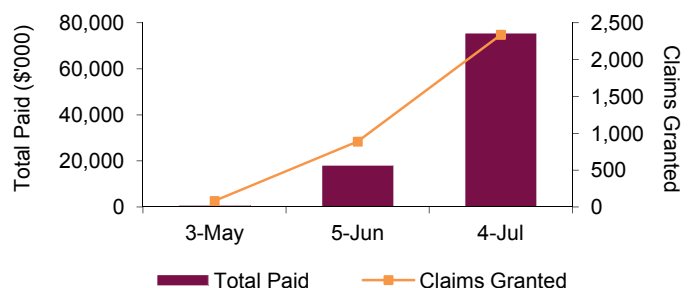
Source: DoC as at 27 June 2011

Figure 6.13: Round 2



Source: DoC as at 6 July 2011

Figure 6.14: Round 3



Source: DoC as at 6 July 2011

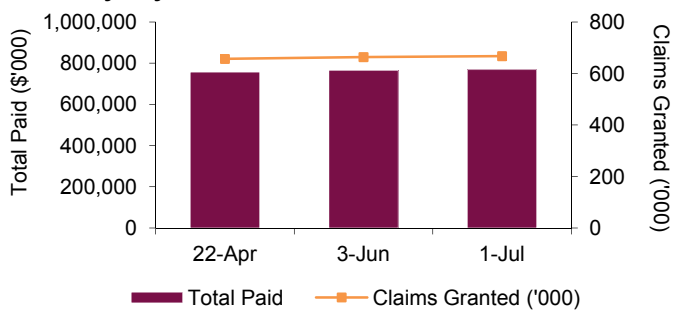
Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

Administered by Centrelink

The Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment (AGDRP) has been activated to assist people who have been adversely affected by natural disasters, providing up to a maximum of \$1000 per adult and \$400 per eligible child. This scheme is administered via Centrelink.

As at 1 July 2011, AGDRP claims granted were in excess of 667,000, totalling approximately \$768.6 million. Applications for these grants closed on 30 June 2011. **See Figure 6.15**

Figure 6.15: Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment



Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

6.6 Non-NDRRA: Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, and Charities and Non-Profit Groups

Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)

Administered by Centrelink

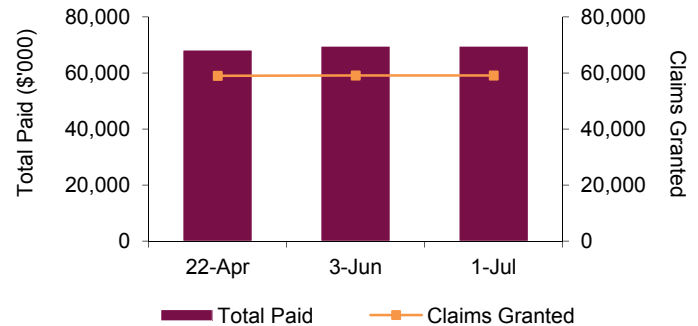
DIRS are available to assist employees, small businesses and farmers who have incurred a loss as a direct result of a natural disaster. Payments of \$469.70 are available for a single adult per fortnight (rates vary depending on relationship and children).

As at 1 July 2011, approximately 60,000 DIRS payments had been granted, totalling approximately \$69.5 million. Payments made have increased marginally since 3 June 2011.

See Figure 6.16

DEEDI, Commonwealth Department of Resources, Energy and Tourism and Tourism Australia.

Figure 6.16: Disaster Income Recovery Subsidy



Source: AGDA as at 1 July 2011

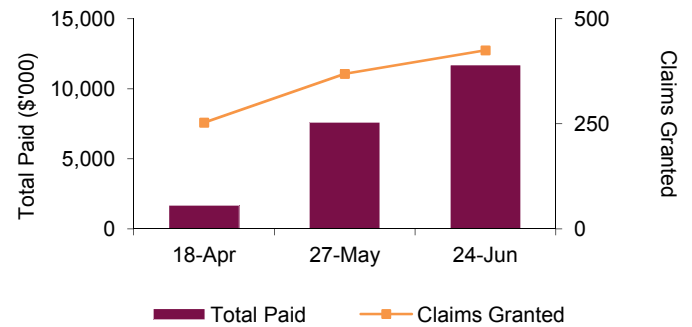
Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA)

Administered by Centrelink

CYWA payments are available for employers (including businesses, primary producers and non-profit organisations) whose business has been affected by Cyclone Yasi, to help maintain their workforce. Payments of \$469.70 per fortnight are available to each full time or full time equivalent employee up to a maximum of 13 weeks.

As at 24 June 2011, 425 wage assistance claims were granted, totalling approximately \$11.7 million. This represents an increase of 56 grants totalling approximately \$4.1 million since 27 May 2011. See Figure 6.17

Figure 6.17: Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance



Source: Centrelink as at 24 June 2011

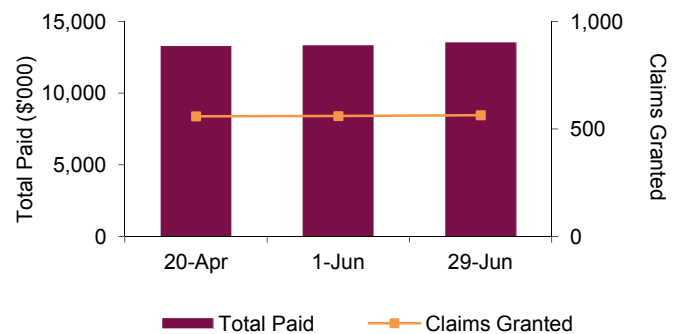
Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides up to \$60,000 of available assistance for sport and recreation clubs to re-establish facilities, and up to \$12,500 to repair or replace equipment that has been damaged in the floods.

As at 29 June 2011, claims granted were approximately 564, totalling \$13.6 million. This amount has not increased since 1 June 2011. See Figure 6.18

Figure 6.18: Sport Flood Fight Back



Source: DoC as at 29 June 2011

Tourism Industry Support Package

Administered by DEEDI

\$12 million (\$6 million from each of the State and Commonwealth) has been allocated to this package which is designed to assure all Australians that many of Queensland's iconic destinations are largely unaffected by the floods. The funding is allocated towards an advertising campaign that is being administered by a combination of Tourism Queensland,

Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package

Administered by DEEDI

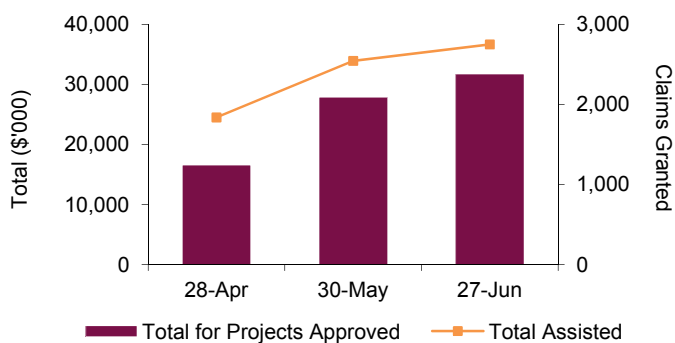
The Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package is designed to assist Queensland industries, businesses, and apprentices and trainees affected by the floods or Cyclone Yasi, with a view to creating employment and training opportunities in affected locations.

The Package comprises four key initiatives:

- \$16.6 million to support local communities, industry, and coordinate employment and skills assistance.
- \$39.3 million to provide employment and work placements on infrastructure and environmental restoration projects within local communities.
- \$14.2 million to support employers in retaining and employing apprentices and trainees.
- \$13.0 million committed for training to address priority skills development.

As at 27 June 2011, total claims granted were approximately 2,750, totalling approximately \$31.7 million. This represents an increase of approximately 250 claims and \$11 million since 30 May 2011. *See Figure 6.19*

Figure 6.19: Disaster Jobs and Skills Package



Source: DEEDI as at 27 June 2011

Racetrack Recovery Assistance

Administered by DEEDI

Racetrack recovery assistance provides \$2.35 million for racecourses and country track clubs to repair disaster affected infrastructure in order to meet health and safety standards. The assistance will be provided as follows:

- \$1.45 million to assist TAB and Strategic Non-TAB race clubs. The following racing venues have been identified for assistance:
 - Ipswich
 - Cairns
 - Albion Park
 - Rockhampton, and
 - Townsville.

The final payment amount to these clubs will be dependent of the progress of insurance claims.
- \$0.2 million to assist Non-Strategic Non-TAB clubs, and
- \$0.7 million to assist Non-TAB race clubs to meet Racing Queensland's Minimum Venue and Equipment Standards.

Flood Recovery Program (FRP)

Administered by DEEDI

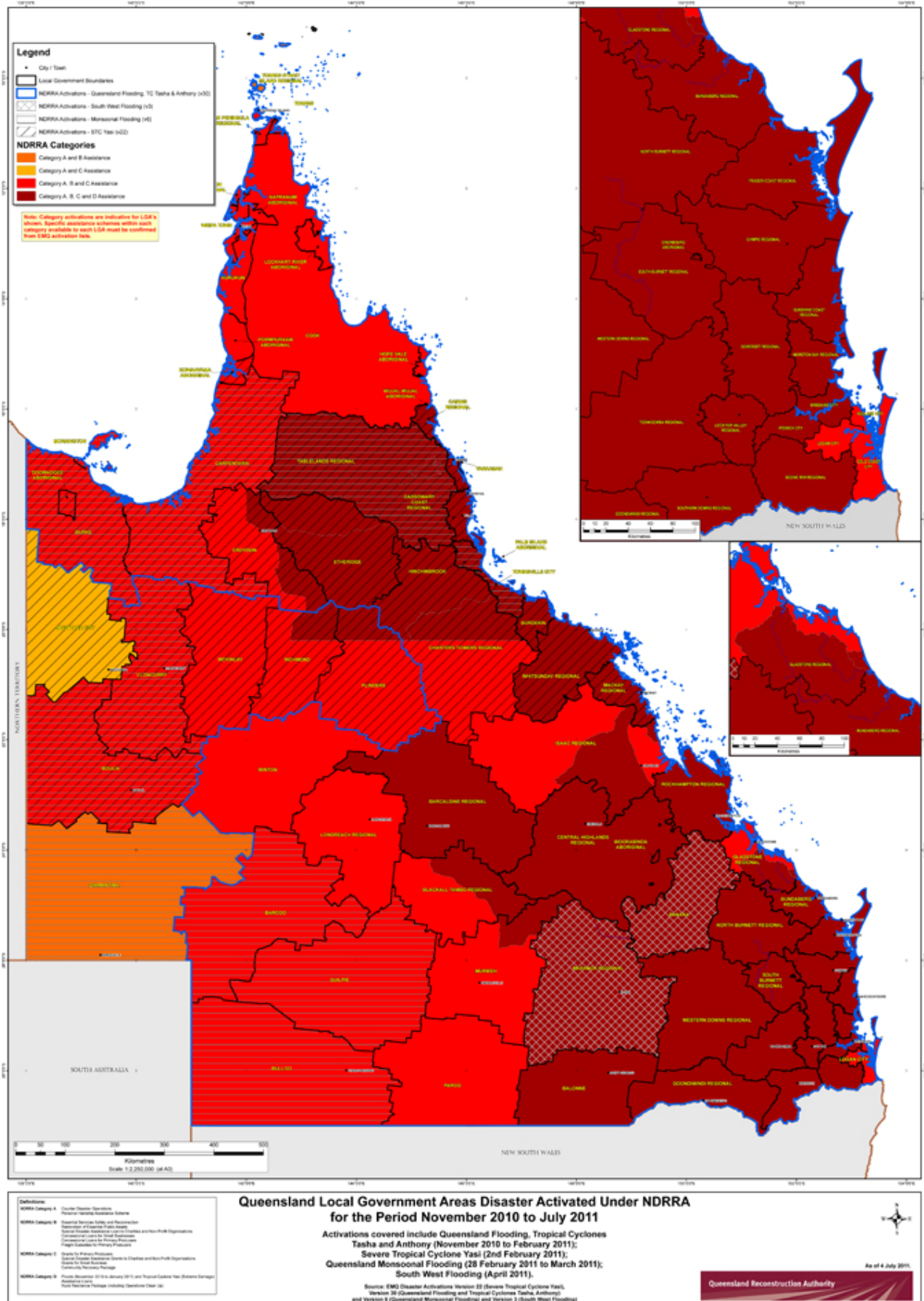
Similar to the RRF, the FRP has been allocated \$2.35 million to assist primary producers in flood affected areas. This program is administered by DEEDI and provides for assistance with clean-up initiatives, financial counselling, and biosecurity issues management.

QLD Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

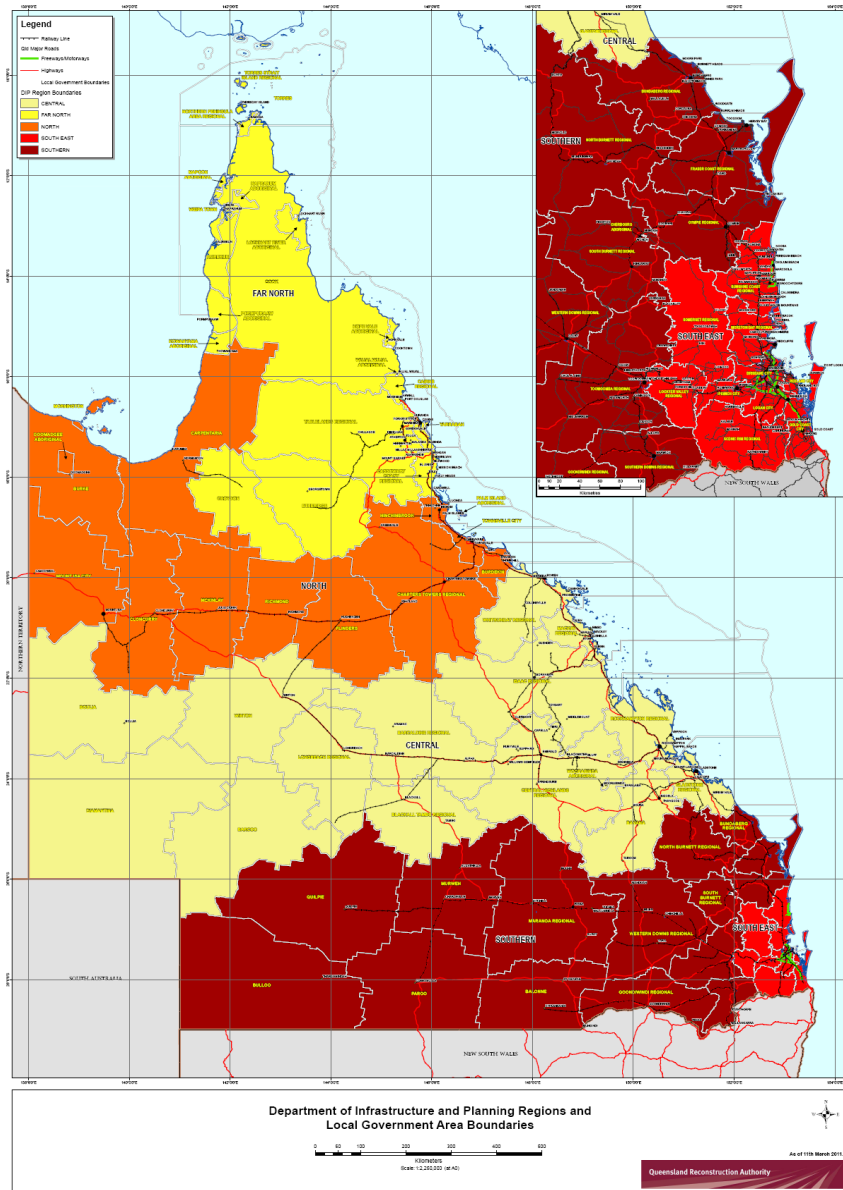
Administered by Legal Aid Queensland

This program of assistance provides legal support to people affected by a disaster.

Appendix A: NDRRA Activations by Region



Appendix B: Local Government Areas by Region



Region	Local Government Areas		
South East Queensland (SEQ)	Brisbane City Gold Coast City Ipswich City Lockyer Valley Regional	Logan City Moreton Bay Regional Redland City Scenic Rim Regional	Somerset Regional Sunshine Coast Regional
Southern Queensland (SQ)	Balonne Shire Bulloo Shire Bundaberg Regional Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Fraser Coast Regional	Goondiwindi Regional Gympie Regional Maranoa Regional Murweh Shire North Burnett Regional Paroo Shire	Quilpie Shire South Burnett Regional Southern Downs Regional Toowoomba Regional Western Downs Regional
Central Queensland (CQ)	Banana Shire Barcaldine Regional Barcoo Shire Blackall Tambo Regional Boulia Shire	Central Highlands Regional Diamantina Shire Gladstone Regional Isaac Regional Longreach Regional	Mackay Regional Rockhampton Regional Whitsunday Regional Winton Shire Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire
North Queensland (NQ)	Burdekin Shire Burke Shire Carpentaria Shire Charters Towers Regional Cloncurry Shire	Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Flinders Shire Hinchinbrooke Shire McKinlay Shire Mornington Shire	Mount Isa City Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Richmond Shire Townsville City
Far North Queensland (FNQ)	Aurukun Shire Cairns Regional Cassowary Coast Regional Cook Shire Croydon Shire Etheridge Shire Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire	Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Napranum Aboriginal Shire Northern Peninsula Area Regional	Pompuraaw Aboriginal Shire Tablelands Regional Torres Shire Torres Strait Island Regional Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire

Appendix C: NDRRA Instruments of Declaration

C.1 Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011



Event Timing and Location –

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding commencing in November 2010 to February 2011.

Assistance Activated –

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Category D relief measure (refer Appendix Two)
- Counter Disaster Operations
- Concessional Loans for Small Business
- Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- Community Recovery Package
- Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations
- Essential Services Safety and Reconnection
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- Grants to Small Business
- Grants to Primary Producers
- Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

* Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:

<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Disaster%20Relief%20Recovery%20Arrangements%20Guidelines%202009-2010.pdf>

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

"Communities within Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, November 2010 – February 2011".

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

Appendix One

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Arukun Shire Council	activated 21/03/11			activated 21/03/11				activated 20/05/11				
Balonne Shire Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Banana Shire Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 21/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Barcardine Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Barcoo Shire Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Blackall-Tambo Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√6 (specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√6 (specified area) activated 20/01/11
Brisbane City Council	activated 07/01/11	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Bulloo Shire Council	activated 10/12/10			activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Bundaberg Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Burdekin Shire Council	activated 28/12/10							activated 20/05/11				
Burke Shire Council	activated 05/01/11			activated 05/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Cairns Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Carpentaria Shire Council	activated 04/01/11			activated 04/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Central Highlands Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 06/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 21/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	activated 28/12/10							activated 20/05/11				
Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 30/12/10	activated 14/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 19/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Cook Shire Council	activated 05/01/11			activated 05/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Croydon Shire Council	activated 10/01/11			activated 07/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Etheridge Shire Council	activated 14/01/11			activated 14/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Fraser Coast Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Gladstone Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√1 (Specified area) activated 12/01/11. Further specified areas activated 20/04/11	activated 28/2/11	√1 (Specified area) activated 12/01/11. Further specified areas activated 20/04/11
Gold Coast City Council	activated 07/12/10			activated 07/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Goondiwindi Regional Council	activated 24/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√2 Activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√2 activated 20/01/11
Gympie Regional Council	activated 10/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	activated 28/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 14/01/11			activated 14/01/11				activated 20/05/11				

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Ipswich City Council	activated 28/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Isaac Regional Council	activated 07/12/10			activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√3 (Specified area) activated 06/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√3 (Specified area) activated 06/01/11
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 10/03/11			activated 10/03/11				activated 20/05/11				
Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Lockyer Valley Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Logan City Council	activated 28/12/10			activated 07/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Longreach Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10		activated 28/2/11	
Mackay Regional Council	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11			activated 20/05/11			activated 28/2/11	
Masoon Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 28/02/11			activated 28/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Maranoa Regional Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 07/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√4 (Specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√4 (Specified area) activated 20/01/11
Moreton Bay Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Mornington Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Murweh Shire Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 07/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√5 (Specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√5 (Specified area) activated 20/01/11
Napranm Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
North Burnett Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 18/01/11			activated 18/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Paroo Shire Council	activated 10/12/10			activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Porpuraaw Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 31/01/11			activated 31/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Quilpie Shire Council	activated 10/12/10			activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Redland City Council	activated 07/01/11			activated 24/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Rockhampton Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 04/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 06/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 06/01/11
Scenic Rim Regional Council	activated 07/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Somerset Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
South Burnett Regional Council	activated 24/12/10	activated 14/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Southern Downs Regional Council	activated 28/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/06/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Sunshine Coast Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Tablelands Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Toowoomba Regional Council	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 21/01/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 20/05/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 05/01/11	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 05/01/11
Torres Shire Council	✓ activated 10/01/11			✓ activated 07/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				
Torres Strait Island Regional Council	✓ activated 14/01/11			✓ activated 14/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				
Townsville City Council	✓ activated 28/12/10			✓ activated 05/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				
Western Downs Regional Council	✓ activated 24/12/10	✓ activated 28/12/10	✓ activated 21/01/11	✓ activated 24/12/10	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 20/05/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 03/01/11	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 03/01/11
Whitsunday Regional Council	✓ activated 10/01/11			✓ activated 10/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				
Winton Shire Council	✓ activated 19/01/11			✓ activated 19/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				
Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ activated 30/12/10			✓ activated 18/01/11	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 20/05/11	✓ activated 30/12/10	✓ activated 03/01/11	✓ activated 28/2/11	✓ activated 03/01/11
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ activated 28/01/11			✓ activated 28/01/11				✓ activated 20/05/11				

- 1: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Gladstone Regional Council (Boyne River, Kolan River and Baffle Creek). Area increased on 20/04/11 to include east of Baffle Creek Catchment and south of the Palm Grove Road and the Deepwater National Park.
- 2: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Goodwind Regional Council (west of the Lachard Highway) activated 12/01/11. Entire local council area activated 20/01/11
- 3: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for the south-east portion of Isaac Regional Council defined as "west of the Sarina Marlborough Road, south of the Peak Downs Highway and east of the Gregory Highway"
- 4a): Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Maranoa Regional Council (south of the Condama-Roma Road and the Dunkeld Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliqu Road to the Balonne Shire boundary) 12/01/11.
- b) Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for the northern section of the Maranoa Regional Council commencing at the eastern boundary on the Taroom Injune Road, west by this road to Injune, north on the Camarvon Highway to the Wamboonbank Gap Road, west by this road to the Camarvon National Park Road, south by this road to the Redford Forestvale Road, west by this road to the western Maranoa Regional Council boundary near Hoganthulla Creek activated 20/01/11. Entire local council activated 10/03/11
- 5: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for the north-eastern section of Marweh Shire Council south along the Landsborough Highway from the Blackall Tambo Regional Council boundary to the Mt Taber Road, then east along the Mt Taber Road to the Maranoa Regional Council boundary at Hoganthulla
- 6: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Blackall Tambo Regional Council east of the Landsborough Highway

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

Appendix Two

CATEGORY D RELIEF MEASURES – Queensland Flooding, Tropical Cyclone Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011	
LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
Balonne Shire Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Banana Shire Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Barcaldine Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Barcoo Shire Council	
Blackall-Tambo Regional Council	✓ ¹ (specified area) activated 25/02/11
Brisbane City Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Bulloo Shire Council	
Bundaberg Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Burdekin Shire Council	
Burke Shire Council	
Cairns Regional Council	
Carpentaria Shire Council	
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	
Central Highlands Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	
Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Cook Shire Council	
Croydon Shire Council	
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	
Etheridge Shire Council	
Flinders Shire Council	
Fraser Coast Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Gladstone Regional Council	✓ ² (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Gold Coast City Council	

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

CATEGORY D RELIEF MEASURES – Queensland Flooding, Tropical Cyclone Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011	
LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
Goondiwindi Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Gympie Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	
Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire Council	
Ipswich City Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Isaac Regional Council	✓ ³ (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Council	
Lockyer Valley Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Logan City Council	
Longreach Regional Council	
Mackay Regional Council	
Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Council	
Maranoa Regional Council	✓ ⁴ (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Moreton Bay Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Mornington Shire Council	
Murweh Shire Council	✓ ⁵ (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Napranum Aboriginal Shire Council	
North Burnett Regional Council	✓ activated 03/03/11
Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council	
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	
Paroo Shire Council	
Pormpuraaw Aboriginal Shire Council	
Quilpie Shire Council	
Redland City Council	

Version Thirty (30)

Current as at 20 May 2011

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

CATEGORY D RELIEF MEASURES – Queensland Flooding, Tropical Cyclone Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011	
LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
Rockhampton Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Scenic Rim Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Somerset Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
South Burnett Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Southern Downs Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Sunshine Coast Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Tablelands Regional Council	
Toowoomba Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Torres Shire Council	
Torres Strait Island Regional Council	
Townsville City Council	
Western Downs Regional Council	activated 03/03/11 ✓
Whitsunday Regional Council	
Winton Shire Council	
Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 03/01/11 ✓
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	

1. Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Blackall Tambo Regional Council east of the Landsborough Highway.

2. Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Gladstone Regional Council (Boyne River, Kolan River and Baffle Creek)

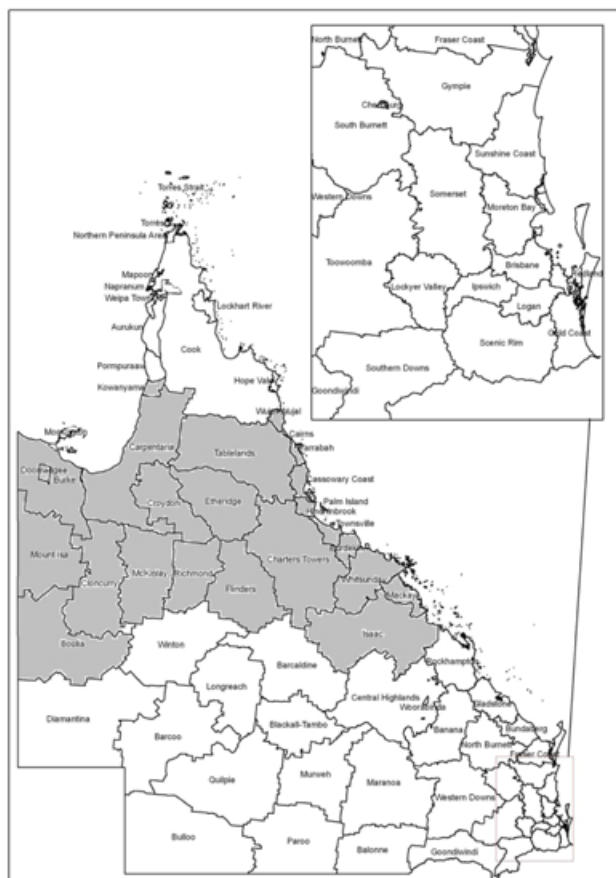
3. Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for the south-east portion of Isaac Regional Council defined as "west of the Sarina Marlborough Road, south of the Peak Downs Highway and east of the Gregory Highway"

4. Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Maranoa Regional Council (south of the Condamine-Roma Road and the Dunkeld Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Dikqui Road to the Belmont Shire boundary) activated 12/01/11. Entire local council area activated 10/03/11.

5. Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for the north-eastern section of Murweh Shire Council south along the Landsborough Highway from the Blackall Tambo Regional Council boundary to the Mt Tabor Road, then east along the Mt Tabor Road to the Maranoa Regional Council boundary at Hogenthula

C.2 Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi

Disaster Event – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011



Event Timing and Location –
Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi commencing
on 2 February 2011 in North Queensland.

Assistance Activated –
The Minister for Police, Corrective Services
and Emergency Services, The Honourable
Neil Roberts MP activated the
Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief
and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Category D – Relief measures (refer Appendix Two)
- Counter Disaster Operations
- Concessional Loans for Small Business
- Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- Community Recovery Package
- Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations
- Essential Services Safety and Reconnection
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- Grants to Small Business
- Grants to Primary Producers
- Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

* Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:
<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Disaster%20Relief%20Recovery%20Arrangements%20Guidelines%202009-2010.pdf>

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

“Communities within Queensland affected by Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 02 February 2011”

Disaster Event – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

Appendix One

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Boulla Shire Council	✓ Activated 22/02/11			✓ Activated 22/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Burdekin Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Burke Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 08/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Cairns Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Carpentaria Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 08/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 05/02/11	✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ ¹ (specified area activated 22/02/11)	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ ¹ (specified area activated 22/02/11)
Cioncurry Shire Council	✓ Activated 07/02/11			✓ Activated 08/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Croydon Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ ⁴ (specified area activated 10/03/11)	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ ⁴ (specified area activated 10/03/11)
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11						✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Etheridge Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ ² (specified area activated 22/02/11)	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ ² (specified area activated 22/02/11)
Flinders Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 22/02/11	✓ Activated 22/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 22/02/11	✓ ³ (specified area activated 22/02/11)		✓ ³ (specified area activated 22/02/11)
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 05/02/11	✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Isaac Regional Council						✓ Activated 27/06/11	✓ Activated 27/06/11		✓ Activated 27/06/11	✓ ⁶ (specified area activated 27/06/11)		✓ ⁶ (specified area activated 27/06/11)
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 10/03/11			✓ Activated 10/03/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Mackay Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 24/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 05/05/11		✓ Activated 05/05/11
McKinlay Shire Council	✓ Activated 07/02/11			✓ Activated 08/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Mount Isa City Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11						✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Richmond Shire Council	✓ Activated 14/03/11			✓ Activated 14/03/11	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 10/03/11	✓ ⁵ (specified area activated 10/03/11)	✓ Activated 18/03/11	✓ ⁵ (specified area activated 10/03/11)
Tablelands Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Townsville City Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 05/02/11	✓ Activated 08/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Whitsunday Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 05/05/11		✓ Activated 05/05/11
Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11				✓ Activated 20/05/11				
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/02/11	✓ Activated 02/02/11		✓ Activated 10/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 20/05/11	✓ Activated 07/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 28/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11

1. Charters Towers Regional Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south between the Flinders Shire border and Pentlands – Gregory Springs Road, and north of a line following down the Basalt River, up the Burdekin River and the Star River, and north of the Harvey Range Road between the Star River and the Townsville City Council border) activated 22/02/11. Area increased 10/03/11 (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south).
2. Etheridge Shire Council (south of the Gulf Developmental Road, and including Inorunie Station and east of Chillagoe Road) activated 22/02/11. Entire local council area activated 10/03/11.
3. Flinders Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south)
4. Croydon Shire Council (east of the Croydon Richmond Road, and north of the Gulf Development Highway east of longitude 142 degrees east)
5. Richmond Shire Council (north latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south and east of the Croydon Richmond Road)
6. Isaac Regional Council (east of Connors Range and north of Oaky Creek)

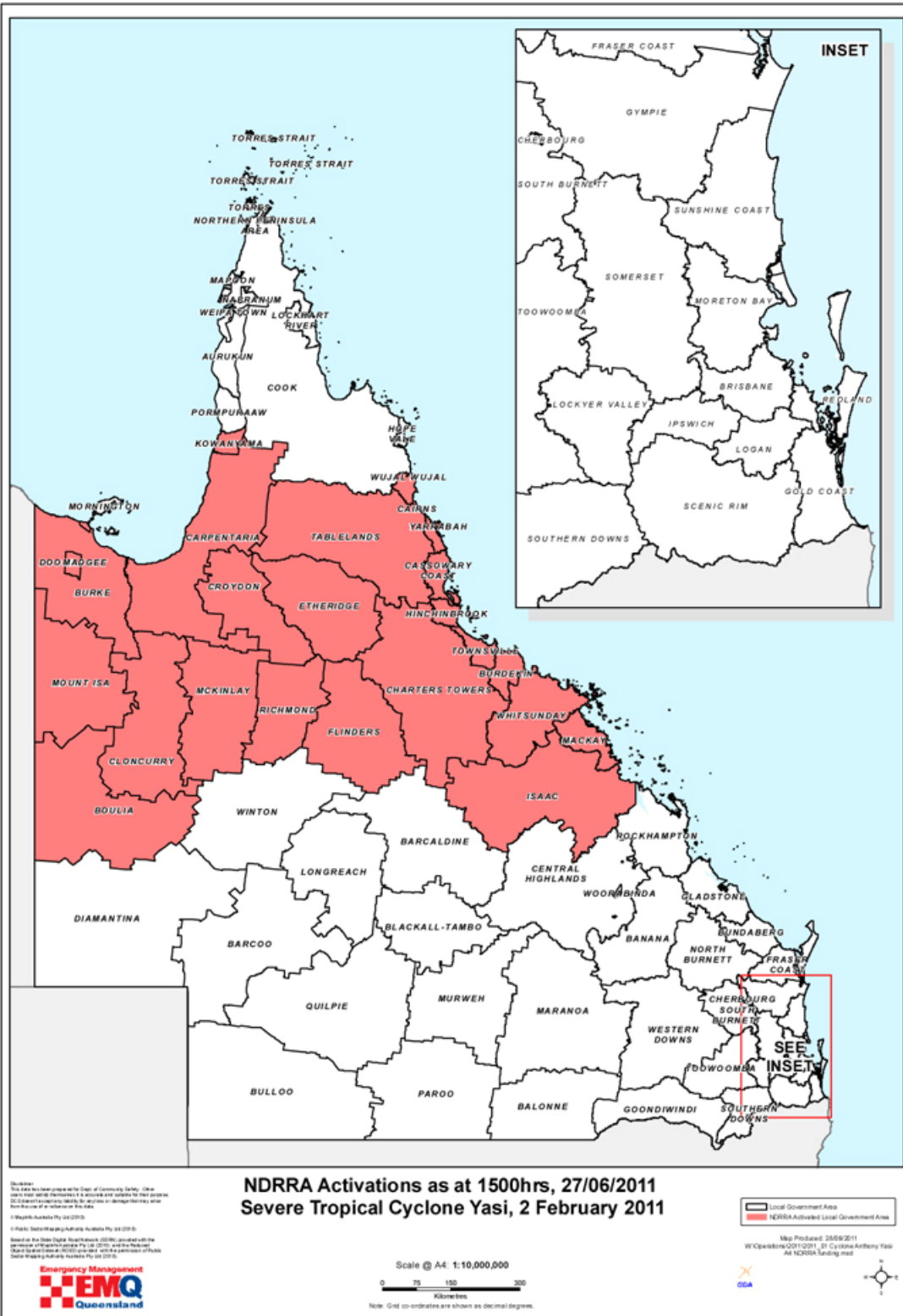
Disaster Event – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

Appendix Two

CATEGORY D RELIEF MEASURES – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans	Rural Resilience Package (including Operations Clean up)
Boulia Shire Council		
Burdekin Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/03/11	
Burke Shire Council		
Cairns Regional Council	✓ Activated 02/03/11	✓6 (specified area activated 19/03/11)
Carpentaria Shire Council		
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	✓1 (specified area activated 25/02/11)	✓1 (specified area activated 25/02/11)
Cloncurry Shire Council		
Croydon Shire Council	✓2 (specified area activated 13/03/11)	
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council		
Etheridge Shire Council	✓3 (specified area activated 25/02/11)	✓3 (specified area activated 25/02/11)
Flinders Shire Council	✓4 (specified area activated 25/02/11)	✓4 (specified area activated 25/02/11)
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓ Activated 16/02/11
Isaac Regional Council	✓8 (specified area activated 24/06/11)	
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council		
Mackay Regional Council	✓ Activated 09/05/11	
McKinlay Shire Council		
Mount Isa City Council		
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/03/11	
Richmond Shire Council	✓5 (specified area activated 13/03/11)	
Tablelands Regional Council	✓ Activated 16/02/11	✓7 Activated (specified area activated 16/02/11)
Townsville City Council	✓ Activated 02/03/11	
Whitsunday Regional Council	✓ Activated 09/05/11	
Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Council		
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	✓ Activated 02/03/11	

- Charters Towers Regional Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south between the Flinders Shire border and Pentlands – Gregory Springs Road, and north of a line following down the Basalt River, up the Burdekin River and the Star River, and north of the Harvey Range Road between the Star River and the Townsville City Council Boarder) activated 25/02/11. Area increased 10/03/11 (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south).
- Croydon Shire Council (east of the Croydon Richmond Road; and north of the Gulf Development Highway east of longitude 142 degrees east)
- Etheridge Shire Council (south of the Gulf Developmental Road, including Inorunie Station and east of Chillagoe Road) activated 25/02/11. Entire local council area activated 10/03/11
- Flinders Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south).
- Richmond Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south and east of the Croydon Richmond Road)
- Cairns Regional Council (south of 17 degrees, south latitude)
- Tablelands Regional Council (East of the Sundown-Springfield Road and Gingerella-Fossilbrook Rds from the southern boundary of the Tablelands Regional Council to Almaden. South of the Burke Developmental and Mareeba Dimbulah Rds from Almaden to Mareeba and south of the Kennedy Hwy running east to the Tablelands regional Council boundary. Primary producers who reside in the Mareeba Dimbulah Irrigation Area (MDIA) may also be eligible).
- Isaac Regional Council (East of Connors Range and north of Oakey Creek).



C.3 Queensland Monsoonal Flooding

Disaster Event – Queensland Monsoonal Flooding, 28 February – March 2011



Event Timing and Location –

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding commencing on 28 February – March 2011

Assistance Activated –

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Counter Disaster Operations
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- Concessional Loans for Small Business
- Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

* Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:

<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Dis%20Relief%20%20Recovery%20Arrangements%202009-2010%20v1.0%20Final.pdf>

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

“Communities within Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, 28 February – March 2011”

Local Government areas:

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
Barcoo Shire Council	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Boulia Shire Council	✓		✓			
Bulloo Shire Council	✓		✓			
Burke Shire Council	✓		✓			
Carpentaria Shire Council	✓		✓			
Cloncurry Shire Council	✓		✓			
Diamantina Shire Council	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	✓					
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	✓		✓			
Mornington Shire Council	✓		✓			
Quilpie Shire Council	✓		✓			
Tablelands Regional Council	✓		✓			
Townsville City Council	✓		✓			

Version Six (6)

Current as at 1 July 2011

C.4 South West Flooding

Disaster Event – South West Flooding, April 2011



Event Timing and Location –

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding in April 2011.

Assistance Activated –

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Counter Disaster Operations
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets

* Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:

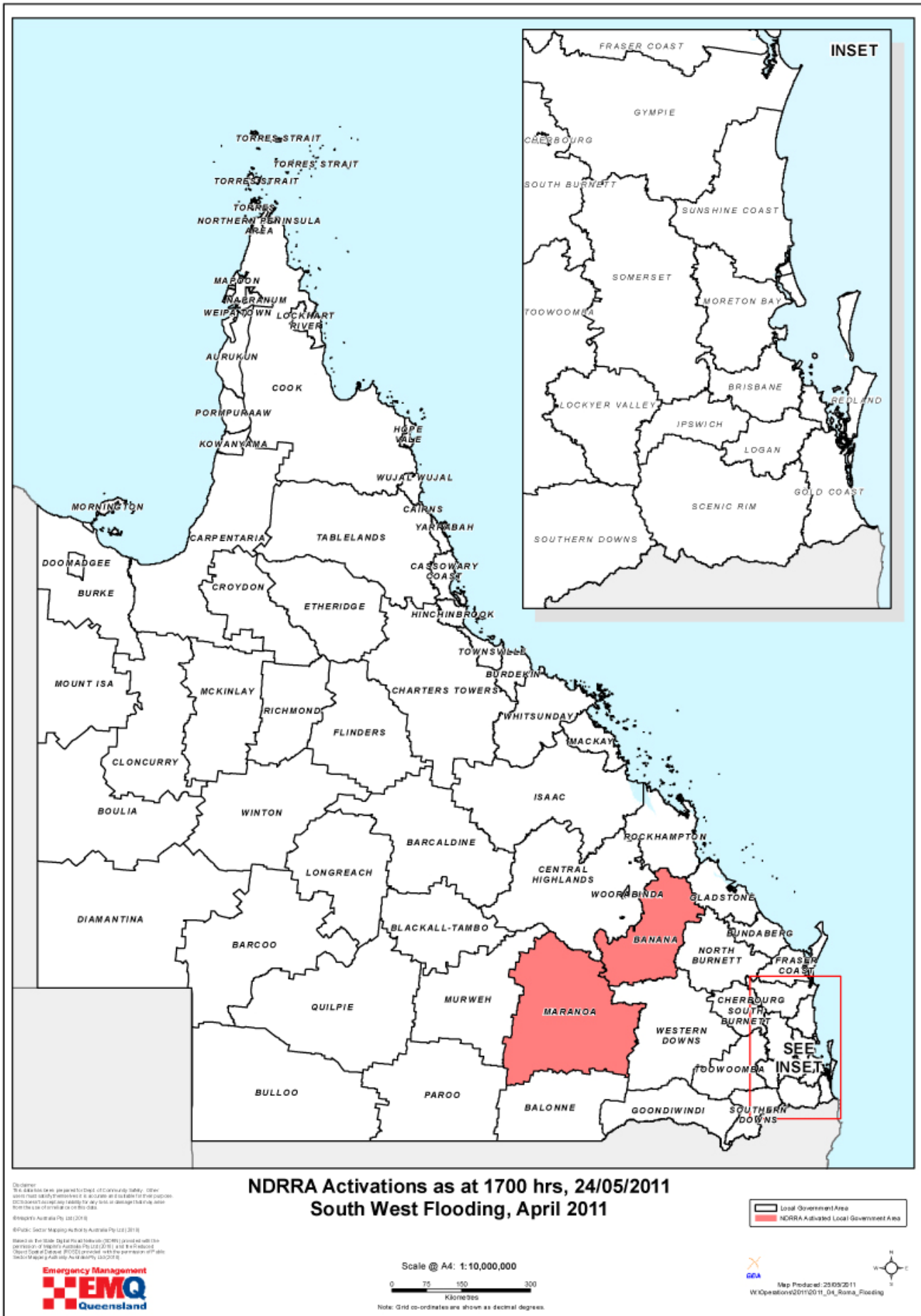
<http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Dis%20Relief%20%20Recovery%20Arrangements%202009-2010%20v1.0%20Final.pdf>

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

“Communities within South West Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, April 2011”.

Local Government areas:

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Restoration of Essential Public Assets
Maranoa Regional Council	✓	✓	✓
Banana Shire Council			✓



Appendix D: Reconstruction Area: Grantham

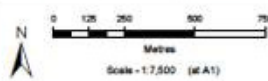


Queensland Reconstruction Authority
1800 110 841
www.qldreconstruction.org.au

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

MAP INFORMATION

Source: Based on satellite data
Digital Contour Database (DCDB) in support of National 911
Digital Elevation Modelling (DEM) project, Queensland Land
Use Planning & Design
Local Government Register Online
Geospatial
Topographic: Queensland Topographic Database (QTD) (2004)
Satellite: Australian Height Datum (2004) (AHD)
Projection: Map Grid of Australia (MGA94), which is a
modified Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) grid
projection in Zone 50 with Central Meridian 150° East



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**TOWN OF
GRANTHAM**
Population - 370
(Australian Bureau of
Statistics 2006)

RECONSTRUCTION AREA

DRAWING
NUMBER

**LGA4580-
0004-2**

DATE:
APRIL 2011



[The main body of the page contains a large, faint, and mostly illegible watermark or bleed-through text. The text is arranged in several horizontal lines across the page, but the characters are too light and blurry to be accurately transcribed. It appears to be a title or header for a document, possibly related to the "Operation Queenslanders" logo above.]