

JANUARY 2012

MONTHLY REPORT

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

Message from the Chief Executive Officer

Major General Richard Wilson
Chairman
Queensland Reconstruction Authority

Dear Major General Wilson

It is with pleasure that I present the January 2012 Monthly Report — the eleventh report to the Board of the Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority).

The Authority was established under the *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011* following the unprecedented natural disasters which struck Queensland over the summer months. The Authority is charged with managing and coordinating the Government's program of infrastructure renewal and recovery within disaster-affected communities.

The Authority's transition into the reconstruction phase of Operation Queenslander is now well progressed. During this phase the emphasis of the Authority's role will focus on working with our state and local government partners to deliver best practice expenditure of public reconstruction funds.

The January 2012 report contains the latest information that was available over the reduced reporting period due to the Christmas/ New Year period. A reflection on progress throughout 2011 highlights significant progress against each of the lines of reconstruction and project pipeline of works. In the pipeline across the State, there are now:

- \$2,752 million in reconstruction projects have been completed or are in market (under construction or out to tender), and
- \$905.5 million in near-market projects (projects that will soon be released to market).

The Authority will monitor the progress across the established lines of reconstruction throughout the reconstruction phase and provide the required resourcing and support to maintain the momentum of reconstruction.

Notable highlights for 2011 in the recovery and reconstruction phases include:

- in excess of \$906 million in financial assistant grants has been paid to those affected by the natural disasters comprising -
 - \$776 million 673.400 in Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments
 - \$70 million 60,000 Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies
 - \$43.5 million 67,622 Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme grants
 - \$3.4 million 332 Special Disaster Assistance grants, and
 - \$13.6 million 567 paid under the Sport and Recreation Flood Fightback Plan
- \$11.1 million in support has been provided through donations and 586 matches were made between corporate donors and community organisations and communities, through the Join Forces Program
- a Development Scheme for the Grantham Reconstruction Area was outlined and, on 22 November 2011, the first house was relocated to the estate. The new Grantham Estate was officially opened on 10 December 2011.
- 86 grant advances totalling \$1,083.1 million were made to Local Government Authorities and State Departments and Agencies
- \$161.7 million in grants has been paid to primary producers and small business to provide short-term assistance
- all 54 of Queensland's mines are now producing at between 80 100% capacity
- all 138 national parks that were closed are now open or partially open
- power was restored to over 480,000 homes and businesses
- approximately 81% insurance claims have been closed of the total of 130,666 insurance claims made
- Queensland Rail has completed recovery of the affected rail network
- the Port of Brisbane is fully operational and the Port of Bundaberg is now capable of taking ships up to 180 metres in length

I commend the report to you and recommend its release to the Minister and the public pursuant to Section 41 of the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act.

Yours sincerely

Graeme Newton
Chief Executive Officer

Queensland Reconstruction Authority

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Following a series of natural disasters in 2010 and 2011, Queensland suffered damage and destruction that extended across the State. *Operation Queenslander*, led by the Queensland Reconstruction Authority, is the State Plan that articulates Queensland's reconstruction strategy and the framework for recovery from these events.

1. Framing the Challenge

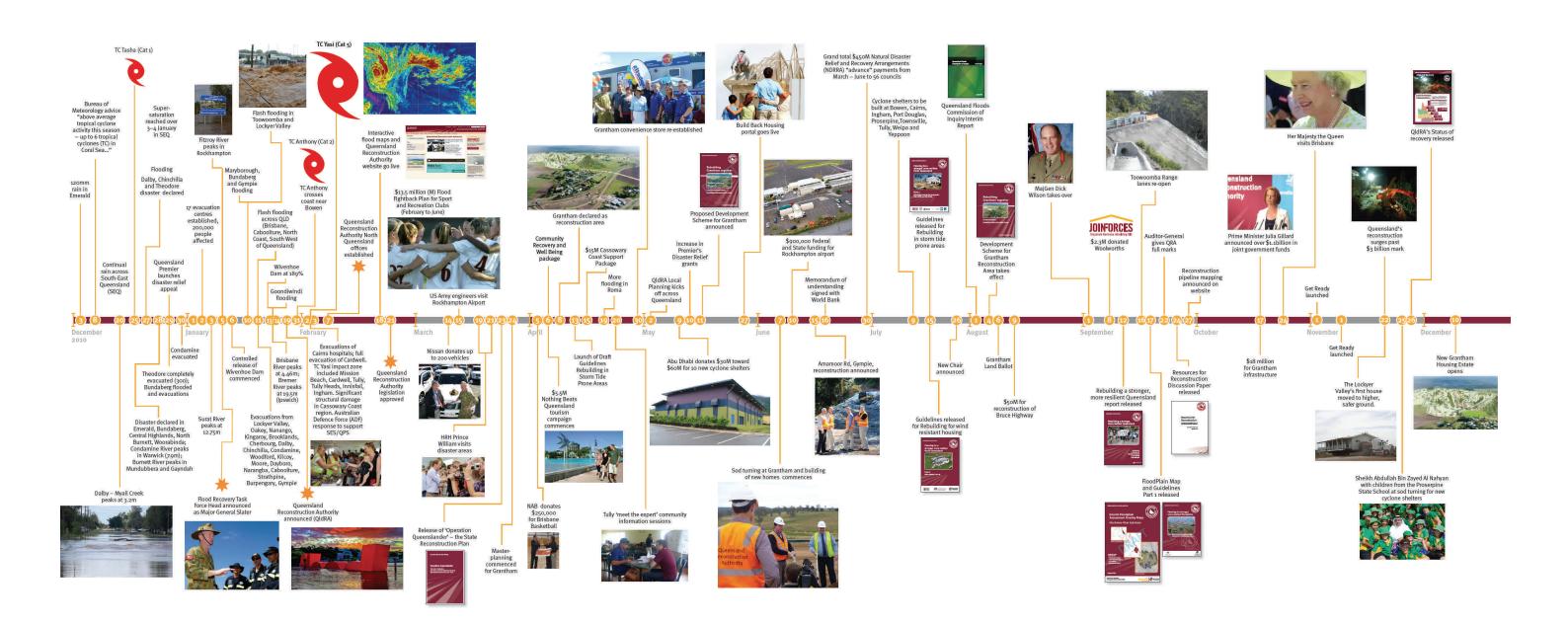
Between November 2010 and April 2011, Queensland was struck by a series of natural disasters. Extensive flooding caused by periods of extremely heavy rainfall, destruction caused by a number of storm cells including Cyclones Tasha, Anthony and Yasi, and subsequent monsoonal flooding including in the Maranoa, have resulted in all of Queensland being declared as disaster affected.

In response to the disaster events the Queensland Government established the Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority), pursuant to the *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011*. The Authority's mission is to reconnect, rebuild and improve Queensland communities and its economy.

The activities of the Authority occur under the auspices of a comprehensive and integrated State Community, Economic and Environmental Recovery and Reconstruction Plan, also known as *Operation Queenslander* (the State Plan or Plan). This Plan outlines a roadmap which is centred along six lines of reconstruction and provides strategic level guidance to reinforce the recovery work that has already begun and sets the framework for rebuilding and improving Queensland.

The Authority will be responsible for providing central coordination, control, funding and reporting across these activities. Responsibility for delivery will be decentralised across responsible agencies aligned with the six lines of reconstruction.

The natural disaster events that led to the creation of the Authority, and those that have occurred following the establishment of the Authority, are summarised on the following page.



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1.1 Declarations

In the period between November 2010 and April 2011, Commonwealth and State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) were activated in all Local Government Authorities (LGAs) in Queensland.

There were four disaster declarations which activated these measures, spanning a series of events:

- 'Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 to February 2011'
- 'Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi on 2 February 2011'
- 'Queensland Monsoonal Flooding Event on 28 February 2011', and
- 'South West Flooding, April 2011'.

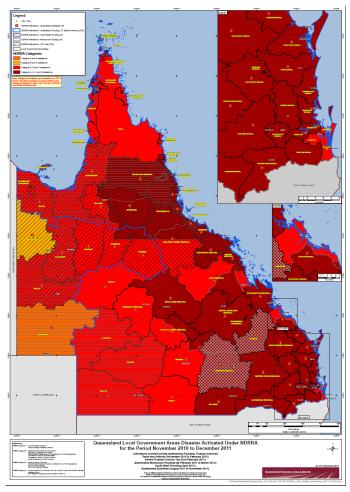
The third and fourth of these declarations were made following the establishment of the Authority. The NDRRA categories invoked by these declarations are detailed in the adjacent map and Appendix A

The LGAs that are incorporated in the regions illustrated in Figure 1.2 are detailed in Appendix B.

Copies of the instruments of declaration are provided in Appendix C.

A breakdown of the activations by month and region is shown below and illustrates the timing of the weather events in the various regions across Queensland. The various declarations highlight that:

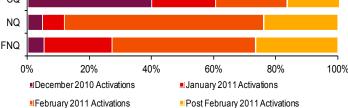
- during December 2010, Southern and Central Queensland were most impacted by the rain depression resulting from Cyclone Tasha
- in January 2011, South East Queensland was affected by the flooding
- in February 2011, North and Far North Queensland were hit by Cyclone Yasi
- post February 2011, monsoonal rains have caused further flooding impacts in regional Queensland and the Community Recovery Package has been made available to all LGAs, and
- In April 2011, an activation was declared for communities within South West Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding.
- On 20 October 2011, there was an additional declaration for the damaging bushfires occurring throughout Queensland from August to October 2011. NDRRA assistance relief has been made available to 42 LGAs. On 29 November 2011, the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services extended this activation to include November 2011.



Source: EMQ as at 12 December 2011

SEQ SQ CQ

Figure 1.2: NDRRA Activation Measures



Source: EMQ as at 6 July 2011

 On 21 December 2011, the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services approved the new activation for receipt of NDRRA relief measures for "Communities within Southern Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, November-December 2011." The Minister approved relief measures for restoration of public assets for the Balonne Shire Council and Goondiwindi Shire Council. Maranoa Shire Council was approved for relief measures on 22 December 2011.



Section two: The Queensland Reconstruction Authority

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority is responsible for the coordination and implementation of *Operation Queenslander* across Government Agencies, non-government organisations and key stakeholders. This section details the Authority's composition, scope of operation and reporting framework.

2. The Queensland Reconstruction Authority

2.1 Establishment

Legislation

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011 (the Act) established the Authority to monitor and coordinate the Government's program of infrastructure reconstruction and recovery within disaster-affected communities.

The Authority was formally established on 21 February 2011.

Minister

The Authority reports to the Premier, as Minister for Reconstruction, through the State Government's Disaster Recovery Cabinet Committee, and to the Board.

Board

The Board oversees the Authority. Membership of the Board consists of:

- Major General Richard Wilson (Chair) At 1 September 2011, Major General Wilson took over as Chair from Major General Mick Slater, who served as Chair of the Authority for eight months following its establishment in February.
 Major General Wilson will guide the reconstruction effort of the Authority until its task is complete in 2013.
- two members nominated by the Australian Government Mr Brad Orgill, Head of The Building the Education Revolution (BER) Implementation Taskforce, and Ms Glenys Beauchamp, Secretary of the Department of Regional Australia, Regional Development and Local Government.
- one person nominated by the Local Government Association of Queensland Mr Brian Guthrie, former CEO of Townsville City Council, and
- three other persons with expertise or experience in engineering, planning or another field considered appropriate by the Minister – former BP executive Ms Kathy Hirschfeld, former Director-General Main Roads, Mr Steve Golding, and Mr Jim McKnoulty, an expert in local government planning and development matters.

Functions and Powers

The functions of the Authority include:

- deciding priorities for community infrastructure and community services needed for the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- working closely with disaster-affected communities to ensure each community's needs are recognised in the rebuilding and recovery of the communities
- collecting and collating information about community infrastructure and other property, and community services, damaged or otherwise affected in a disaster event
- developing an arrangement for sharing data across all levels of government to facilitate effective and efficient exchange of information to facilitate the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- coordinating and distributing financial assistance for affected communities
- putting into effect the strategic priorities of the Board
- facilitating flood mitigation for affected communities and ensuring the rebuilding and recovery of affected communities is effectively and efficiently carried out and appropriate having regard to the nature of the disaster event, and
- if requested by the Minister, providing advice to effect recommendations of the Commission of Inquiry into the floods particularly any recommendations about flood mitigation or land use planning.

The Authority is not responsible for reviewing events or decisions leading up to the Brisbane floods. This is the responsibility of the Queensland Floods Commission of Inquiry.

Relationship with Commonwealth

As well as contributing 75% of all NDRRA funding, the Commonwealth Government has established oversight and accountability measures to ensure value for money is delivered in the rebuilding of disaster-affected regions. These include the following:

- the National Disaster Recovery Committee of Cabinet
- the National Disaster Recovery Taskforce, to provide specialist assistance and advice to Commonwealth Ministers involved in the flood recovery efforts and Commonwealth bodies
- the Prime Minister's Business Taskforce which brings together ten Australian business leaders to assist with business recovery and rebuilding efforts in Queensland, and
- the Australian Government Reconstruction Inspectorate to increase scrutiny and accountability of rebuilding projects.

These committees and taskforces will coordinate and liaise with the Authority.

2.2 Scope of Operations

Purpose

The purpose of the Authority is to monitor and coordinate the implementation of the State Plan across governmental agencies, non-government organisations and key stakeholders by:

- maintaining situational awareness of current and developing operations
- · overseeing the implementation of the State Plan, and
- coordinating donor support and expressions of interest.

Key tasks to be carried out by the Authority in achieving its purpose include:

- maintaining situational awareness of current and developing operations
- providing liaison between the Authority and key stakeholders such as Emergency Management Queensland, Queensland
 Police Service and government and non-government agencies
- assessing compliance of funding applications with relevant NDRRA and other criteria
- distributing funds for eligible projects
- measuring reconstruction performance through the collection and maintenance of data to enable reporting against key indicators
- project managing specific programs, projects and initiatives
- monitoring the success and specific recovery initiatives and implementing a post-activity reporting and learning loop communication process, and
- reviewing and assessing offers from international donors and providing recommendations about these to the Queensland Reconstruction Authority Board.

Lines of Reconstruction

The State Plan details six lines of reconstruction for which various Government Agencies have primary responsibility and who report on progress to the Authority. The six lines of reconstruction and the Department or Agency with primary responsibility for each are as follows:

Line of Reconstruction	Primary Responsibility
Human and Social - to restore and strengthen local human services and community capacity through provision of direct assistance individuals and communities, and supporting communities to drive and participate in their own recovery	Department of Communities (DoC)
Economic - to set the conditions to facilitate the rapid restoration of a competitive, sustainable Queensland economy	Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation (DEEDI)
Environment - to recover and conserve disaster-affected terrestrial and marine natural resources and ensure that reconstruction activities do not cause environmental harm	Department of Environment and Resource Management (DERM)
Building Recovery - to lead and coordinate the planning and implementation of all statewide building reconstruction functions	Department of Public Works (DPW)
Roads and Transport - to manage the recovery and reconstruction of Queensland's integrated transport environment in order to reconnect Queensland communities and economies	Department of Transport and Main Roads (DTMR)
Community Liaison and Communication - to gain and maintain the confidence of Queenslanders in the reconstruction effort, by providing a regular and consistent source of coordinated public information	Department of the Premier and Cabinet (DPC)

2.3 Queensland Reconstruction Authority Reporting Plan Reporting Roadmap

Reconstruction Recovery Transition Jan 11 - Jun 11 Jun 11 - Dec 12 Dec 12 - Dec 13 Authority established Execution of the Progressive reconstruction handover of Short-term recovery activities reconstruction operations responsibilities The Authority will Development and from the Authority monitor progress implementation of to other agencies across the six lines of State Plan reconstruction Phase ends when • Phase ends when disaster response milestones are activities are handed to advanced enough to the Authority for allow for transition reconstruction from the Authority to other agencies Reporting will occur throughout the three phases

Reporting Metrics

The State Plan contains a range of tasks and reporting metrics for each of the six lines of reconstruction.

Each month, progress reporting will occur against a series of headline metrics.

The sub-committees responsible for each line of reconstruction will adopt additional sub-tasks and sub-metrics contained in the State Plan as internal management and delivery tools.

Headline metrics for each of the six lines of reconstruction will be reviewed and modified periodically to ensure they are consistent with the activities associated with phase activity.

Information Sources

The Authority is responsible for collecting and maintaining data and for reporting against key performance indicators to measure reconstruction performance. The Authority will collect some information directly. Other information relating to activity across the six lines of reconstruction will be collected and reported to the Authority by the lead Agency responsible for each line of reconstruction sub-committee.

Reconstruction Phase Reporting

The reportable headline metrics are reviewed regularly in consultation with the lines of reconstruction sub-committees to ensure that they remain relevant to the activities of the Authority. The current reportable metrics are summarised in the table below:

Headline Metrics for Mont	hly Reporting			
Human and Social (Section 3.2)	Financial assistance for individuals and households affected by the disasters	Housing assistance where applicant was a victim of the disasters	Schools and community infrastructure opened	Financial assistance for charities and not-for-profit organisations that suffered damage
Economic (Section 3.3)	Financial assistance for small businesses and primary producers affected by the disasters	Coal export tonnage	Percentage growth employment	Tourism visitation numbers
Environment (Section 3.4)	Percentage of impacted resource projects operating within environmental authorities and discharge limits	National parks open for conservation management	Percentage of impacted water treatment and sewage plants (repairs completed and operating at predisaster capacity)	Natural resources management data
Building Recovery (Section 3.5)	Insurance data (number of claims, estimated reserved value and claims paid)		Government buildings restored and operational	Residential housing data
Roads and Transport (Section 3.6)	Percentage (%) of State- owned road network damaged and repaired	Percentage (%) of State- owned rail network damaged and repaired	Number of ports accessible	Total State-owned bridges and culverts damaged and repaired
Community Liaison and Communication (Section 3.7)	Join Forces Program data	Data on communication with the Authority	Data on the number of visits to the Authority website	

During the Reconstruction Phase the headline metrics will be reported at a whole of State or regional level based on the following five regions:

- Far North Queensland
- North Queensland
- Central Queensland
- Southern Queensland
- South East Queensland



Section three: Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction

Operation Queenslander is centred along six lines of reconstruction: Human and Social, Economic, Environment, Building Recovery, Roads and Transport and Community Liaison and Communication. Operation Queenslander identifies key milestones against which reconstruction progress is measured. Each line of reconstruction subcommittee developed an Implementation Plan to support the achievement of each of these key milestones. This section reports the progress made across these lines of reconstruction and includes a summary dashboard of quantitative performance indicators.

Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction

6.709



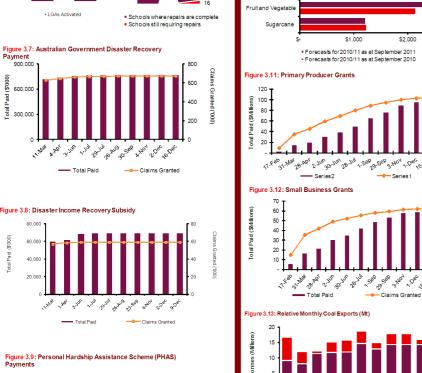
Essential Household Contents Grants

Emergent Assistance Grants

ure 3.7 Source: AGDA as at 16 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.2

re 3.8 Source: AGDA as at 9 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.2

ure 3.9 Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.2



Total Output in 2011

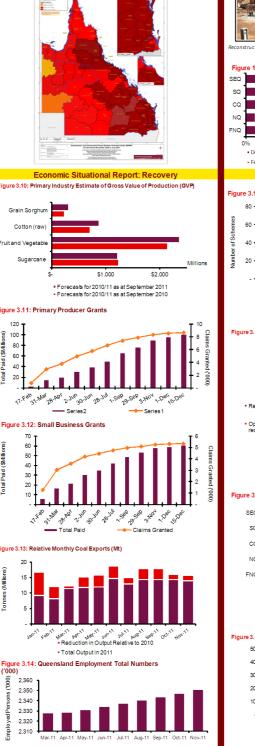
Source: EMQ as at 6 July 2011 Reference: Section 1.3

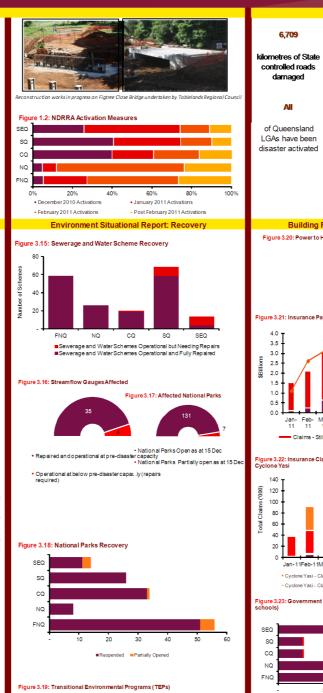
re 3.10 Source: DEEDI as at September 2011 Reference: Section 3.3

ure 3.12 Source: DEEDLas at 15 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.3

ure 3.11 Source: DEEDI at 15 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.3

Figure 3.13 Source: DEEDLas at 16 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.3





■Number of mine sites that have a current TEP

■Number of CSG sites that have a current TEP

Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.4

Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.4

Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.4

ure 3.23

jure 3.16

igure 3.17

Figure 3.18



Source: DPW as at 19 December 2011 Reference: Section 3.5

Source: ICA as at 24 November 2011 (Category A and B) and DoC as at 14 December 2011 (Structural Grants) Reference: Section 3.5

130,666

insurance clair

reported

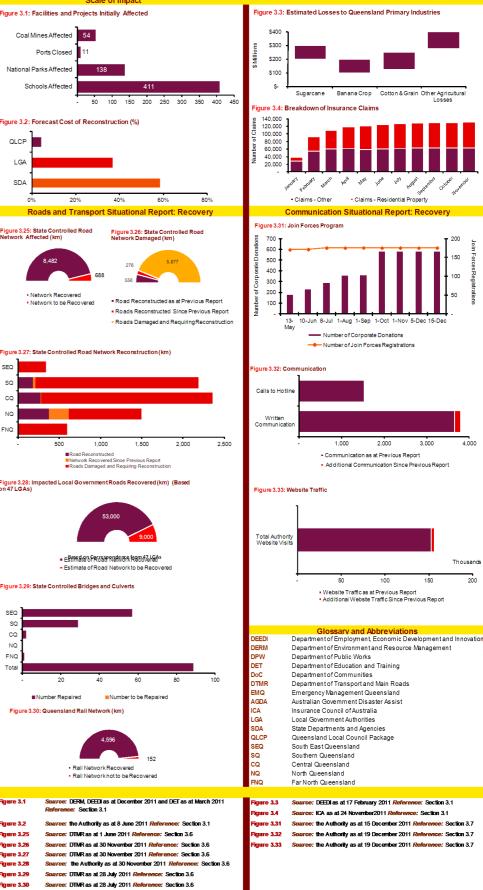
479.761

homes and

the Queensland businesses that

kilometres of

Rail network affected



3. Situational Report: Recovery and Reconstruction

3.1 Scale of Impact

Some statewide statistics that provide an overview of the scale of the impact include the following:

- all of Queensland was disaster activated at 21 March 2011
- approximately 136,000 residential properties were directly affected
- 6,709 kilometres of Queensland's State road network were damaged¹
- 4,748 kilometres of the Queensland Rail network were affected
- over 480,000 homes and businesses were without power
- approximately 130,666 insurance claims have been submitted with an estimated reserved value of \$3.73 billion at 24 November 2011, and
- \$281 million had been donated to the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal at 13 December 2011.

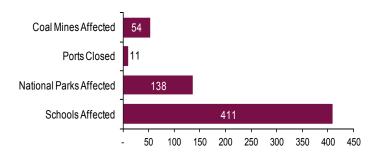
In addition, a number of coal mines, ports, national parks and schools across Queensland were affected. *See Figure 3.1*

As a result of the natural disasters that occurred across Queensland from November 2010 to April 2011, the forecast cost of reconstruction is significant. Approximately 59% of the forecast cost is expected to be distributed through State Departments and Agencies (SDAs), 37% is expected to be distributed through LGAs and 4% has been allocated to the Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP). *See Figure 3.2*

The losses to primary industries are significant. Specific agricultural loss estimates include sugarcane (ranging from \$200 million to \$300 million), cotton and grain (ranging from \$125 million to \$250 million) and bananas (ranging from \$100 million to \$200 million). *See Figure 3.3*

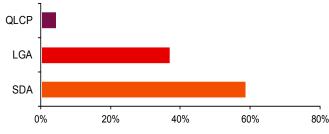
Of the insurance claims made at 24 November 2011, the majority related to residential properties. 58% of Cyclone Yasi claims and 45% of flood claims are for residential properties. The next update is due late January 2012. *See Figure 3.4*

Figure 3.1: Facilities and Projects Initially Affected



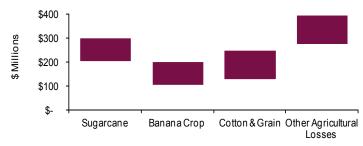
Source: DERM, DEEDI as at February 2011 and DET as at March 2011

Figure 3.2: Forecast Cost of Reconstruction (%)



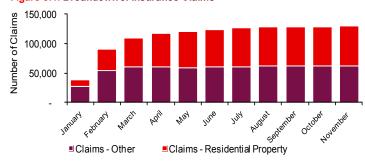
Source: the Authority as at 8 June 2011

Figure 3.3: Estimated Losses to Queensland Primary Industries



Source: DEEDI as at 17 February 2011

Figure 3.4: Breakdown of Insurance Claims



Source: Insurance Council Australia as at 24 November 2011

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ 6070 km was an early estimate during development of the TNR Program of Works, and the current estimated length of damage is 6709 km.

3.2 Human and Social

The objective of the human and social line of reconstruction is to assist individuals and communities to recover from the effects of the disasters.

As a result of the natural disasters all of Queensland's 73 LGAs were activated for NDRRA measures and 411 schools across the State were affected. At 31 May 2011, all affected schools were operating at their original location. While operational, some of these schools have required repairs. Of the 411 schools affected, approximately 96% have had repairs completed at 19 December 2011. See Figure 3.5 and 3.6

There are a number of financial assistance grants available to those affected by the natural disasters, including Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments, Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies and Personal Hardship Assistance Schemes. Financial assistance grant payments are expected to increase only marginally in the coming months.

Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP): At 16 December 2011, over 673,400 AGDRP grants had been made, totaling approximately \$776 million in payments. There has only been a marginal increase in payment numbers and value made since 2 December 2011. See Figure 3.7

Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS): At 9 December 2011, approximately 60,000 DIRS payments had been granted, totalling approximately \$70 million. The value and number of payments have increased only marginally since 1 July 2011. *See Figure 3.8*

Personal Hardship Assistance Schemes (PHAS): At 14 December 2011, 67,622 PHAS grants had been paid, an increase of 41 grants since November. Applications for PHAS grants closed on 31 October 2011. *See Figure 3.9*

Non-profit organisations are also eligible for funding assistance under NDRRA and non-NDRRA grant arrangements. The following assistance has been provided:

- At 15 December 2011, 332 Special Disaster Assistance grants had been paid to charities and non-profit organisations totalling approximately \$3.4 million in paid claims. QRAA has extended the closing date for the loan and grants schemes and eligible applicants now have until 30 June 2012 to apply for recovery assistance (Source: DEEDI).
- At 5 October 2011, under the Sport and Recreation Flood Fightback Plan, 567 grants were paid totalling approximately \$13.6 million. The program closed on 20 April 2011 (Source: DoC).

Figure 3.5: LGAs Activated for NDRRA Measures



■LGAs Activated

Source: EMQ as at 21 March 2011

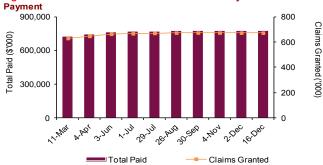
Figure 3.6: Schools Affected



■Schools where repairs are complete ■Schools still requiring repairs

Source: DPW as at 19 December 2011

Figure 3.7: Australian Government Disaster Recovery



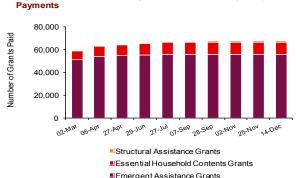
Source: AGDRP as at 16 December 2011

Figure 3.8: Disaster Income Recovery Subsidy



Source: AGDRP as at 9 December 2011

Figure 3.9: Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme (PHAS)



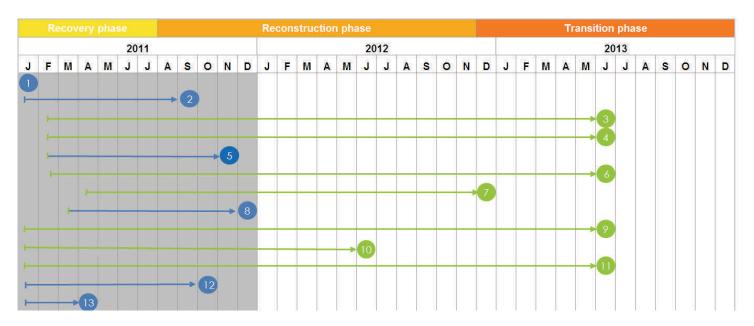
Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Human and Social - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Human and Social line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, six key tasks had been identified as being completed. Key task 10 - Community Recovery Centres will remain open to support communities through the 2011-12 storm season. Centres in Murphy's Creek and Grantham will remain open until at least 30 June 2012. The need for the other centres will be reviewed in January 2012.

All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.



- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed

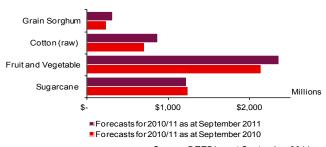
Кеу	tasks:		
1	Critical health, social, education and community services restored and maintained	8	Local health, social, education and community services transitioned to normal
2	Emergency assistance payments, Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) grants and other relevant funding sources activated and processed	9	Displaced householders connected to housing assistance and support mechanisms
3	Public information and advice on community and public health issues provided	10	Community recovery and coordination centres and outreach teams established, managed and monitored
4	Reconstruction communication strategy to manage community expectation and inform communities contributed to	11	Additional services including counselling, personal support and specialised mental health services provided
5	Commonwealth and Queensland Government funding for additional costs associated with flood related service delivery sought	12	Coordination of volunteer efforts supported and monitored
6	Community development support, including community engagement and capacity building activities provided	13	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed April 2011
7	Development, implementation and monitoring of both cross- cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported		

3.3 Economic

The economic line of reconstruction focuses on returning businesses back to operation and growing these businesses and improving economic conditions overall across the State.

Primary industry estimates of Gross Value of Product (GVP) were initially revised down as a result of the impacts of the natural disasters. Estimates at September 2011 have now been revised upward except for Sugarcane GVP. See Figure 3.10

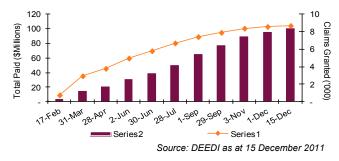
Figure 3.10: Primary Industry Estimate of Gross Value of Production (GVP)



Source: DEEDI as at September 2011

Due to the impact of the natural disasters, primary producers in specific regions have access to NDRRA grants to assist them. At 15 December 2011, approximately 8,700 grants totalling \$101 million had been paid. This represents a \$3.8 million increase in primary producers grants (110) since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 3.11*

Figure 3.11: Primary Producer Grants



The impact of the weather events on small businesses has been significant. At 15 December 2011, approximately 5,340 small business grants totalling \$60.7 million had been paid. This represents an increase of approximately 1.3 % in the value of grants paid since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 3.12*

Figure 3.12: Small Business Grants

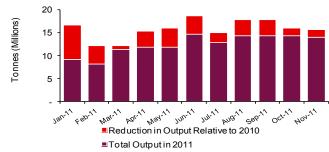


Source: DEEDI as at 15 December 2011

The mining industry has been impacted by the heavy rainfall and flooding in Queensland. All of Queensland's 54 coal mines were affected resulting in decreased export tonnage. At the end of October, all 54 mines were producing at between 80-100% of capacity.

Over 2010/11, Queensland coal exports totalled 162.6 million tonnes (Mt), an 11.2% reduction from record exports achieved in 2009/10. For the month of November 2011, there has been a 10.6% drop in production compared to November 2010. However, due to market conditions the indicative value of Queensland coal exports is projected to increase by 7.7% to \$33.5 billion in 2011/12.

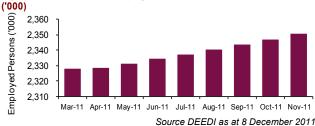
See Figure 3.13
Figure 3.13: Relative Monthly Coal Exports (Mt)



Source DEEDI as at 16 December 2011

Queensland employment growth figures released by the ABS indicate that employment growth has been positive for the months between April and November 2011. Next update is due for release on 19 January 2012. *See Figure 3.14*

Figure 3.14: Queensland Employment Total Numbers



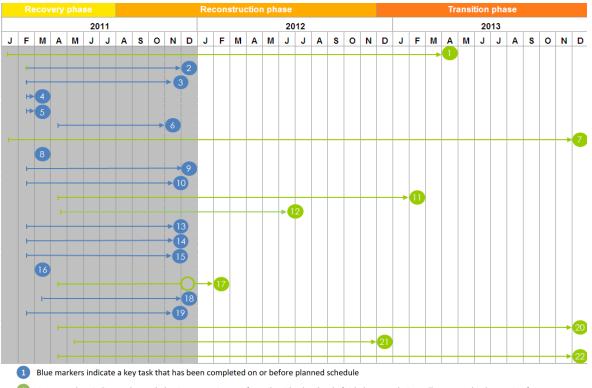
Total domestic overnight visitor numbers to Queensland rose in the year to September 2011, by 5.5% to 16.8 million visitors. These visitors stayed a total of 68.9 million nights, down 2.3%. Average length of stay decreased from 4.4 to 4.1 nights. Overnight domestic expenditure fell slightly on the year before, to \$11.3 billion in the year to September 2011. Queensland also received 33.5 million domestic day visitors (stable), who spent \$3.4 billion (down 6.7%) in the year to September 2011.

Queensland tourism international visitor numbers fell by 3.5% in the year to September 2011, to just under 1.9 million. These visitors spent 40.3 million nights in Queensland (up 3.4%), or an average of 21 nights per visitor. While visitation from some traditional markets declined (eg. Japan down 19.9%, Korea down 17.8%), this was offset by growth from the Chinese and Indonesian markets (17.4% to 202,000 visitors and up 17.6% to 20,000 visitors respectively). International expenditure in Queensland was down 4.2% however, to \$3.7 billion in the year to September 2011.

Economic - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Economic line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, 14 key tasks had been identified as being completed. Key Task 17 - Establish measurement and evaluation mechanisms specific to the economic line of reconstruction, was due to be completed in December 2011. Metrics have been identified and measurement is underway, with these activities helping to improve government responses to recovery. In order to ensure the best learnings for responding to future disasters and the success of departmental programs, evaluation will not be finalised until February 2012. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes. No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Economic line of reconstruction.



- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed

\rightarrow	Arrows indicate a	kev task is undertake	n on an ongoing hasis

Key	tasks:		
1	Rapid restoration of a competitive and sustainable Queensland economy	12	Produce 'Jobs and Skills' package to support community recovery and the retention of workers and help address long term skills needs
2	Contribute to the Authority's prioritisation of reconstruction projects	13	Expand the Jobs Assist services to disaster affected communities
3	Maintain consultation with economic stakeholders and peak industry bodies	14	Implement a marketing campaign providing positive messages about Queensland's economy and major industries to investors and trading partners
4	Developed for government consideration, a 'buy local' campaign to help restore trade and support employment	15	Provide systemic, sectoral support by establishing partnerships with industry bodies
5	Work with local governments to establish local recovery committees	16	Provide tailored, simple packages of information specific to business needs
6	Assess local government capacity and respond to the need for economic support.	17	Establish measurement and evaluation mechanisms specific to the economic line of reconstruction
7	Use online social networking tools to share information and build 'self-help' communities	18	Coordinate plans to reduce the burden on businesses by removing planning, regulatory and other obstacles that impact unnecessarily on business confidence and recovery
8	Engage business advisors through intermediaries and industry partners to provide face-to-face advice	19	Develop supply chain disaster recovery plans
9	'Fair Go Reconstruction' - provide a hotline to check offers of reconstruction services and associated complaints	20	Coordinate, through the raising of reconstruction control groups, the resolution of cross-cutting issues
10	Advise on Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) measures	21	Support the development and implementation of local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans
11	Progress the Queensland Regionalisation Strategy and Queensland Infrastructure Plan	22	Align project, land and infrastructure development activities to complement economic reconstruction priorities

3.4 Environment

The environment line of reconstruction is focused on recovering and conserving natural resources affected by the Queensland flood and cyclone disasters and making sure recovery and reconstruction efforts do not impact the State's natural resources.

Across Queensland, 84 sewerage schemes and 104 water schemes were affected by natural disasters. At 12 December, all affected sewerage and water schemes were operating at predisaster capacity, including 12 sewerage schemes and 10 water schemes that require permanent repairs or replacement. A scheme can be operating at pre-disaster capacity, yet require repairs as a result of the disasters. *See Figure 3.15*

Of the streamflow gauges across the State, 40 are known to have been structurally affected by the extreme weather events. Of these, two stations that were destroyed have been replaced by a single new station, meaning that 39 stations are now being reported against. At 15 December 2011, 35 were operating at pre-disaster capacity with the remaining 4 requiring permanent repairs. *See Figure 3.16*

Of Queensland's 279 national parks, 138 national parks were closed or partially closed in the peak weeks following the extreme weather events. At 15 December, 7 national parks were partially open. Since the December report, 2 national parks have reopened, meaning that all national parks are fully or partially open. *See Figure 3.17 and Figure 3.18*

Transitional Environmental Programs (TEPs) are issued to mine sites to temporarily authorise de-watering activities (i.e. to remove flood waters from mine sites) that are completed outside of agreed Environmental Authority conditions. TEPs are subject to special conditions, specified timeframes and expiry dates.

At 12 December 2011, 11 mine sites and 1 coal seam gas (CSG) site had current TEPs. This represents a decrease of 1 mine TEP since the November report. The key task of mitigating the environmental impact of discharging flood waters from mine and CSG sites (No. 12) is complete with the ongoing recovery work now effectively part of core business. Seven of the remaining mine TEPs expire at the end of Jan 2012, in these cases the mines have voluntarily agreed to have their Environmental Authorities amended. The remaining TEPs are in place for 2012, and for one case up to October 2013. See Figure 3.19

Figure 3.15: Sewerage and Water Scheme Recovery

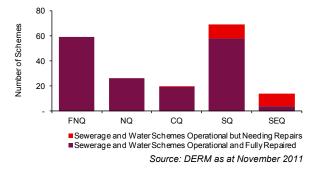
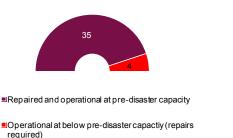


Figure 3.16: Streamflow Gauges Affected



Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011

Figure 3.17: Affected National Parks

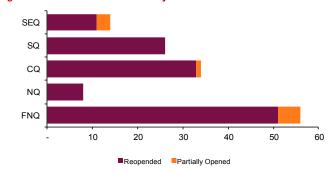


■ National Parks Open as at 15 Dec

■National Parks Partially open as at 15 Dec

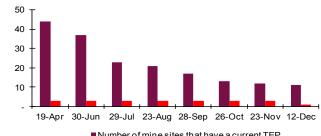
Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011

Figure 3.18: National Parks Recovery



Source: DERM as at 15 December 2011

Figure 3.19: Transitional Environmental Programs (TEPs)



■ Number of mine sites that have a current TEP

■ Number of CSG sites that have a current TEP

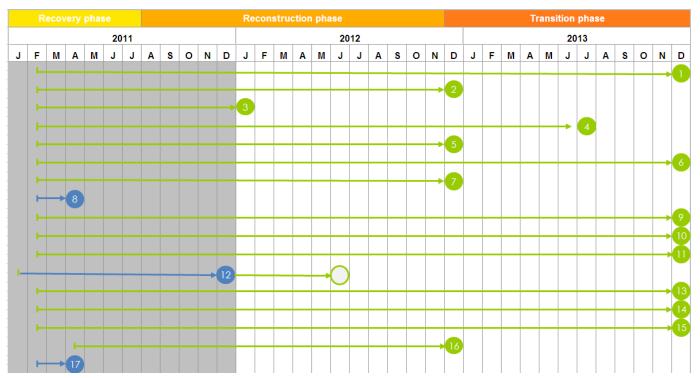
Source: DERM as at 12 December 2011

Environment - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Environment line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, three key tasks had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Environment line of reconstruction.



- Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed

Kev	tasks:		
1	Rehabilitation of the natural environment and community assets including reserves, parks, waterways and wildlife coordinated and prioritised	10	Event impacts on the natural environment and natural resources assessed
2	Strategies to reduce future impacts on the natural environment in both urban and rural landscapes, focusing on long-term resilience and sustainability in the reconstruction effort, implemented	11	Current and potential environmental and natural resource issues monitored and advice provided
3	Support the development of environmentally sustainable, disaster resilient infrastructure	12	Recovery of coal and coal seam gas mining facilitated to mitigate environmental harm
4	Damaged infrastructure on state protected areas restored	13	Communities, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Island people, environmental bodies and interest groups engaged in the consultation and decision making processes
5	Ecological assessment and restoration of protected areas, ecosystems and species conducted	14	Environmental consequences of reconstruction operations mitigated through planning, monitoring, assessment and advice
6	Assessment and reconstruction of soil health and biodiversity in upland areas and flood plains conducted	15	The expeditious repair of water and sewerage infrastructure supported by facilitating environmental and planning approval processes
7	Community involvement in the recovery of landscapes and ecosystems facilitated	16	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
8	Waste and contaminated land management conducted	17	Subordinated implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by April 2011
9	Input to whole of state environment elements of the state reconstruction operational plans provided		

3.5 Building Recovery

The building line of reconstruction is aimed at coordinating the planning and implementation of the statewide rebuilding program. Its particular focus is on housing and maximising the efficiency of resource allocation.

Power was lost in approximately 480,000 homes and businesses. At 21 December 2011, 239 affected homes and businesses remained without power. It is understood that the majority of these homes and businesses are in the reconstruction phase. *See Figure 3.20*

Updated figures for insurance claims will be available from the Insurance Council of Australia early in 2012.

At 24 November 2011, a total of 130,666 insurance claims had been made as a result of the floods and Cyclone Yasi. The total estimated reserved value was \$3.73 billion. This compares to approximately 128,800 claims made at 25 August 2011. At 24 November 2011, an estimated \$2.47 billion, or 66%, of disaster related insurance claims had been paid. This represents an increase of \$190 million since the last report. It is understood that reserved value represents the total estimated value of claims received.

See Figure 3.21

At 24 November 2011, approximately 106,200 (81%) of the 130,666 insurance claims had been closed. Closed claims are those claims where goods have been replaced, repairs have been completed or cash settlement has been provided.

See Figure 3.22

In excess of 3,985 Government owned buildings and related assets (excluding schools) were affected by the extreme weather events. Most heavily impacted was North Queensland with over 1,500 buildings affected. Of the buildings and related assets affected, over 98.5% have had repairs completed at 19 December 2011. *See Figure 3.23*

It is currently estimated that 7,570 residential properties incurred significant damage due to the severe weather events. Of these, in excess of 3,630 were classified by the Insurance Council of Australia (ICA) as Category A: non-liveable residential properties, and approximately 2,040 were classified as Category B: residential properties vacated for repair. At 14 December 2011, in excess of 1,900 structural assistance grant applications had been received.

See Figure 3.24

Figure 3.20: Power to Homes and Businesses



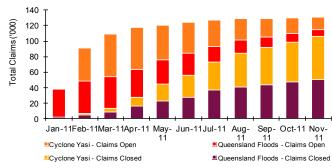
Source: Ergon and ENERGEX as at 21 December 2011

Figure 3.21: Insurance Payments



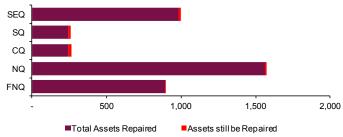
Source: ICA as at 24 November 2011

Figure 3.22: Insurance Claims Open and Closed - Queensland Floods and Cyclone Yasi



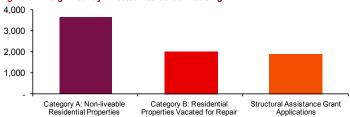
Source: ICA as at 24 November 2011

Figure 3.23: Government Owned Building and Related Assets (excluding schools)



Source: DPW as at 19 December 2011

Figure 3.24: Significantly Affected Residential Housing



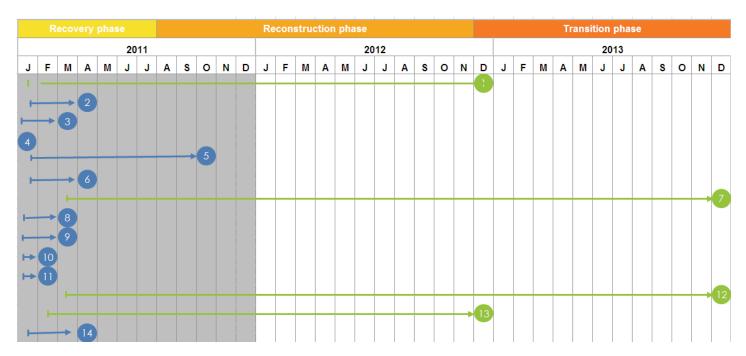
Source: ICA as at 24 November 2011 (Cat A and B) and DoC as at 14 December 2011(Structural Grants)

Building Recovery - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Building Recovery line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, ten key tasks had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Building Recovery line of reconstruction.



- Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed

Kev	tasks:		
1	Solutions for temporary and long-term accommodation developed and implemented	8	Department of Communities Structural Assistance Grant assessments supported and contractor engagement strategy developed
2	Damage to building stock, particularly housing, assessed	9	Appeal Fund process supported and contractor engagement strategy developed
3	Government building assets returned to operational state	10	Community access to independent building repair advice facilitated
4	Repair of identified iconic buildings facilitated	11	Action required to address any regulatory impediments to building recovery identified and recommended
5	Repair/rebuild approach for community assets determined	12	Progress of building recovery program monitored and reported on
6	Medium to long-term demolition, repair and rebuilding program coordinated and prioritised	13	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
7	Reconstruction supply chain activities supported, monitored and advised upon	14	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by April 2011

3.6 Roads and Transport

The roads and transport line of reconstruction is aimed at reconnecting people and enabling the re-supply of communities across the State.

At 1 June 2011, the Recovery Phase and recording of State controlled road and rail data as 'affected' and 'recovered' formally ceased.

At 1 June 2011, 8,482km, or 92%, of the 9,170km affected State controlled road network had been recovered². *See Figure 3.25*

In line with the transition to the Reconstruction Phase, metrics reporting the progress on reconstruction of State roads and rail assets have been revised to align with the statewide Transport Network Reconstruction Program Strategic Plan. The new reporting metrics are defined below:

- Damaged is defined as essential public transport infrastructure (e.g. roads) requiring repair or reconstruction or replacement as a direct result of a natural disaster.
- Reconstructed is defined as essential public transport infrastructure repaired or restored or replaced to its predisaster standard, in accordance with current engineering standards following damage which occurred as a direct result of a natural disaster.

Under the new reporting methodology, 6,709 kilometres of State controlled roads, representing 20% of the State controlled road network, were damaged. Of these, 832 kilometres had been reconstructed at 30 November 2011.

See Figure 3.26 and Figure 3.27

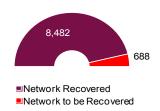
Across Queensland, Local Government Roads are estimated to make up approximately 147,000 kilometres of the total road network.

The Authority has been in direct contact with LGAs to confirm the extent of damage to the local government controlled road network. Of the 73 LGAs, 47 have provided road network information, representing approximately 80% of the local road recovery expenditure forecast. Across these 47 LGAs, approximately:

- 62,000km of local government controlled road network had been impacted.
- Of the 62,000km impacted, 53,000km are believed to have been recovered. See Figure 3.28

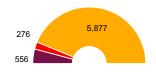
The Authority will continue dialogue with LGAs and update road network information as it becomes available.

Figure 3.25: State Controlled Road Network Affected (km)



Source: DTMR as at 1 June 2011

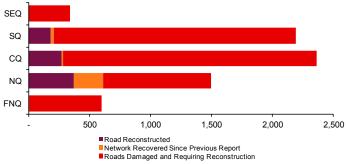
Figure 3.26: State Controlled Road Network Damaged (km)



- ■Road Reconstructed as at Previous Report
- ■Roads Reconstructed Since Previous Report
- Roads Damaged and Requiring Reconstruction

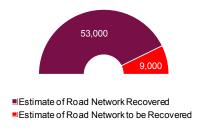
Source: DTMR as at 30 November 2011

Figure 3.27: State Controlled Road Network Reconstruction (km)



Source: DTMR as at 30 November 2011

Figure 3.28: Impacted Local Government Roads Recovered (km) (Based on 47 LGAs)



Source: the Authority as at 30 November 2011

² Network recovery is defined as the recovery of the network to post speed and legal load limits. A road or rail line may be recovered but operating below full capacity and require repairs to restore it to full operating capacity (i.e. damaged and requiring reconstruction).

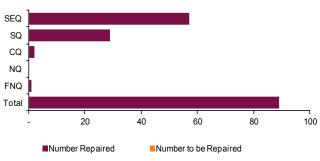
At 8 December 2011, all ports had been recovered to full operational capability except Bundaberg, which is operational but has minor restrictions:

 Port of Bundaberg is now capable of taking ships up to 180 metres in length. The dredging program was completed in November with up to 280,000 cubic metres of spoil removed from the channel and around 360,000 cubic metres of spoil removed from the swing basin and berth pockets in the Burnett River. Significant progress has been made with the port navigation aids being fully restored however night operations are yet to recommence.

Across Queensland, 89 State controlled bridges and culverts incurred major damage due to the natural disasters.

At 28 July 2011, all 89 had been recovered³. See Figure 3.29

Figure 3.29: State Controlled Bridges and Culverts

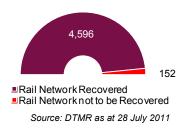


Source: DTMR as at 28 July 2011

The Queensland Rail network was also affected by the natural disasters with 4,748 kilometres of network affected. The rail network recovery status is now complete, with 152km of rail network which is not planned to be recovered or reconstructed in the foreseeable future. Queensland Rail indicates that the portion of rail network that will not be recovered will not have an impact on current services.

Reconstruction reporting of the Queensland Rail network is also complete as the rail assets were reconstructed during the recovery phase. *See Figure 3.30*

Figure 3.30: Queensland Rail Network (km)



³ DTMR are transitioning to reporting on the reconstruction of bridges and culverts. Updates to this metric will be reported when available.

Case example: Reconstruction of Blackbutt Range



Throughout much of 2011, the Transport Network Reconstruction Program team in the North Coast Region has been working closely with VDM Construction (Eastern Operations) to rebuild the D'Aguilar Highway through the Blackbutt Range.

In January 2011, the highway through the range, which is an important freight and travel route for the South Burnett and Somerset communities, was closed due to major landslip damage along a 2.5km stretch.

The South East Queensland-based arm of VDM Construction has been undertaking massive earthworks to re-open the highway to two lanes (*photo above*). During this time, the contractors on this site are living and spending money in nearby towns, becoming part of the community.

After initial emergency repairs by the Somerset Regional Council, which included the construction of a side track around the worst of the landslips to re-open the road to a single lane operation, VDM Constructions came on board for the recovery and reconstruction stages.

Case example: Progress of works on Figtree Close Bridge, Tablelands Regional Council

Bridge piles and abutments are now in place, deck units have been positioned and are currently being stressed transversely. One relieving slab has been poured with the second to be poured, weather permitting.

The bridge was opened to one lane under tight traffic control over the Christmas / New Year period in order to provide some relief to the residents who have had to detour down gravel roads to access the traffic network.

When work resumed on 9 January 2012, Figtree Close was closed again until the end of January 2012 to allow the required road works to be completed (weather dependent).





Reconstruction works in progress on Figtree Close Bridge undertaken by Tablelands Regional Council (Images taken 14 December 2011)

Roads and Transport - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Roads and Transport line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, nine key tasks had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Roads and Transport line of reconstruction.

	Recovery phase										Reconstruction phase															Ti	ansi	tion	pha	se							
					20	11							2012									2012							2013								
J	F	M	Α	М	J	J	Α	s	0	N	D	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	s	0	N	D	J	F	M	Α	M	J	J	Α	s	0	N	D		
-	→	2																															3				
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-						-	12																														

- 1 Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 📵 Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- 1 Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed

Key	tasks:		
1	People and communities reconnected	7	Regional restoration projects and activities developed
2	Transport access for local economies, agriculture and the resource sector ensured	8	Regional restoration activities moderated to develop statewide projects and action
3	Transport reconstruction plan implemented and continually monitored and reviewed	9	Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA) submission prepared
4	Restoration projects and activities developed	10	Existing Queensland Transport and Roads Investment Program (QTRIP) reviewed to accommodate NDRRA program
5	Strategic restoration goals, balancing improvement and other strategic needs, established	11	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
6	Regional needs against restoration goals assessed	12	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by August 2011

3.7 Community Liaison and Communication

This line of reconstruction is focused on building stakeholder confidence in the reconstruction by ensuring consistent and regular communication of public information.

Industry briefings are held on a regular basis to inform industry bodies and organisations of reconstruction tasks, activities and requirements to enable them to plan for capacity and delivery during the reconstruction. The Authority also holds regular meetings with the Department of Transport and Main Roads, Local Government Association of Queensland and Local Government Authorities in relation to these issues.

December 2011 saw the official opening of the Strengthening Grantham development – a housing estate which relocates flood-devastated residents out of the flood zone. Major General Dick Wilson and CEO Graeme Newton visited the Lockyer Valley Regional Council for the official opening on 10 December 2011.

Brunei Community Donation

The people of Brunei recently donated more than \$155,000 to help flood-affected Brisbane and Ipswich residents continue rebuilding their homes and lives.

The money is earmarked to continue the important work of the 'Build Back Blitz' program, designed to help struggling Queenslanders get back on their feet following last summer's floods. 'Build Back Blitz' support services include:

- Liaising with builders to expedite rebuilding houses
- · Assisting support groups
- Helping homeowners understand building quotes
- Arranging new quotes to align with available funds
- · Providing access to professional advice, and
- Providing support to homeowners considering selling and relocating.

For more information, phone the program hotline: 1800 173 349.

Resources for Reconstruction

During the month, a *Resources for Reconstruction* pulse Report was released. The December 2011 Pulse Report follows the September 2011 *Resources for Reconstruction* Discussion Paper and is the first in a series of updates on the:

- progress of reconstruction works around Queensland
- · impacts on and opportunities for industry
- flow-on effects on communities
- growing pressure on human and material resources.

The Pulse Report is available online at: <a href="http://www.qldra.org.au/publications-guides/reconstruction-plans/resources-for-reconstruction/pulse-report-december-pulse-

Anniversary Information

Two of four regional *Anniversary Information Packs* were released in December 2011. The Central Queensland and Southern Queensland packs were published and are both available for viewing online at: http://www.qldra.org.au/publications-guides/anniversary-information-packs.



Join Forces Program

Another key aspect of the Authority's community liaison process is the Join Forces Program. At 15 December 2011, a total of 586 matches had been made between corporate donors and community organisations and communities. *Figure 3.31*

The Donations Management team is supporting the transition of the program to the Department of Communities (DoC) as the lead agency for handling corporate donations during future disaster events.

More information on the Join Forces Program can be found at : http://www.qldra.org.au/join-forces/trophy-room.

Figure 3.31: Join Forces Program

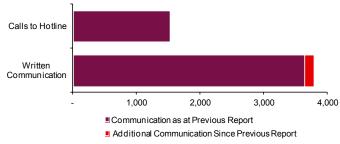


Source: The Authority as at 15 December 2011

Communications

There are a number of methods available to the public to communicate with the Authority. At 19 December 2011, the Authority had received 3,803 pieces of written correspondence, and 1,533 calls to its dedicated hotline were recorded at 12 December 2011. *See Figure 3.32*

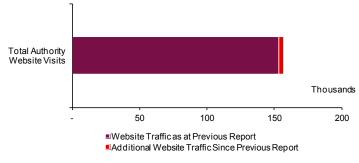
Figure 3.32: Communication



Source: the Authority as at 19 December 2011

The Authority has a website that provides information to the public. The website continues to be enhanced with on-going updates. There have been a large number of visits to the website since it was launched on 16 February 2011. At 19 December 2011, total visits were in excess of 156,801. *See Figure 3.33*

Figure 3.33: Website Traffic



Source: the Authority as at 19 December 2011

Community Liaison and Communication - progress against Implementation Plan

The progression of key tasks against the Implementation Plan for the Community Liaison and Communication line of reconstruction is illustrated below.

At 19 December 2011, one key task had been identified as being completed. All other key tasks are in the process of being implemented and are forecast to be completed within proposed timeframes.

No deviations in key task timeframes have been identified for the Community Liaison and Communication line of reconstruction.



- Blue markers indicate a key task that has been completed on or before planned schedule
- 1 Green markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a low level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- Orange markers indicate a key task that is progressing satisfactorily with a moderate level of risk that completion will not occur by the set timeframe
- Red markers indicate a key task that requires further attention to meet the proposed deadline
- Hollow markers indicate the timeframe by which a key task was previously expected to be completed
- Arrows indicate a key task is undertaken on an ongoing basis

Key t	tasks:		
1	People and communities connected through regular sharing of information	6	Online resources coordinated through a single URL
2	Strategic communication and information advice to the Queensland Government and the Queensland Reconstruction Authority provided	7	Media and communities engaged as key milestones are achieved
3	Developing sentiments identified and advice provided on reinforcement and response measures	8	Measures of progress and effectiveness monitored and reported upon
4	Community liaison and communication activities coordinated	9	Development and implementation of both cross-cutting planning and local community and economic recovery and reconstruction plans supported
5	Long-term messages and themes for public dissemination developed and recommended	10	Subordinate implementation plans to achieve key tasks at project level developed by April 2011



Section four: Planning and Authority Projects

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority is legislatively empowered to perform accelerated planning, development and decision-making activities to expedite reconstruction and recovery efforts. This section provides an overview of these activities and an update on how they have been undertaken in the past month.

4.1 Planning

Planning Power of the Authority

The *Queensland Reconstruction Authority Act 2011* (the Act) prescribes the governance arrangements of the Authority. It also provides the Authority with special powers to undertake a number of activities, including:

- · declaration of projects and reconstruction areas
- compulsory acquisition of land this may be for the immediate purposes of the Authority or for longer term goals such as flood mitigation
- entering land and performing acts such as constructing, demolishing and occupying
- creation of new development schemes
- · directing changes to existing planning schemes, and
- accelerating decisions and processes of decision makers.

The Act enables the Minister to:

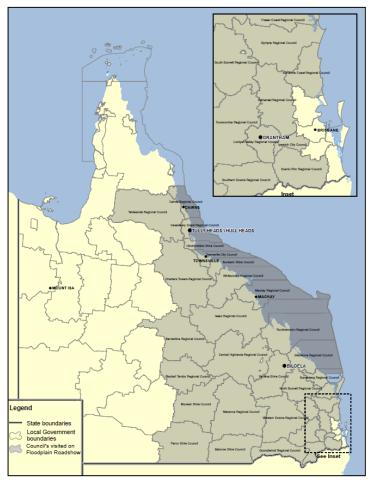
- declare a project for proposed development if the project is to be undertaken in a part of the State that has been directly or indirectly affected by a disaster event, and the declaration is necessary to facilitate flood mitigation or the protection, rebuilding and recovery of affected communities
- recommend to the Governor that a regulation declare a part of the State to be a reconstruction area, and
- declare a project (or particular development) in a reconstruction area to be a critical infrastructure project if it is essential for the State or for economic, environmental or social reasons. A critical infrastructure project declaration is not subject to judicial review.

Floodplain Management Project

On 17 September 2011, the Honourable Anna Bligh MP, Premier and Minister for Reconstruction launched the Planning for stronger, more resilient floodplains - Part 1 - Interim measures to support floodplain management in existing planning schemes Guideline. The Guideline was open for public consultation for 40 business days until 11 November 2011.

Part 1 of the Guideline contains mapping and a planning scheme code that Local Governments can adopt as an interim measure into their existing planning schemes.

Figure 4.0: Councils visited in Floodplain Roadshow



The submissions received by the Authority have been documented in a Consultation Report which will be utilised in finalising the Part 1 Guideline. A total of 53 submissions were received with 14 of these being detailed written submissions. Part 2 of the Guideline is scheduled to be released for targeted consultation in mid-January 2012.

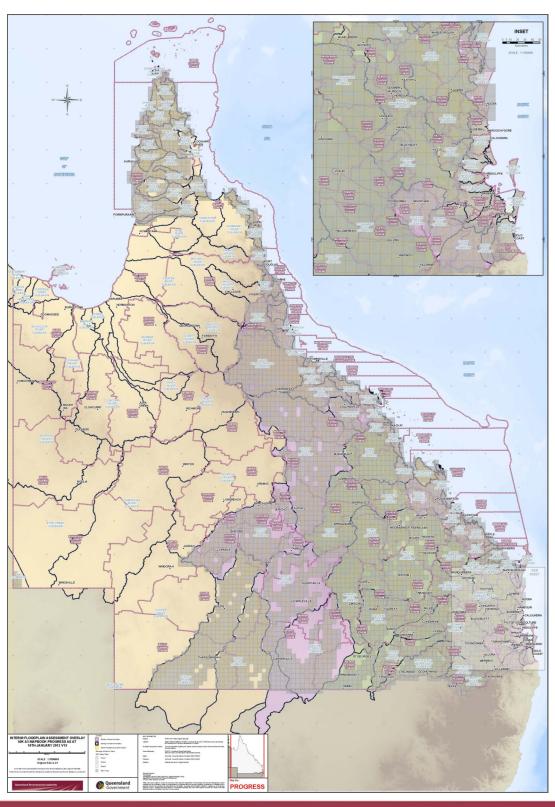
The Authority has visited 34 Councils during the consultation period on the draft Part 1 Guideline in areas where floodplain mapping has been completed (See Figure 4.0).

Feedback from this consultation program has indicated that Councils are likely to utilise the mapping to either amend their existing planning schemes or use in the development of their new *Sustainable Planning Act 2009* compliant schemes. On 12 December 2011, the Minister for Local Government endorsed minor scheme amendments to Central Highlands Regional Council's (CHRC's) four existing planning schemes, allowing the incorporation of the locally amended floodplain overlay mapping and code provisions. CHRC formally adopted the scheme amendments on 12 December 2011, being the first local government to adopt the Authority's Part 1 floodplain management toolkit.

At 17 January 2012, 89 of the 130 sub-basins in Queensland had been mapped by the Department of Environment and Resource Management (See Figure 4.1).

This is approximately 40% of the area of Queensland. When combined with the existing high quality flood data and mapping available, particularly in the South-East, this represents coverage of approximately 90% of the Queensland population. A program has been established to have mapped all relevant areas of the State by mid-2012.

Figure 4.1: Floodplain Mapping progress



Grantham Reconstruction Area

Development Scheme

The Development Scheme for the Grantham Reconstruction Area is now in effect and has the force of law. The Lockyer Valley Regional Council (the Council) is now required to assess any proposed development applications within the boundaries of the Reconstruction Area under the Development Scheme. The Authority will provide advice where requested by the Council.

The Authority will continue to support the Strengthening Grantham project and ensure that no regulatory hurdles are impacting on progress.

On 22 November 2011, the first house was relocated to the new Grantham estate utilising the temporary access across the temporary railway crossing constructed by the Department of Transport and Main Roads.

On Saturday 10 December 2011, the "Strengthening Grantham" Estate was officially opened. The opening was attended by Premier Anna Bligh, Mayor Steve Jones, Graeme Newton and Major General Dick Wilson, with the first of the new residents moving in before Christmas.

North Queensland Guidelines

The Honourable Anna Bligh MP, Premier and Minister for Reconstruction released the final Guideline, *Part 1-Rebuilding in Storm Tide Prone Areas – Tully Heads and Hull Heads* on 15 July 2011 at the James Cook University Cyclone Testing Station in Townsville.

On 15 July 2011, the Premier also released the draft of Part 2 of the Guideline - *Wind Resistant Housing*, the draft has now closed for public comment.

The Part 1 guidelines are actively being used in Tully Heads and Hull Heads.

Part 3 guidelines – Preparing for a Cyclone has been superseded by the State Government's \$3.8 million Get Ready public education campaign, which is aimed at ensuring Queenslanders are prepared for this year's wet season.

Critical Infrastructure

Electricity

The Authority partnered with key electrical organisations including Powerlink, Ergon Energy and ENERGEX Limited to investigate and implement improvements to the resilience of electrical infrastructure in the future.

An outcome of this partnership was the development of the Guideline *Planning for stronger, more resilient electrical infrastructure — Improving the resilience of electrical infrastructure during flooding and cyclones*. The Guideline is intended to highlight key considerations in relation to electricity distribution, land use planning, emergency planning and management, building and design including the home.

The Guideline was released on Monday 10 October 2011.

Other Projects

The Authority has been working with a number of Councils and organisations to support specific recovery projects and facilitate state agency input to streamline the approvals process. This has included work in collaboration with Brisbane City Council and the University of Queensland.

Local Planning Instruments (TLPIs)

The Authority has also been providing a number of local governments with assistance in preparing Temporary Local Planning Instruments (TLPIs). The TLPIs are being implemented to ensure that a range of issues associated with the recent natural disasters are being addressed in a timely and efficient manner.

State, Local and other asset reconstruction

The following graphs, taken from the publication *Resources for Reconstruction—Discussion Paper No 1, September 2011,* outline the estimated cost, jobs supported, and critical construction materials required as a result of the reconstruction of State, Local, and other assets and projects.

More information is available on the Queensland Reconstruction Authority website at <u>Resources for Reconstruction—Discussion</u>

Paper No 1.

Figure 4.1: Estimated cost of reconstruction by region of state-owned and local government roads and other assets (2011-12 to 2013-14)

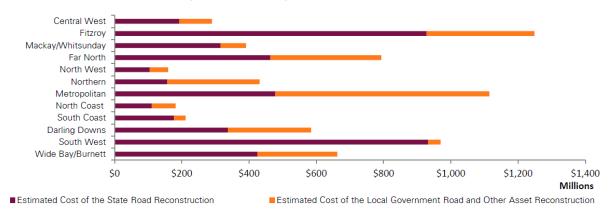


Figure 4.2: Projected annualised regional jobs supported by the reconstruction of state roads, local government assets and mining projects, 2011-12 to 2012-13)

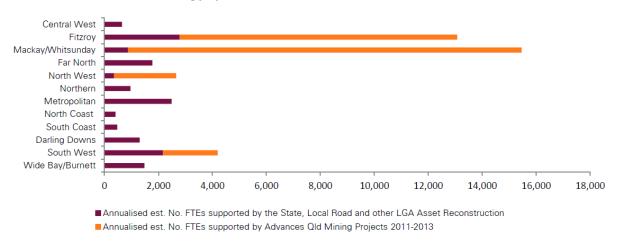
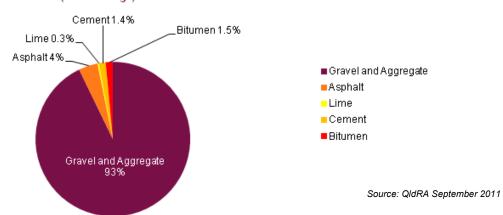


Figure 4.3: Estimated proportion of critical construction materials for road projects (total tonnage)





Section five: Situational Report: Reconstruction Funding

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority has responsibility for the administration of funding to be provided to Local Government Authorities and State Government Departments and Agencies. This section provides an overview of the payments made to these entities during the month.

5. Situational Report: Reconstruction Funding Overview

5.1 Reconstruction Funding

The Queensland Reconstruction Authority (the Authority) is primarily responsible for administering and authorising the application of funds for Counter Disaster Operations (CDO), Emergent Works (EW) and Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA) to both State Departments and Agencies (SDAs) and Local Government Authorities (LGAs).

CDO include any activities undertaken by SDAs and LGAs to provide direct assistance to, and in the protection of, the general public before and during a disaster, including the removal of debris created by the disaster.

EW include works necessary to restore essential services and maintain public safety during the course of a disaster and immediate post-disaster repairs to an eligible asset to enable it to operate at a reasonable level of efficiency.

REPA assists eligible State and Local Governments in the restoration of uninsured essential public assets to a pre-disaster standard or in accordance with current engineering standards or requirements and building codes (or guidelines).

5.2 Local Government Funding Process

Where REPA activity relates to works undertaken at a local government level, the process will typically be initiated through an application received from a LGA on the basis of an approach from the Authority.

The LGA can opt to commence works prior to approval of an application, however, the Council will carry the risk associated with the outcome of the funding application for such works.

In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, advance payments have been provided to those LGAs which have submitted a compliant Funding Agreement and list of REPA projects. The Funding Agreement sets the guidelines for the release of funding to LGAs. The grant advances will provide impacted LGAs with much needed liquidity to assist them in effectively planning their reconstruction priorities.

On 24 February 2011, the Authority corresponded with LGAs to seek funding applications, as well as submission of the completed Funding Agreement and a list of REPA projects. As a result of responses from LGAs, a number of advance payments to LGAs have been made since 24 March 2011. Further grant advance payments will be made progressively as remaining LGAs provide required information and their Funding Agreements. The total revised forecast funding requirement to repair damage to essential State and Local Government Infrastructure is \$7.5b following the Summary report review of forecast cost estimate for local government authorities reconstruction and review of forecast budget estimate for State department agencies reconstruction, November This forecast excludes non-NDRRA expenditure.

5.3 State Government Department Funding Process

The Authority has also approached SDAs to request eligible applications for funding. Consistent with the process for LGA funding, SDAs can commence works prior to approval of an application however the SDA will carry the risk associated with the outcome of the application.

In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, the Authority determined that it would also provide SDAs with advance payments.

To be eligible for an advance payment, SDAs were required to execute a Memorandum of Agreement with the Authority, which establishes the guidelines for the release of funding, and confirm the value of expenditure incurred up to 30 June 2011.

As a result of responses from SDAs, one batch of NDRRA advance payments to SDAs was disbursed in late June 2011.

SDA grant advances relate to expenditure incurred by SDAs prior to 30 June 2011 for CDO and EW and will be subject to validation by the Authority over the next few months.

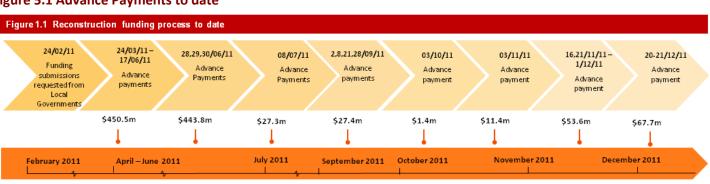


Figure 5.1 Advance Payments to date

Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

5.4 Advance Payments

At 23 December 2011, 86 NDRRA advance payments totalling \$1,083.1 million (excluding GST) had been made by the Authority to 58 of Queensland's 73 LGAs, and 12 SDAs.

Since the last report, six new NDRRA advance payments totalling \$67.7m had been made by the Authority. These advance payments were made to Burdekin Shire Council, Carpentaria Shire Council, Moreton Bay Regional Council, Rockhampton Regional Council, Toowoomba Regional Council and Lockyer Valley Regional Council as a further grant advance based on the original estimate.

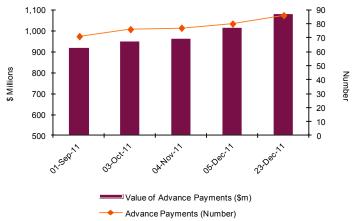
The LGAs which are yet to receive an advance payment account for less than 1% of total budgeted LGA expenditure.

Table 5.1 NDRRA advance payments

Advance Payments	November	December	lanana
Date:	5-Dec-11	23-Dec-11	Increase
Number	80	86	6
Value (\$m)	\$1,015.4m	\$1,083.1m	\$67.7m

Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

Figure 5.2 Advance Payments to date



Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

5.5 Pipeline of Works

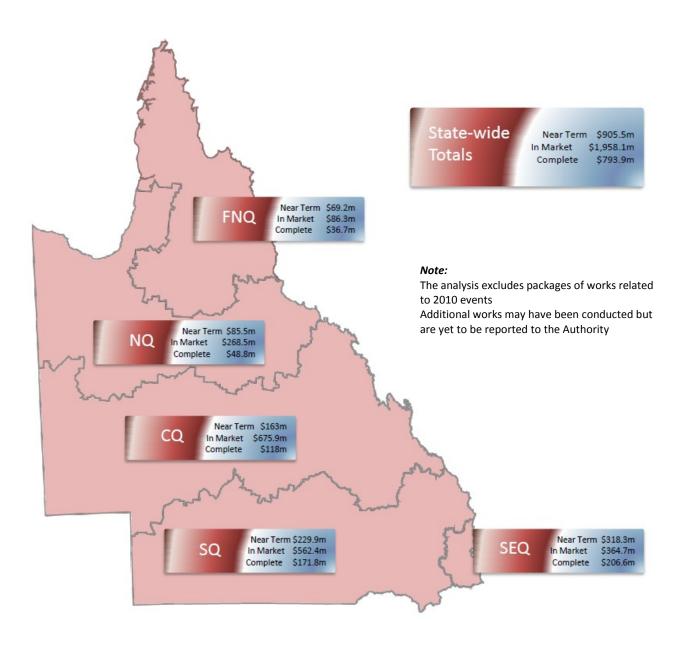
This section of the report highlights the distribution and status of works being undertaken in each region. The pipeline focuses on DTMR and LGA expenditure as these Delivery Agents are performing the majority of restoration works.

See Table 5.2 and Figure 5.3

Table 5.2 Pipeline of Works - Program Stage Description

	DTMR	LGA
Near Term	Packages being prepared for tender (REPA)	Applications for packages which are currently under assessment by the Authority or are awaiting additional information from the LGA (REPA)
In Market	Packages out to tender, packages assessed and awarded, and packages in delivery (REPA)	Applications for packages which have been approved by the Authority but not yet completed (REPA)
Complete	Packages completed (includes CDO, EW, and REPA)	Packages completed (includes CDO, EW and REPA)

Figure 5.3 Pipeline of works: State-wide (DTMR and LGA)



Source: the Authority at 23 December 2011

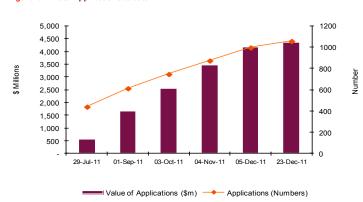
5.6 Application for Funding

At 23 December 2011, 1,060 applications had been received from LGAs, SDAs and Category D for NDRRA funding. The total value of applications is now \$4,349.8 million, and of this:

- LGAs have submitted 712 applications (\$1,852.2m),
 and
- SDAs have submitted 343 applications (\$2,330.5m).
- 5 applications have been submitted under Category D (\$167.1m).

This represents an additional 61 applications received since last month's report, and the increase in the total value of applications is \$186.3 million. *See Figure 5.4*

Figure 5.4 Total Applications to date

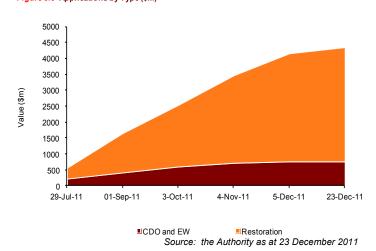


Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

Restoration applications were the largest contributor to the increase in application value since the last report (\$187.6m). Of this increase, \$155.2m relates to LGAs and \$32.4m relates to SDAs.

The majority of applications received to date have been for CDO and Emergent Works (65%). In dollar terms, however, CDO and Emergent Works account for 18% of the total value of applications. *See Figure 5.5*

Figure 5.5 Applications by Type (\$m)



Of the applications received from LGAs since the last report:

- SEQ has had the greatest increase in terms of number of applications (34)
- FNQ has had the greatest increase in terms of value of applications (\$93.6m)
- Restoration applications were the largest contributor to the increase in value of applications (\$155.3m).
 See Table 5.3

Table 5.3 Funding Applications by LGA and Type

	CDO and	d Emergent	Works		Restoration	ı
	Dec	Jan	Inc	Dec	Jan	Inc
Number of a	pplications					
FNQ	72	74	2	18	18	-
NQ	24	24	-	25	28	3
CQ	24	25	1	49	51	2
SQ	73	73	-	42	48	6
SEQ	276	291	15	61	80	19
Total	469	487	18	195	225	30
Value of app	lications (\$	million)				
FNQ	79.3	79.6	0.3	95.8	98.1	2.3
NQ	45.9	45.9	-	191.0	194.2	3.2
CQ	49.4	52.1	2.7	444.2	450.8	6.6
SQ	77.7	79.0	1.3	287.8	341.5	53.7
SEQ	109.7	113.8	4.1	307.7	397.2	89.5
Total	362	370.4	8.4	1,326.5	1,481.8	155.3

Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

Of the applications received from LGAs to date, the largest number has come from SEQ (371 applications, which represent approximately 52% of the total number of LGA applications). Of the SEQ applications, 227 are from the Brisbane City Council, which, in terms of value, account for approximately 61% of the total SEQ applications. SEQ has submitted the largest total dollar value of applications (\$510.9m, of which approximately 78% is REPA).

Of the applications received from SDAs since the last report:

- DTMR has had the greatest increase in terms of number of applications (8)
- DTMR has had the greatest increase in terms of value of applications (\$34.8m), which includes works in FNQ, SQ and SEQ.
- Restoration applications were the largest contributor to the increase in value of applications (\$32.4m).
 See Table 5.4

Table 5.4 Funding Applications by SDA and Type

	CDO an	d Emergent	Works		Restoration	
	Dec	Jan	Inc	Dec	Jan	Inc
Number of a	plications					
DTMR	163	166	3	121	126	5
DCS	25	28	3	9	10	1
DPC	2	2	0	-	-	-
Other	6	6	0	4	5	1
Total	196	202	6	134	141	7
Value of appl	ications (\$r	nillion)				
DTMR	337.5	340.0	2.5	1,859.1	1,891.5	32.4
DCS	45.9	33.6	-12.3*	0.1	0.1	-
DPC	14.8	14.8	-	-	-	-
Other	10.7	10.7	-	39.8	39.8	-
Total	408.9	399.1	-9.8	1899	1,931.4	32.4

*reduction in SDA CDO and Emergent Works due to correction of a Department of Community Safety submission value

Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

Since the last report, no new applications have been received under Category D. *See Table 5.6*

Table 5.6 Category D: Queensland Local Council Package funding

	CDO and	d Emergent	Works		Restoration	Jan Inc		
	Dec	Jan	Inc	Dec	Jan	Inc		
Number of ap	plications							
QLCP	-	-	-	5	5	-		
Value of appli	cations (\$m	illion)						
QLCP	-	-	-	167.1	167.1	-		

Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

The following Category D applications have been received:

- QLCP: Brisbane City Council, River Walk (\$75m)
- QLCP: Brisbane City Council, City Cat infrastructure (\$70m)
- QLCP: Cassowary Coast, Restoration works to marine infrastructure, Cardwell Esplanade and water/sewerage assets: (\$15m)
- QLCP: Lockyer Valley Regional Council, Strengthening Grantham Package (\$18m), currently only \$7.1m has been submitted and is approved.

5.7 Application Status

Of the 1,060 applications received at 23 December 2011:

- 747 had been processed
- 98 were awaiting information from the applicant, and
- 215 were under assessment.

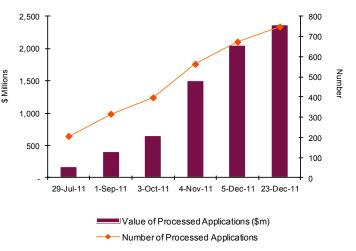
At 23 December 2011, the Authority had assessed in excess of \$3.1 billion in applications:

- \$2,304.2m had been processed
- \$783m has been assessed under compliance guidelines, awaiting finalisation of Value for Money on completion of the tender process (i.e. Phase 1, Phase 2 methodology).
- An additional \$323.8m was awaiting additional information, and
- \$938.8m was under assessment.

Since the last report, an additional 75 (\$315.7m) applications have been processed. This value of processed applications incorporates the funds approved under the Phase 1 process but not the values pending Phase 2.

At 23 December 2011, approximately 70% of applications received had been processed (53% by value). *See Figure 5.6*

Figure 5.6 Value and Number of Processed Applications



Source: the Authority as at 23 December 2011



Section six: **Grant Assistance**

A variety of assistance schemes have been established to assist parties affected by the disasters. This section discusses the grant assistance measures delivered to affected parties to date, and includes two dashboards providing an overview of:

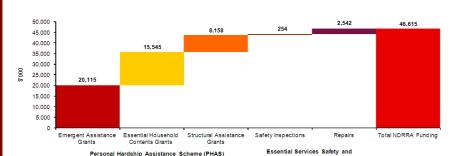
- Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA), and
- Non-Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (Non-NDRRA).

Financial grants are available for families and individuals affected by a natural disaster. These financial grants provide a contribution to families and individuals who are uninsured, or are unable to claim on insurance, and are unable to meet the cost of replacing or repairing essential household goods (and/or their owner-occupied residence) without government assistance. The types of financial grants available

- 2. Essential Services Safety and Reconnection (ESSR)
- 3 Additional Services (AS)

As at 14 December 2011, NDRRA Funding Grants claimed totalled approximately \$46,615,000

Figure A: Total NDRRA Funds Claimed by Individuals and Families (\$'000)



Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS)

Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG)
The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance in the first few days following a natural disaster for immediate, unexpected needs such as temporary accommodation, food, essential clothing and medication. A grant of \$170 per person, up to a maximum of \$850 for a family of five or more, is available. See figure 6.1

Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG)
The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance to replace household contents
that have been lost or damaged as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical
Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
 be uninsured or unable to claim insurance to replace the household contents,

Offered to either a tenant or an owner-occupier, this grant provides up to \$1,705 for an individual adult and up to \$5,120 for couples or families less the amount paid out for the EAG. See figure 6.2

Structural Assistance Grants (SAG)
The Structural Assistance Grant is to assist eligible homeowners return their home to a habitable and secure condition. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and

The grant provides up to \$10,500 for individuals and up to \$14,200 for a couple or family

Essential Services and Safety Reconnection (ESSR)

Safety Inspections and Repairs
The Essential Services Safety and Reconnection Grant is to assist homeowners
reconnect essential services, such as electricity, water, gas or sewerage(septic
systems, damaged by the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be
eligible for this one-off payment applicants must.

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
 be the owner or mortgagee of the home, and
 be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for reconnecting these essential
- services, and meet the income and assets test. ESSR grants provide up to \$200 per service for safety inspections by accredited inspectors, and if deemed necessary, up to \$4.20 to meet the cost of repairing or reinstalling services to Australian Standards by qualified tradespeople. Solding inspection payments will be refunded to the homeowner and reinstatement costs will be paid directly to the repairer by the Depathment of Communities. See figure 6.3

Community Recovery and Wellbeing Package

- The Community Recovery and Wellbeing Package is a \$39 million package to support the recovery and wellbeing of people in Queensland. The package includes:
- groups, events and memorials;

 Up to \$10 million for a Mental Health Disaster Recovery Package to support mental health services in disaster-affected communities in Queensland on top of \$1.2 million in funding announced earlier this year. Local organisations on the ground within the mental health sector will receive much needed funding to bolster their excellent work within severely affected communities.

 Up to \$5.8 million Financial Counselling to provide support to families and individuals affected by the disasters who are experiencing financial problems.

 A \$2m Disabilities Care Pian to heje a number of non-government organisations across Queensland to deliver crisis accommodation and respite care for people with a disability.

Figure 6.1: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Figure 6.2: DoC as at 14 December 2011 Figure 6.3: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Figure 6.4: DoC as at 14 December 2011

This scheme provides additional community services, such as counseiling, information and advice, accommodation and personal support to disaster affected residents. Eligible persons are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2

Financial assistance is available to Local Governments, State Departments and Agencies in order to assist in disaster related relief and recovery processes, for example, the restoration of uninsured essential public assets, and the removal of debris. The available assistance

Grant Assistance: National Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA)
Total Funds Claimed = \$343,045,396 (approximate)

- NDRRA Advance Payments
 Counter Disaster Operations (CDO)
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA)
- Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP)
 Repair of Infrastructure in Queensland
 Regional Staffing
 Cassowary Coast Support Package

The Authority is liaising with funding recipients to facilitate the processing of their NDRRA applications. As at 23 December 2011, advance payments amounted to \$1,083.1 million for 58 of Queensland's 73 LGAs and 12 SDAs.

The Authority sent an information request to affected LGAs on 24 February 2011 requesting applications for CDO and REPA Grants. In parallel with the consideration and approval of applications, advance payments are provided to those LGAs which have submitted a compliant Funding Agreement and list of reconstruction projects.



Counter Disaster Operations (CDO)

CDO include any activities undertaken by State and Local Government agencies to provide direct assistance to, and in the protection of, the general public before and during a disaster, including the removal of debris created by the disaster. Eligible entities are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2 years. CDO payments are administered by the Authority.

Restoration of Essential Public Assets (REPA)

REPA assists eligible State and Local Governments in the restoration of uninsured essential public assets to a pre-disaster standard or in accordance with current regineering standards (or requirements) and building code (or guidelines). The claim amount available is variable. Emergent Works submissions to be lodged within 6 months from the date of the NDRRA activation (extensions can be applied for in exceptional circumstances).

Queensland Local Council Package (QLCP)

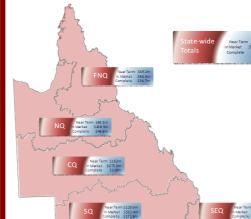
The QLCP comprises \$330 million from a combination of State and Commonwealth Government funding. The package consists of three parts, both administered by the Authority.

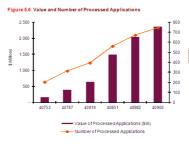
Repair of Infrastructure in Queensland
This \$255 million scheme is designed to fast track the repair of damaged infrastructure owned by local governments across QLD, particularly water and sewerage. A specific allocation of \$145 million has been made to reconstruct Brisbane's ferry terminals and Riverwalk.

Regional Staffing
This scheme provides up to \$50 million of assistance to regional and remote ouncils to enable them to employ people to perform important clean up and repair lork, with the option to provide further funding for employment if required.

Cassowary Coast Support Package
A \$15 million allocation to restore vital Cassowary Coast Regional Council
infrastructure and to restore vegetation and beach damage in the area.

Figure 5.3: Pineline of works: State-wide (DTMR and LGA)





- DEEDI Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation
- QRAA Queensland Rural Adjustment Authority
- DTMR Department of Transport and Main Roads Figure 5.1: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

DET Department of Education and Training

Figure 5.3: the Authority as at 4 November and 28 October 2011 (DTMR)

Central Queensland SEQ South East Queensland

FNQ Far North Queensland

Figure 5.4: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

Figure 5.6: the Authority as at 23 December 2011

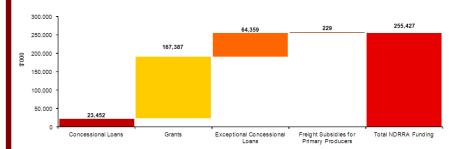
Financial assistance is available to support commerce in disaster affected regions. This is offered in the form of a grant, loan, or subsidy, and

is available to eligible Small Businesses. Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups. The financial facilities available include

- . Concessional Loans
- Exceptional Concessional Loans
- 3. Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
 - 6. Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Groups

As at 8 December 2011, NDRRA Loans and Funding Grants provided or claimed totalled approximately \$255,427,000

Figure B: Total Funds Claimed by Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups (\$0'00)



Concessional Loans

Two types of concessional loan facilities of up to \$250,000 are available to eligible Small Businesses and Primary Producers. Both types of loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of small businesses and primary producers in recovering from substantial natural disasters. See figure 6.5 and 6.6



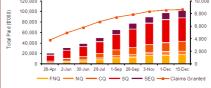
Grants

Three types of grants of up to \$25,000 are available.

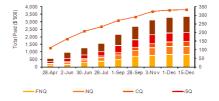
Small Business Grants are designed to cover the cost of clean-up and restoration to assist small businesses which have suffered direct damage as a result of an eligible natural disaster. Crants may also be provided to assist with the costs of relocation to temporary premises in cases where immediate re-opening of damaged premises is not possible. See figure 6.7



and viability being disrupted beyond the current season. See figure 6.8



Charities and Non-Profit Groups





Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

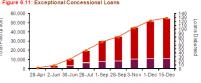
These subsidies are designed for the use of primary producers in restocking movement, fencing, fodder movements, and other related processes. Up to \$5.000 in assistance can be tallored to address specific deficiencies that have occurred as a direct consequence of an eligible natural disaster. See figure 6.10



Exceptional Concessional Loans

Exceptional concessional loan facilities are offered for Businesses, Primary Producers and Charities and Non-Profit Groups, and are available to those suffering exceptional damage. See figure 6.11

Figure 6.11: Exceptional Concessional Loan



Rural Resilience Fund (RRF)

recovery of rural economies and communities impacted by Tropical Cyclone Yasi. The RRF will help fund business and community support activities by providing counselling, social, education, and clean-up services.

Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit

These loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of associations to reestablish facilities following natural disaster damage. A combination of loan (up to \$100,000) and grant facilities (up to \$5,000) are available.

Figure 6.9: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Figure 6.6: QRAA as at 15 December 2011 Figure 6.10: DEEDI as at 24 November 2011 Figure 6.8: QRAA as at 15 December 2011



Figure 6.11: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Grant Assistance: Non-National Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (Non-NDRRA) Total Funds Claimed to date = \$1,192,939,000 (approximate)

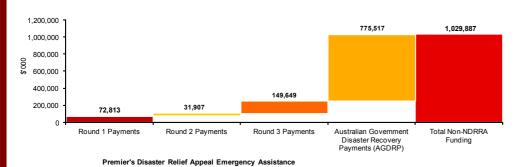
Individuals and Families

The types of Non-NDRRA Arrangement Assistance Schemes available to individuals and families include the following:

- Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal Emergency Assistance
 Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

At 16 December 2011, Non-NDRRA Funding Grants claimed totalled approximately \$1,029,887,000

Figure C: Total Non-NDRRA Funds Claimed by Individuals and Families (\$'000)



Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal Emergency Assistance

The Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal provides assistance to individuals and families affected by the natural disasters. Payments are made over three

Round 1 – Applications for Round 1 payments closed 31 March 2011 for Queensland Floods and 30 April 2011 for Cyclone Yasi. Round 1 payments provided \$2,000 per eligible adult and \$1,000 per dependent child. See figure

Round 2 – Applications for Round 2 funds are available for people whose homes have been destroyed or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing an initial payment of \$10,000 per home destroyed and additional assistance of up to \$140,000 per property. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:

- your principal place of residence was totally destroyed, or must be demolished
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. See figure 6.13

Round 3 – Applications for Round 3 funds are available for people whose homes have suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing \$5,000 towards rehousing or recovery requirements and additional assistance of up to \$75,000 depending on income and circumstances. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:

- your principal place of residence suffered structural damage as a result of the
- Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of
- the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. See figure 6.14

Special Purpose Allocations - This includes payments to: St Vincent de Paul Society \$19.5m, Building Services Authority to support the Lockyer Valley Land Swap Project \$2.84m, Queenland Reconstruction Authority \$0.74m.

Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

The Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment (AGDRP) has been activated to assist people who have been adversely affected by natural disasters, providing up to a maximum of \$1000 per adult and \$400 per eligible child. This scheme is administered via Centrelink. See figure 6.15

Figure 6.12: Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal - Total Paid

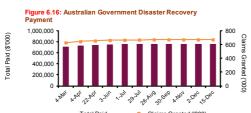


Round 1, 2, 3 and Special Purpose Payments to









Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Gro

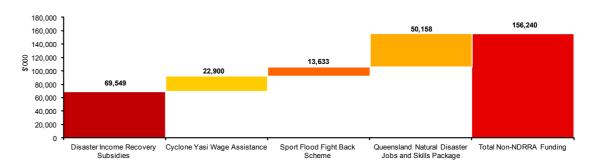
The types of Non-NDRRA Arrangement Assistance Schemes available to employees, small businesses, primary producers, charities and non-profit groups include the following:

- 1. Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)
- 4. Tourism Industry Support Package
- 7. Racetrack Recovery Assistance

- 2. Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA) 3. Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme
- 5. Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package Flood Recovery Program (FRP)
- 8. Queensland Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

At 16 December 2011, Non-NDRRA Funding Grants totalled approximately \$156,597,000

Figure D: Total Non-NDRRA Funds Claimed by Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, Charities and Non-Profit Groups (\$'000)



Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)

ered by Centrelini

DIRS are available to assist employees, small businesses and farmers who have incurred a loss as a direct result of a natural disaster. \$469.70 is available for a single adult per fortnight (rates vary depending on relationship and children). See

Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA)

CYWA is available for employers (including businesses, primary producers and nonprofit organisations) whose business has been affected by Cyclone Yasi, to help maintain their workforce. \$469.70 per fortnight is available for each full time equivalent employee for a maximum of 13 weeks. See figure 6.17

Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme

This scheme provides up to \$60,000 of available assistance for sport and recreation clubs to re-establish facilities, and up to \$12,500 to repair or replace equipment that has been damaged in the floods. See figure 6.18

Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package

This package is designed to assist Queensland industries, businesses, apprentices and trainees affected by the floods or Cyclone Yasi, with a view to creating employment and training opportunities in affected locations. See figure 6.19

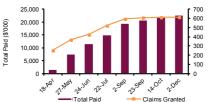
The Package comprises four key initiatives

- 1. \$16.55 million to support local communities, industry, and coordinate
- employment and skills assistance.

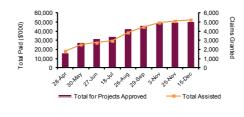
 2. \$39.30 million to provide employment and work placements on infrastructure and environmental restoration projects within local communities.

 3. \$14.15 million to support employers in retaining and employing apprentices and
- 4. \$13.00 million committed for training to address priority skills development









Flood Recovery Package (FRP)

This program makes \$2.35 million available to provide assistance to primary producers in flood affected areas. This scheme is similar to the RRF, and includes assistance with clean-up initiatives, financial counselling, and biosecurity issues

Racetrack Recovery Assist

Under this program, \$2.35 million is available for racecourses and country track clubs to restore infrastructure following a natural disaster event, in order to meet health and safety standards. Additionally, it allows clubs to meet the shortfall from

Queensland Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

This scheme offers a legal support package to people affected by a disaster.

Tourism Industry Support Package

\$12 million (\$6 million from both the State and Commonwealth) has been allocated to this package which designed to assure all Australian's that many of Queensland's iconic destinations are largely unaffected by the floods. The funding is allocated towards an advertising campaign that is administered by a combination of Tourism Queensland, DEEDI, Commonwealth Department of Resources, Energy and

Glossary and Abbrevia

DEEDI Department of Employment, Economic Development and Innovation

DoC Department of Communities QRAA Queensland Rural Adjustment Authority

AGDA Australian Government Disaster Assist

North Queensland

FNQ Far North Queensland CO Central Queensland

SO Southern Queensland

SEQ South East Queensland

Figure 6.18: Centrelink as at 2 December 2011

Figure 6.19: DoC as at 5 October 2011 Figure 6.20: DEEDI as at 15 December 2011

Sources and References Figure 6.15: DoC as at 16 December 2011

Figure 6.16: AGDA as at 16 December 2011

Figure 6.17: AGDA as at 9 December 2011

Figure 6.12: DoC as at 31 October 2011 and 1 October 2011 (Round 1, 2 and 3) Figure 6.13: DoC as at 16 December 2011 Figure 6.14: DoC as at 16 December 2011

6. Grant Assistance

6.1 Queensland Disaster Assistance Framework

The available assistance schemes are separated between NDRRA and Non-NDRRA funding allocations. For reporting purposes the schemes are divided into the sections outlined below. A number of the grants available have been previously reported as headline metrics in section 3 and are repeated for completeness below.

Grant Assistance Available 	for Queensland Disasters	
	NDRRA	Non-NDRRA
Individuals and families	Section 6.2 Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS) - Emergent Assistance Grants - Essential Household Contents Grants - Structural Assistance Grants Essential Services and Safety Reconnection - Safety Inspections - Repairs Additional Services	Section 6.4 Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments
Local Governments, State Departments and Agencies	Refer Section 5	
Small Businesses, Primary Producers and Charities and Non-Profit Groups	Section 6.3 Concessional Loans Grants Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers Rural Resilience Fund Operation Clean-up Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations Exceptional Concessional Loans	Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme Tourism Industry Support Package Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package Racetrack Recovery Assistance Flood Recovery Program QLD Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

6.2 NDRRA: Individuals and Families

Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS)

Administered by DoC

Personal Hardship and Assistance Scheme (PHAS) grants support homeowners and tenants experiencing immediate hardship. The Scheme includes Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG), Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG) and Structural Assistance Grants (SAG).

Due to the nature of these grants, only marginal increases to distribution of these grants are expected going forward.

Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG): The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance in the first few days following a natural disaster for immediate, unexpected needs such as temporary accommodation, food, essential clothing and medication. A grant of \$170 per person, up to a maximum of \$850 for a family of five or more, is available.

At 14 December 2011, claims granted were approximately 56,200 amounting to approximately \$20.1 million. There has been no substantial change noted in the scheme since 30 November 2011. *See Figure 6.1*

Essential Household Contents Grants (EHCG): The purpose of this grant is to provide assistance to replace household contents that have been lost or damaged as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance to replace the household contents, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

Offered to either a tenant or an owner-occupier, this grant provides up to \$1,705 for an individual adult and up to \$5,120 for couples or families less the amount paid out for the EAG.

At 14 December 2011, claims granted were approximately 10,500, amounting to \$15.5 million. This has only been a marginal increase since 30 November 2011. Claims granted represent over 96% of EHCG applications received at 14 December 2011. *See Figure 6.2*

Structural Assistance Grants (SAG): The Structural Assistance Grant is to assist eligible homeowners return their home to a habitable and secure condition. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the property, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for these structural repairs, and
- meet the income and assets tests.

The grant provides up to \$10,500 for individuals and up to \$14,200 for a couple or family.

At 14 December 2011, claims granted were approximately 990, amounting to \$8.2 million. Claims granted represent over 52% of SAG applications received at 14 December 2011.

See Figure 6.3

Figure 6.1: Emergent Assistance Grants (EAG)



Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Figure 6.2: Essential Household Contents Grants



Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Figure 6.3: Structural Assistance Grants



Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Essential Services Safety and Reconnection (ESSR)

Administered by DoC

Safety Inspections and Repairs: The Essential Services Safety and Reconnection Grant (ESSR) is to assist homeowners reconnect essential services, such as electricity, water, gas or sewerage/septic systems, damaged by the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must:

- live in a disaster declared area where this grant is available, and
- be the owner or mortgagee of the home, and
- be uninsured or unable to claim insurance for reconnecting these essential services, and
- meet the income and assets test.

ESSR grants provide up to \$200 per service for safety inspections by accredited inspectors, and if deemed necessary, up to \$4,200 to meet the cost of repairing or reinstalling services to Australian Standards by qualified tradespeople. Safety inspection payments will be refunded to the homeowner and reinstatement costs will be paid directly to the repairer by the DoC.

At 14 December 2011, claims granted were 1,565, amounting to approximately \$2.8 million. This represents a marginal increase since 30 November 2011. *See Figure 6.4*

Figure 6.4: Essential Services and Safety Reconnection



Source: DoC as at 14 December 2011

Community Recovery and Wellbeing Package

Administered by DoC

The Community Recovery and Wellbeing Package is comprised of four components:

Community Development and Recovery Package:

 Up to \$20 million to support all disaster declared local governments in Queensland support their community's recovery, help the community work out its own recovery needs and implement projects, activities and events which contribute to the community's recovery, resilience and future disaster preparedness.

The Mental Health Disaster Recovery Package includes:

 Up to \$11.25 million to assist community based mental health organisations engage in personalised support, offer individual and group counselling, and provide additional support services for families and carers in priority communities.

The Financial Council Package includes:

 Up to \$5.8 million Financial Counselling to provide support to families and individuals affected by the disasters who are experiencing financial problems.

Emergency Response Disaster Relief

 A \$2 million Disabilities Care Plan to help a number of non-government organisations across Queensland to deliver crisis accommodation and respite care for people with a disability.

Additional Services (AS)

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides additional community services, such as counselling, information and advice, accommodation and personal support to disaster affected residents. Eligible persons are able to claim during and after the disaster for up to 2 years.

6.3 NDRRA: Small Businesses, Primary Producers, and Charities and Non-Profit Groups

Concessional Loans

Administered by QRAA

Two types of concessional loan facilities of up to \$250,000 are available to eligible small businesses and primary producers. Both types of loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of small businesses and primary producers in recovering from substantial natural disasters.

At 15 December 2011, 180 loans applications worth \$64.2 had been approved. Of this, 149 have been paid, amounting to \$54.7 million.

Loans that have been approved may take over a year from the date of approval to be drawn down by applicants, particularly in relation to primary producers due to the need for loan security documentation to be registered.

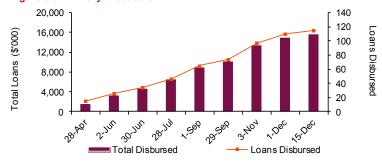
See Figure 6.5 and Figure 6.6

Figure 6.5: Small Businesses



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Figure 6.6: Primary Producers



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Grants

Administered by QRAA

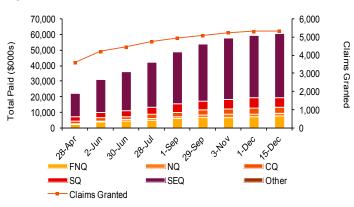
Three types of grants of up to \$25,000 are available to small businesses, primary producers and charities and non-profit groups. The closure dates for these grants was originally September and October 2011. This has subsequently been extended to 31 January 2012. An increasing rate of loan applications is normal for NDRRA loans administered by QRAA due to the timeframe associated with rural applicants, particularly primary producers, gaining access to property, assessing and planning crop cycles, and accessing labour and supplies.

Small Businesses: Small business grants are designed to cover the cost of clean-up and restoration to assist small businesses which have suffered direct damage as a result of the natural disasters. Grants may also be provided to assist with the costs of relocation to temporary premises in cases where immediate re-opening of damaged premises is not possible.

As at 15 December 2011, grants to small business amounted to in excess of 5,341, totalling approximately \$60.7 million. This represents an increase of approximately 18 claims totalling \$0.8 million since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 6.7*

Figure 6.7: Small Business

Loans Disbursed



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Primary Producers: Primary producer grants are designed to provide short term targeted assistance for clean-up, removal of debris, disposal of dead livestock and further restoration following a natural disaster event. The grants are provided in cases where the impact on the farming sector has been particularly severe and could result in production and viability being disrupted beyond the current season.

As at 15 December 2011, claims granted were approximately 8,673 totalling \$101.4 million. This represents an increase of 110 claims totalling approximately \$3.8 million since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 6.8*

Figure 6.8: Primary Producers



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Charities and Non-Profit Groups: Charities and non-profit grants are designed to assist eligible organisations pay for costs arising out of direct damage caused by the Floods and Tropical Cyclone Yasi.

As at 15 December 2011, 332 claims had been granted totalling approximately \$3.3 million. This represents an increase of 2 claims totalling approximately \$0.1 million since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 6.9*

Figure 6.9: Charities and Non-Profit Groups



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Rural Resilience Fund (RRF)

Administered by DEEDI

The Federal and Queensland Governments are investing \$20 million to assist the recovery of rural economies and communities impacted by Tropical Cyclone Yasi.

The RRF will help fund business and community support activities by providing counselling, social, education, and clean-up services.

Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

Administered by DEEDI

The freight subsidies provide for up to \$5,000 in assistance, which can be tailored to address specific deficiencies that have occurred as a direct consequence of an eligible natural disaster. The subsidies can be used for restocking movement, fencing and fodder movements.

At 24 November 2011, 118 claims had been granted, totalling approximately \$229,258. This represents an increase of 8 grants totalling approximately \$8,433 since 13 October 2011.

See Figure 6.10

Claims Grantec

Figure 6.10: Freight Subsidies



Source: DEEDI as at 24 November 2011

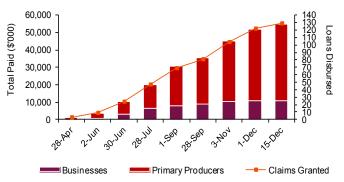
Exceptional Concessional Loans

Administered by QRAA

Exceptional concessional loan facilities are offered for businesses, primary producers and charities and non-profit groups, and are available to those suffering exceptional damage.

As at 15 December 2011, 129 loans had been disbursed, totalling approximately \$54.7 million. This represents an increase of 7 loans totalling approximately \$2.5 million since 1 December 2011. *See Figure 6.11*

Figure 6.11: Exceptional Concessional Loans



Source: QRAA as at 15 December 2011

Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

Administered by QRAA

Special Disaster Assistance Loans are designed to assist in meeting the needs of associations to re-establish facilities following natural disaster damage. A combination of loans and grants of up to a maximum of \$100,000 (loan) and \$5,000 (grant) are available.

6.4 Non-NDRRA: Individuals and Families

Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal

Administered by DoC

As at 16 November 2011, \$280.9 million had been contributed to the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal. As at 16 December 2011, claims granted totalled approximately \$276.7 million (Round 1: \$72.8 million, Round 2: \$31.9 million and Round 3: \$149.6 million). *See Figure 6.12*

The Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal provides assistance to individuals and families affected by the natural disasters. Payments are made over three payment rounds.

- Round 1 Applications for Round 1 payments closed 31 March 2011 for Queensland Floods and 30 April 2011 for Cyclone Yasi. Round 1 payments provided \$2,000 per eligible adult and \$1,000 per dependent child.
 See Figure 6.13
- Round 2 Applications for Round 2 funds are available for people whose homes have been destroyed or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing an initial payment of \$10,000 per home destroyed and additional assistance of up to \$140,000 per property. To be eligible for this oneoff payment applicants must meet the following criteria:
- your principal place of residence was totally destroyed, or must be demolished as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum.
 See Figure 6.14
- Round 3 Applications for Round 3 funds are available for people whose homes have suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, providing \$5,000 towards rehousing or recovery requirements and additional assistance of up to \$75,000 depending on income and circumstances. To be eligible for this one-off payment applicants must meet the following criteria:
- your principal place of residence suffered structural damage as a result of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and
- you were the owner-occupier of the principal place of residence at the time of the Queensland floods or Tropical Cyclone Yasi, and

 your household income is less than \$150,000 per annum. See Figure 6.15

Full details on the Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal are available at:

http://www.thepremier.qld.gov.au/initiatives/disaster_recovery

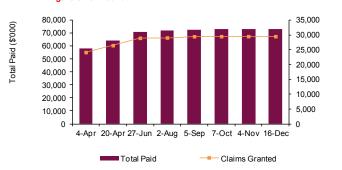
Figure 6.12: Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal - Total Paid



■Round 1, 2,3 and Special Purpose Payments to date (\$'000)

Source: Doc as at 13 December 2011 (Premier's Disaster Relief Appeal) and 4 November 2011 (Round 1, 2 and 3)

Figure 6.13: Round 1



Source: DoC as at 16 December 2011

Figure 6.14: Round 2



Source: DoC as at 16 December 2011

Figure 6.15: Round 3



Source: DoC as at 16 December 2011

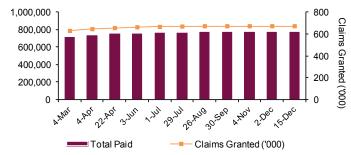
Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payments (AGDRP)

Administered by Centrelink

The Australian Government Disaster Recovery Payment (AGDRP) has been activated to assist people who have been adversely affected by natural disasters, providing up to a maximum of \$1,000 per adult and \$400 per eligible child. This scheme is administered via Centrelink.

As at 16 December 2011, AGDRP claims granted were in excess of 673,468 totalling approximately \$775.5 million. Applications for these grants closed on 30 June 2011 and are continuing to be processed. *See Figure 6.16*





Source: AGDA as at 16 December 2011

6.5 Non-NDRRA: Employees, Small Businesses, Primary Producers, and Charities and Non-Profit Groups

Disaster Income Recovery Subsidies (DIRS)

Administered by Centrelink

DIRS are available to assist employees, small businesses and farmers who have incurred a loss as a direct result of a natural disaster. Payments of \$469.70 are available for a single adult per fortnight (rates vary depending on relationship and children).

At 9 December 2011, approximately 60,000 DIRS payments had been granted, totalling approximately \$69.6 million. The number and value of payments have increased only marginally since 3 June 2011. *See Figure 6.17*

Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance (CYWA)

Administered by Centrelink

CYWA payments are available for employers (including businesses, primary producers and non-profit organisations) whose business has been affected by Cyclone Yasi, to help maintain their workforce. Payments of \$469.70 per fortnight are available to each full time or full time equivalent employee up to a maximum of 13 weeks.

At 2 December 2011, 615 wage assistance claims were granted, totalling approximately \$22.9 million. This represents an increase of 1 grant totalling approximately \$0.9 million since 14 October 2011. *See Figure 6.18*

Sport Flood Fight Back Scheme

Administered by DoC

This scheme provides up to \$60,000 of available assistance for sport and recreation clubs to re-establish facilities, and up to \$12,500 to repair or replace equipment that has been damaged in the floods.

At 5 October 2011, claims granted were approximately 567, totalling \$13.6 million. This scheme closed on 20 April 2011 and there has been no additional granted claims since October 2011. *See Figure 6.19*

Tourism Industry Support Package

Administered by DEEDI

\$12 million (\$6 million from the State and Commonwealth) has been allocated to this package which is designed to assure all Australians that many of Queensland's iconic destinations are largely unaffected by the floods. The funding is allocated towards an advertising campaign that is being administrated by a combination of Tourism Queensland, DEEDI, Commonwealth Department of Resources, Energy and Tourism and Tourism Australia.

Figure 6.17: Disaster Income Recovery Subsidy



Source: AGDA as at 9 December 2011

Figure 6.18: Cyclone Yasi Wage Assistance



Source: Centrelink as at 2 December 2011

Figure 6.19: Sport Flood Fight Back



Source: DoC as at 5 October 2011

Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package

Administered by DEEDI

The Queensland Natural Disaster Jobs and Skills Package is designed to assist Queensland industries, businesses, and apprentices and trainees affected by the floods or Cyclone Yasi, with a view to creating employment and training opportunities in affected locations.

The Package provides \$83 million to assist up to 10,000 Queenslanders through approved projects. The Package comprises four key initiatives:

- \$16.55 million to support local communities, industry, and coordinate employment and skills assistance.
- \$39.30 million to provide employment and work placements on infrastructure and environmental restoration projects within local communities.
- \$14.15 million to support employers in retaining and employing apprentices and trainees.
- \$13.00 million committed for training to address priority skills development.

At 15 December 2011, the total number of people assisted through the Package was approximately 5,257 totalling approximately \$50.6 million for approved projects. This represents an increase of approximately 132 people assisted and \$0.5 million since 25 November 2011. The expenditure pattern for the Package is demand driven and based on project opportunities that are identified and approved. Funding is available until 30 June 2012. *See Figure 6.20*

Figure 6.20: Disaster Jobs and Skills Package



Source: DEEDI as at 15 December 2011

Racetrack Recovery Assistance

Administered by DEEDI

Racetrack recovery assistance provides \$2.35 million for racecourses and country track clubs to repair disaster affected infrastructure in order to meet health and safety standards. The assistance will be provided as follows:

- \$1.45 million to assist TAB and Strategic Non-TAB race clubs. The following racing venues have been identified for assistance:
 - Ipswich
 - Cairns
 - Albion Park
 - Rockhampton, and
 - Townsville.
- The final payment amount to these clubs will be dependent of the progress of insurance claims.
- \$0.2 million to assist Non-Strategic Non-TAB clubs, and
- \$0.7 million to assist Non-TAB race clubs to meet Racing Queensland's Minimum Venue and Equipment Standards.

Flood Recovery Program (FRP)

Administered by DEEDI

Similar to the RRF, the FRP has been allocated \$2.35 million to assist primary producers in flood affected areas. This program is administered by DEEDI and provides for assistance with clean-up initiatives, financial counselling, and biosecurity issues management.

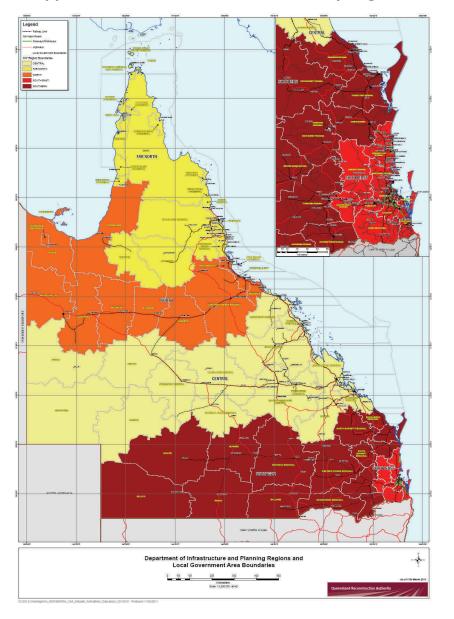
QLD Flood and Cyclone Legal Help

Administered by Legal Aid Queensland

This program of assistance provides legal support to people affected by a disaster.

Appendix A: NDRRA Activations by Region Queensland Local Government Areas Disaster Activated Under NDRRA for the Period November 2010 to December 2011

Appendix B: Local Government Areas by Region

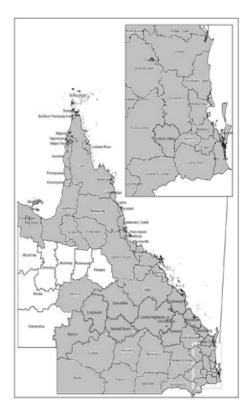


Region	Local Government Areas		
South East Queensland (SEQ)	Brisbane City Gold Coast City Ipswich City Lockyer Valley Regional	Logan City Moreton Bay Regional Redland City Scenic Rim Regional	Somerset Regional Sunshine Coast Regional
Southern Queensland (SQ)	Balonne Shire Bulloo Shire Bundaberg Regional Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Fraser Coast Regional	Goondiwindi Regional Gympie Regional Maranoa Regional Murweh Shire North Burnett Regional Paroo Shire	Quilpie Shire South Burnett Regional Southern Downs Regional Toowoomba Regional Western Downs Regional
Central Queensland (CQ)	Banana Shire Barcaldine Regional Barcoo Shire Blackall Tambo Regional Boulia Shire	Central Highlands Regional Diamantina Shire Gladstone Regional Isaac Regional Longreach Regional	Mackay Regional Rockhampton Regional Whitsunday Regional Winton Shire Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire
North Queensland (NQ)	Burdekin Shire Burke Shire Carpentaria Shire Charters Towers Regional Cloncurry Shire	Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Flinders Shire Hinchinbrooke Shire McKinlay Shire Mornington Shire	Mount Isa City Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Richmond Shire Townsville City
Far North Queensland (FNQ)	Aurukun Shire Cairns Regional Cassowary Coast Regional Cook Shire Croydon Shire Etheridge Shire Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire	Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Napranum Aboriginal Shire Northern Peninsula Area Regional	Pormpuraaw Aboriginal Shire Tablelands Regional Torres Shire Torres Strait Island Regional Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire

Appendix C: NDRRA Instruments of Declaration

C.1 Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011



Event Timing and Location -

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding commencing in November 2010 to February 2011.

Assistance Activated -

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Category D relief measure (refer Appendix Two)
- · Counter Disaster Operations
- · Concessional Loans for Small Business
- · Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- · Community Recovery Package
- Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations
- · Essential Services Safety and Reconnection
- · Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- · Grants to Small Business
- · Grants to Primary Producers
- Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

"Communities within Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, November 2010 – February 2011".

^{*} Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from: http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Disaster%20Relief%20Recovery%20Arrangements%20Guidelines%202009-2010.pdf

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

Appendix One

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non- Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Arukun Shire Council	activated 21/03/11			activated 21/03/11				activated 20/05/11				
Balonne Shire Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Banana Shire Council	activated 08/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 21/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Barcaldine Regional Council	activated 05/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Barcoo Shire Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Blackall-Tambo Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√6 (specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√6 (specified area) activated 20/01/11
Brisbane City Council	activated 07/01/11	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Bulloo Shire Council	activated 10/12/10		2.00	activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				120111
Bundaberg Regional Council	activated 05/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Burdekin Shire Council	activated 28/12/10							activated 20/05/11				
Burke Shire Council	activated 05/01/11			activated 05/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Cairns Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Carpentaria Shire Council	activated 04/01/11			activated 04/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Central Highlands Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 06/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 21/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	activated 28/12/10	44.12.10	200011	001210	20.011	00.12.10	2.012.10	activated 20/05/11			10011	0.000
Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 30/12/10	activated 14/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 19/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Cook Shire Council	activated 05/01/11			activated 05/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Croydon Shire Council	activated 10/01/11			activated 07/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Etheridge Shire Council	activated 14/01/11			activated 14/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Fraser Coast Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Gladstone Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	(Specified area) activated 12/01/11. Further specified areas activated 20/04/11	activated 28/2/11	V1 (Specified area) activated 12/01/11. Further specified areas activated 20/04/11
Gold Coast City Council	activated 07/12/10			activated 07/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Goondiwindi Regional Council	activated 24/12/10	activated 10/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√2 Activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	√2 activated 20/01/11
Gympie Regional Council	activated 10/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	activated 28/12/10	12/01/11	200111	activated 28/12/10	and III	12.01111	1210/1111	activated 20/05/11	12.01111	12.01111	eo-4/11	12-71111
Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 14/01/11			activated 14/01/11				activated 20/05/11				

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

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LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non- Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Ipswich City Council	activated 28/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Isaac Regional Council	activated 07/12/10			activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	√3 (Specified area) activated 05/01/11	activated 28/2/11	(Specified area) activated 05/01/11
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 10/03/11			activated 10/03/11				activated 20/05/11				
Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Lockyer Valley Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Logan City Council	activated 28/12/10			activated 07/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Longreach Regional Council	activated 06/12/10			activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10		activated 28/2/11	
Mackay Regional Council	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11			activated 20/05/11			activated 28/2/11	
Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 28/02/11			activated 28/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Maranoa Regional Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 07/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	(Specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	(Specified area) activated 20/01/11
Moreton Bay Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Mornington Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Murweh Shire Council	activated 10/12/10	activated 07/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 10/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	(Specified area) activated 20/01/11	activated 28/2/11	(Specified area) activated 20/01/11
Napranum Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
North Burnett Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/06/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council	activated 17/02/11			activated 17/02/11				activated 20/05/11				
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 18/01/11			activated 18/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Paroo Shire Council	activated 10/12/10			activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Pormpuraaw Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 31/01/11			activated 31/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Quilpie Shire Council	activated 10/12/10			activated 10/12/10				activated 20/05/11				
Redland City Council	activated 07/01/11			activated 24/01/11				activated 20/06/11				
Rockhampton Regional Council	activated 06/12/10	activated 04/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 06/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 06/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 05/01/11
Scenic Rim Regional Council	activated 07/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 07/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Somerset Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 11/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
South Burnett Regional Council	activated 24/12/10	activated 14/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Southern Downs Regional Council	activated 28/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Sunshine Coast Regional Council	activated 21/12/10	activated 12/01/11	activated 21/01/11	activated 21/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 20/05/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 12/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 12/01/11
Tablelands Regional Council	activated 27/12/10			activated 28/12/10				activated 20/05/11				

Disaster Event - Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non- Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Toowoomba Regional Council	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 05/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 05/01/11
Torres Shire Council	activated 10/01/11			activated 07/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Torres Strait Island Regional Council	activated 14/01/11			activated 14/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Townsville City Council	activated 28/12/10			activated 05/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Western Downs Regional Council	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/12/10	activated 21/01/11	activated 24/12/10	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Whitsunday Regional Council	activated 10/01/11			activated 10/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Winton Shire Council	activated 1901/11			activated 19/01/11				activated 20/05/11				
Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 30/12/10			activated 18/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 30/12/10	activated 20/05/11	activated 30/12/10	activated 03/01/11	activated 28/2/11	activated 03/01/11
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 28/01/11			activated 28/01/11				activated 20/05/11				

Disaster Event - Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011

Appenaix I wo

.GA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
alonne Shire Council	activated 03/03/11
lanana Shire Council	activated 03/03/11
arcaldine Regional Council	✓
Jarcoo Shire Council	activated 03/03/11
llackall-Tambo Regional Council	√1 (specified area) activated 25/02/11
risbane City Council	√
Iulloo Shire Council	activated 03/03/11
lundaberg Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
lurdekin Shire Council	abbraica vovadi i
lurke Shire Council	
Cairns Regional Council	
Carpentaria Shire Council	
assowary Coast Regional Council	
entral Highlands Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
charters Towers Regional Council	activated 05/05/11
Cherbourg Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 03/03/11
cook Shire Council	activated 50/00/11
Croydon Shire Council	
oomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	
theridge Shire Council	
linders Shire Council	
raser Coast Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Sladstone Regional Council	√2 (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Gold Coast City Council	auraioa ooraa i i

Version Thirty (30) Current as at 20 May 2011

^{1:} Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Gladstone Regional Council (Boyne River, Kolan River and Baffle Creek), Area increased on 20/04/11 to include east of Baffle Creek Catchment and south of the Palm Grove Road and the Deepwater National Park.
2: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Goondbwind Regional Council (west of the Leichard Highway) activated 12/01/11. Entire local council area activated 20/01/11
3: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for the south-east portion of Isaac Regional Council defined as "west of the Sartina Membrorough Road, south of the Peak Downs Highway and east of the Gregory Highway"
4a): Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for Maranoa Regional Council (south of the Condamne-Roma Road and the Dulwield Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Southern Road, and east of the Southern Road to Woodburn Road, and south of the Diliquir Road to the Woodburn Road, and east of the Camarvon National Park Road, south by this road to the Readford Forestwele Road, west by this road to the western Maranoa Regional Council boundary near Hoganthulia Creek activated 20/01/11, Entire local council activated 10/03/11
3: Grants for Primary Producers and Small Businesses for the north-eastern section of Murweh Shire Council south along the Landsborough Highway from the Blackall Tambo Regional Council boundary to the Mt Tabor Road, then east along the Mt Tabor Road to the Maranoa Regional Council boundary to the Mt Tabor Road, then east along the Mt Tabor Road to the Road Small B

Disaster Event – Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 – February 2011

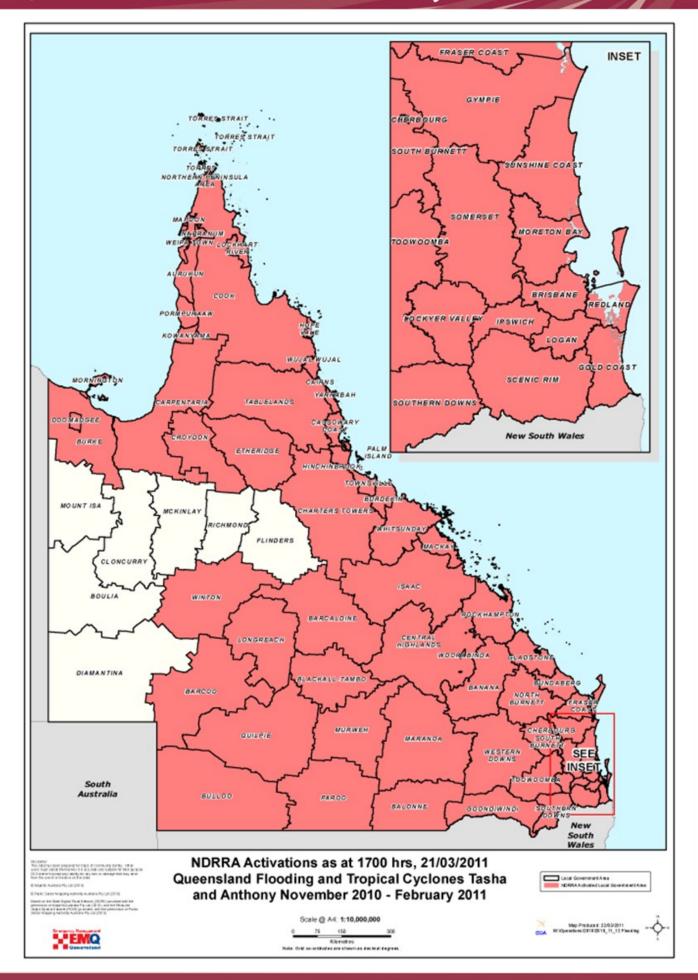
LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
Goondiwindi Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Gympie Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	301/3104 30/30/11
Hope Vale Aboriginal Shire Council	
Ipswich City Council	activated 03/03/11
saac Regional Council	√3 (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Lockhart River Aboriginal Shire Council	
Lockyer Valley Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Logan City Council	
Longreach Regional Council	
Mackay Regional Council	
Mapoon Aboriginal Shire Council	
Maranoa Regional Council	√4 (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Moreton Bay Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Mornington Shire Council	00178100 00100111
Murweh Shire Council	√5 (specified area) activated 03/03/11
Napranum Aboriginal Shire Council	
North Burnett Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Northern Peninsula Area Regional Council	
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	
Paroo Shire Council	
Pormpuraaw Aboriginal Shire Council	
Quilpie Shire Council	
Redland City Council	

Version Thirty (30) Current as at 20 May 2011

Disaster Event - Queensland Flooding and Tropical Cyclones Tasha and Anthony, November 2010 - February 2011

LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical
	Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans
Rockhampton Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Scenic Rim Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Somerset Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
South Burnett Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Southern Downs Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Sunshine Coast Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Tablelands Regional Council	
Toowoomba Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Torres Shire Council	
Torres Strait Island Regional Council	
Townsville City Council	
Western Downs Regional Council	activated 03/03/11
Whitsunday Regional Council	
Winton Shire Council	
Woorabinda Aboriginal Shire Council	activated 03/01/11
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	

^{1:} Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Blackall Tambo Regional Council east of the Landsborough Highway.
2: Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Gladstone Regional Council (Boyne River, Kolan River and Baiffle Creek)
3: Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for the south-east portion of Isaac Regional Council defined as "west of the Serina Manborough Road, south of the Peak Downs Highway and east of the Gregory Highway"
4: Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Vasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for Maranoa Regional Council area activated 10/03/11.
5: Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Vasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for the north-eastern section of Municeh Shire Council area activated 10/03/11.
5: Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Vasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans for the north-eastern section of Municeh Shire Council south along the Landsborough Highway from the Blackall Tambo Regional Council boundary to the Mt Tabor Road, then east along the Mt Tabor Road to the Maranoa Regional Council boundary at Hoganithulia



C.2 Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi

Disaster Event – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011



Event Timing and Location – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi commencing on 2 February 2011 in North Queensland.

Assistance Activated -

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Category D Relief measures (refer Appendix Two)
- Counter Disaster Operations
- Concessional Loans for Small Business
- Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- Community Recovery Package
- Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations
- Essential Services Safety and Reconnection
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- Grants to Small Business
- · Grants to Primary Producers
- Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities and Non-Profit Organisations

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

"Communities within Queensland affected by Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 02 February 2011"

^{*} Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from: http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Disaster%20Relief%20Recovery%20Arrangements%20Guidelines%202009-2010.pdf

Disaster Event - Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

Appendix One

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Essential Services Safety & Reconnection	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Special Disaster Assistance Loans to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Community Recovery Package	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers	Grants for Primary Producers	Special Disaster Assistance Grants to Charities & Non-Profit Organisations	Grants for Small Business
Boulia Shire Council	Activated 22/02/11			Activated 22/02/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Burdekin Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Burke Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 08/02/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Caims Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Carpentaria Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 08/02/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 05/02/11	Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	√1 (specified area activated 22/02/11)	Activated 18/03/11	(specified area activated 22/02/11)
Cloncurry Shire Council	Activated 07/02/11			Activated 08/02/11				Activated 20/05/11		220211)		220211)
Croydon Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 18/03/11	Activated 10/03/11	Activated 10/03/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 10/03/11	(specified area activated 10/03/11)	Activated 18/03/11	(specified area activated 10/03/11)
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11						Activated 20/05/11		100311)		100311)
Etheridge Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	(specified area activated 22/02/11)	Activated 18/03/11	(specified area activated 22/02/11)
Flinders Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 22/02/11	Activated 22/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 22/02/11	(specified area activated 22/02/11)		(specified area activated 22/02/11)
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 05/02/11	Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Isaac Regional Council						Activated 27/06/11	Activated 27/06/11		Activated 274/06/11	√6 (specified area activated) 27/06/11		(specified area activated) 27/06/11
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 10/03/11			Activated 10/03/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Mackay Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 24/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 05/05/11		Activated 05/05/11
McKinlay Shire Council	Activated 07/02/11			Activated 08/02/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Mount Isa City Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11						Activated 20/05/11				
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Richmond Shire Council	Activated 14/03/11			Activated 14/03/11	Activated 18/03/11	Activated 10/03/11	Activated 10/03/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 10/03/11	(specified area activated 10/03/11)	Activated 18/03/11	(specified area activated 10/03/11)
Tablelands Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Townsville City Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 05/02/11	Activated 08/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 0702/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Whitsunday Regional Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 05/05/11		Activated 05/05/11
Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11				Activated 20/05/11				
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/02/11	Activated 02/02/11		Activated 10/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 20/05/11	Activated 07/02/11	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 28/02/11	Activated 16/02/11

Charters Towers Regional Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south between the Flinders Shire border and Pentlands – Gregory Springs Road, and north of a line following down the Basalt River, up the Burdekin River and the Star River, and north of the Harvey Range Road between the Star River and the Townsville City Council border) activated 22/02/11. Area increased 10/03/11 (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south

Etheridge Shire Council (south of the Gulf Developmental Road, and including Inorunie Station and east of Chillagoe Road) activated 22/02/11. Entire local council area activated 10/03/11.

^{3.} Flinders Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south)
4. Croydon Shire Council (east of the Croydon Richmond Road, and north of the Gulf Development Highway east of longitude142 degrees east)
5. Richmond Shire Council (north latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south and east of the Croydon Richmond Road)
6. Isaac Regional Council (east of Connors Range and north of Oakey Creek)

Disaster Event – Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

Appendix Two

CATEGORY D RELIEF MEASURES - Severe Tropical Cyclone Yasi, 2 February 2011

LGA	Floods (November 2010 to January 2011) and Tropical Cyclone Yasi (Extreme Damage) Assistance Loans	Rural Resilience Package (including Operations Clean up)
Boulia Shire Council		,
Burdekin Shire Council	Activated 02/03/11	
Burke Shire Council	020011	
Cairns Regional Council	Activated 02/03/11	√6 (specified area activated 19/03/11)
Carpentaria Shire Council	0203111	19/03/11)
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Charters Towers Regional Council	(specified area activated 25(02/11)	√1 (specified area activate 25/02/11)
Cloncurry Shire Council	25/02/11)	25/02/11)
Croydon Shire Council	√2 (specified area activated 13/03/11)	
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council		
Etheridge Shire Council	√3 (specified area activated 25/02/11)	√3 (specified area activate 25/02/11)
Flinders Shire Council	(specified area activated 25/02/11)	(specified area activate 25/02/11)
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	Activated 16/02/11	Activated 16/02/11
Isaac Regional Council	√8 (specified area activated 24/06/11)	
Kowanyama Aboriginal Shire Council		
Mackay Regional Council	Activated 09/05/11	
McKinlay Shire Council		
Mount Isa City Council		
Palm Island Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/03/11	
Richmond Shire Council	√5 (specified area activated 13/03/11)	
Tablelands Regional Council	Activated 16/02/11	√7 Activated (specified area activate 16/02/11)
Townsville City Council	Activated 02/03/11	
Whitsunday Regional Council	Activated 09/05/11	
Wujal Wujal Aboriginal Shire Council		_
Yarrabah Aboriginal Shire Council	Activated 02/03/11	

Charters Towers Regional Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south between the Flinders Shire border and Pentlands – Gregory Springs Road, and north of a line following down the Basalt River, up the Burdekin River and the Star River, and north of the Harvey Range Road between the Star River and the Townsville City Council Boarder) activated 25/02/11. Area increased 10/03/11 (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south).

^{2.} Croydon Shire Council (east of the Croydon Richmond Road; and north of the Gulf Development Highway east of longitude 142 degrees east)

^{3.} Etheridge Shire Council (south of the Gulf Developmental Road, including Inorunie Station and east of Chillagoe Road) activated 25/02/11. Entire local council area activated 10/03/11

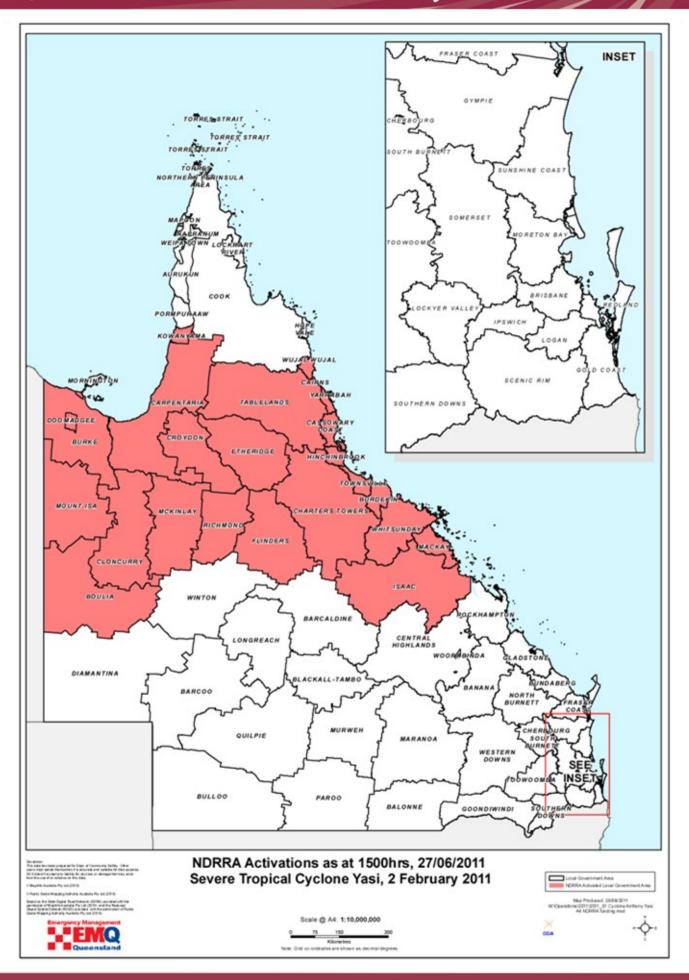
^{4.} Flinders Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south).

^{5.} Richmond Shire Council (north of latitude 20 degrees, 12 minutes south and east of the Croydon Richmond Road)

^{6.} Cairns Regional Council (south of 17 degrees, south latitude)

Tablelands Regional Council (East of the Sundown-Springfield Road and Gingerella-Fossilbrook Rds from the southern boundary of the Tablelands Regional Council to Almaden. South of the Burke Developmental and Mareeba Dimbulah Rds from Almaden to Mareeba and south of the Kennedy Hwy running east to the Tablelands regional Council boundary. Primary producers who reside in the Mareeba Dimbulah Irrigation Area (MDIA) may also be eligible).

^{8.} Isaac Regional Council (East of Connors Range and north of Oakey Creek).



C.3 Queensland Monsoonal Flooding

Disaster Event - Queensland Monsoonal Flooding, 28 February - March 2011



Event Timing and Location -

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding commencing on 28 February – March 2011

Assistance Activated -

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Counter Disaster Operations
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets
- Concessional Loans for Small Business
- Concessional Loans for Primary Producers
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

 $\frac{http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD\%20Dis\%20Relief\%20\%20Recovery\%20Arrangements\%202009-2010\%20v1.0\%20Final.pdf$

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

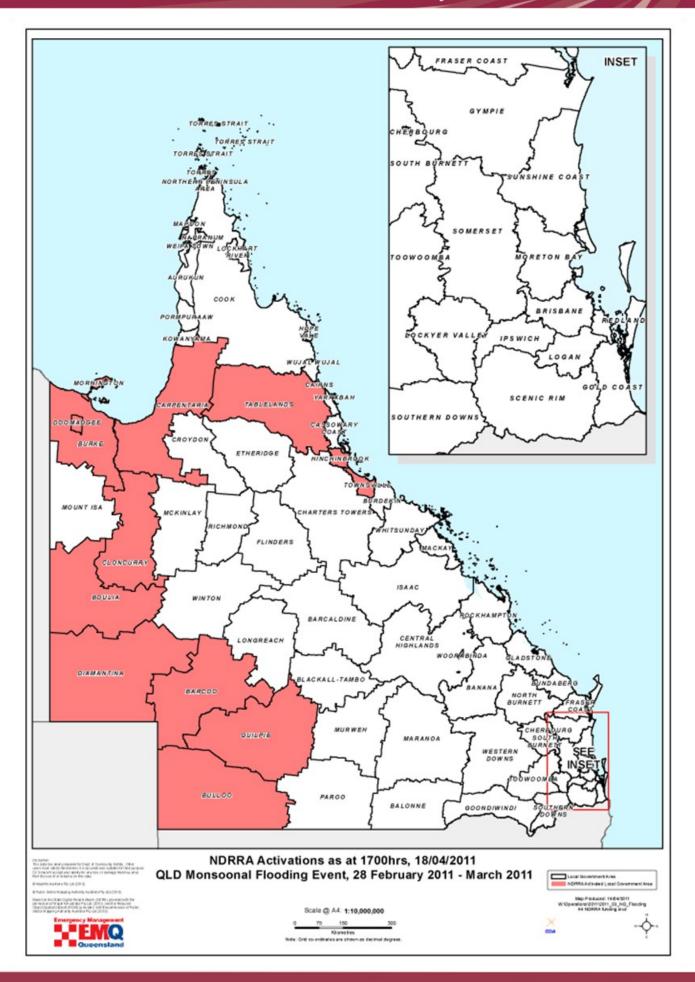
"Communities within Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, 28 February – March 2011"

Local Government areas:

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	Concessional Loans for Small Business	Concessional Loans for Primary Producers	Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers
Barcoo Shire Council	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Boulia Shire Council	✓		✓			
Bulloo Shire Council	✓		✓			
Burke Shire Council	✓		✓			
Carpentaria Shire Council	✓		✓			
Cloncurry Shire Council	✓		✓			
Diamantina Shire Council	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Doomadgee Aboriginal Shire Council	~					
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	✓		✓			
Mornington Shire Council	✓		✓			
Quilpie Shire Council	✓		✓			
Tablelands Regional Council	✓		✓			
Townsville City Council	✓		✓			

Version Six (6) Current as at 1 July 2011

^{*} Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:



C.4 South West Flooding

Disaster Event - South West Flooding, April 2011



Event Timing and Location –

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding in April 2011.

Assistance Activated –

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

- Counter Disaster Operations
- Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme
- Restoration of Essential Public Assets

http://www.disaster.qld.gov.au/publications/pdf/QLD%20Dis%20Relief%20%20Recovery%20Arrangements%202009-2010%20v1.0%20Final.pdf

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

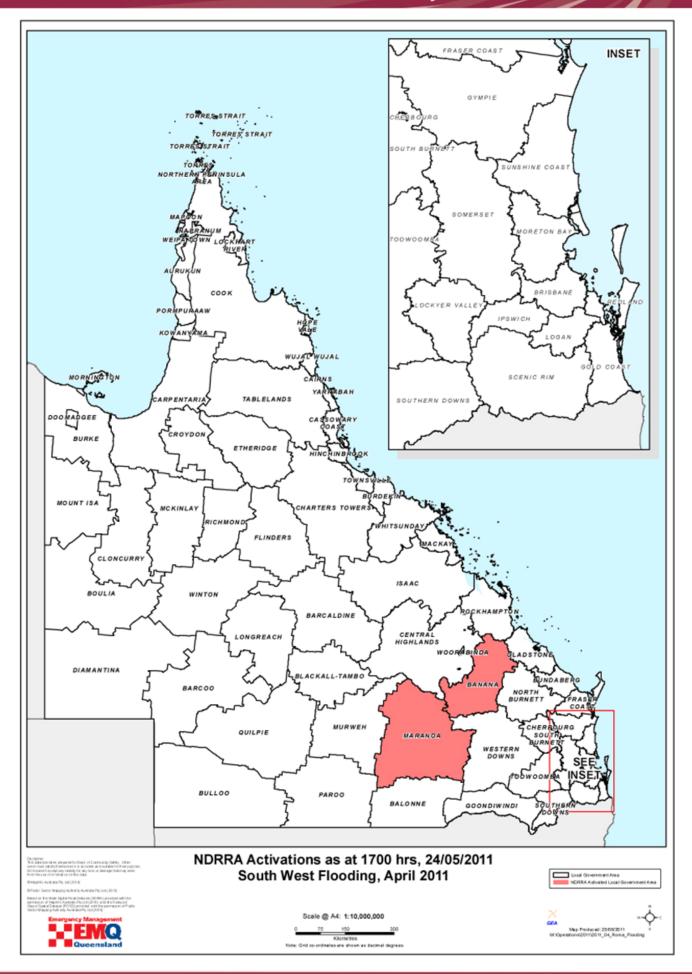
"Communities within South West Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, April 2011".

Local Government areas:

LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Personal Hardship Assistance Scheme	Restoration of Essential Public Assets	
Maranoa Regional Council	✓	✓	✓	
Banana Shire Council			✓	

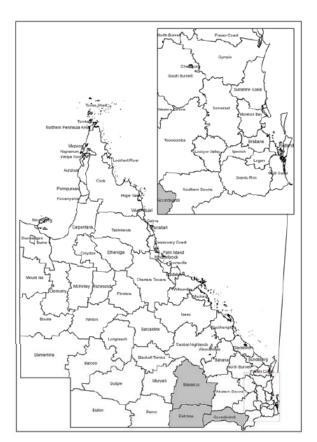
Version Three (3) Current as at 24 May 2011

^{*} Details of NDRRA relief measures and NDRRA Administering Authorities are available from:



C.5 Southern Queensland Flooding November—December 2011

Disaster Event – Southern Queensland Flooding November-December 2011



Event Timing and Location -

Heavy rainfall and associated flooding in November and December 2011.

Assistance Activated -

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

Restoration of Essential Public Assets

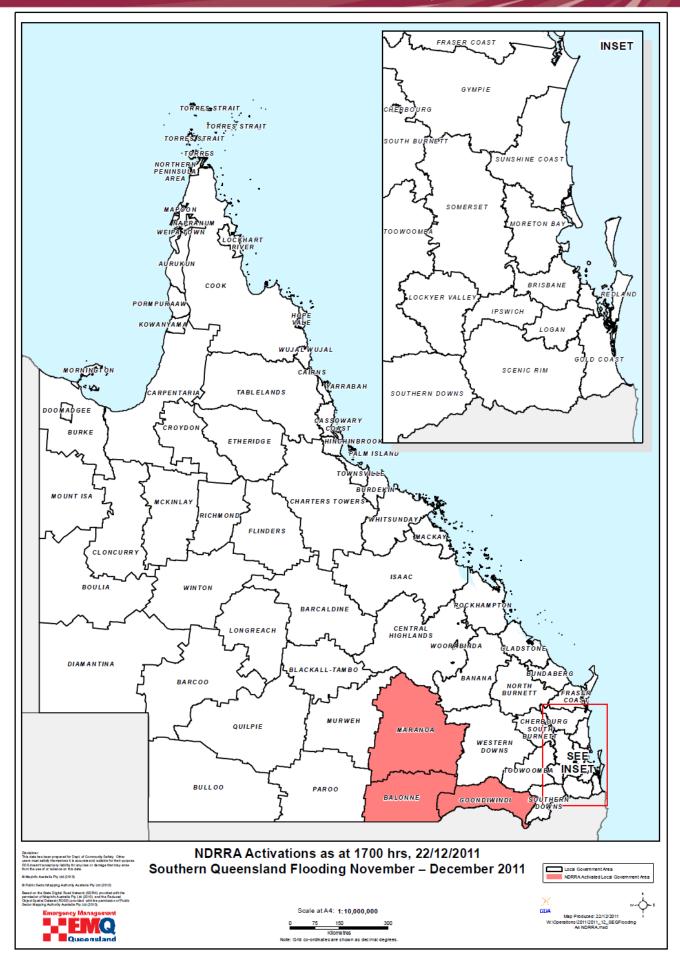
Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

"Communities within Southern Queensland affected by heavy rainfall and associated flooding, November – December 2011".

Local Government areas:

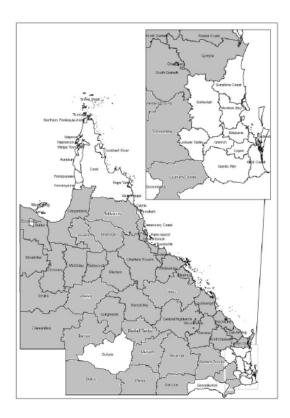
LGA	Restoration of Essential Public Assets
Balonne Shire Council	✓
Goondiwindi Regional Council	✓
Maranoa Shire Council	✓

Version Two (2) Current as at 22 December 2011



C.6 Queenslander Bushfires August – November 2011

Disaster Event – Queensland Bushfires August – November 2011



Event Timing and Location – Queensland Bushfires commenced in August 2011.

Assistance Activated -

The Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, The Honourable Neil Roberts MP activated the Commonwealth/State Natural Disaster Relief and Recovery Arrangements (NDRRA).

NDRRA Relief Measures Activated

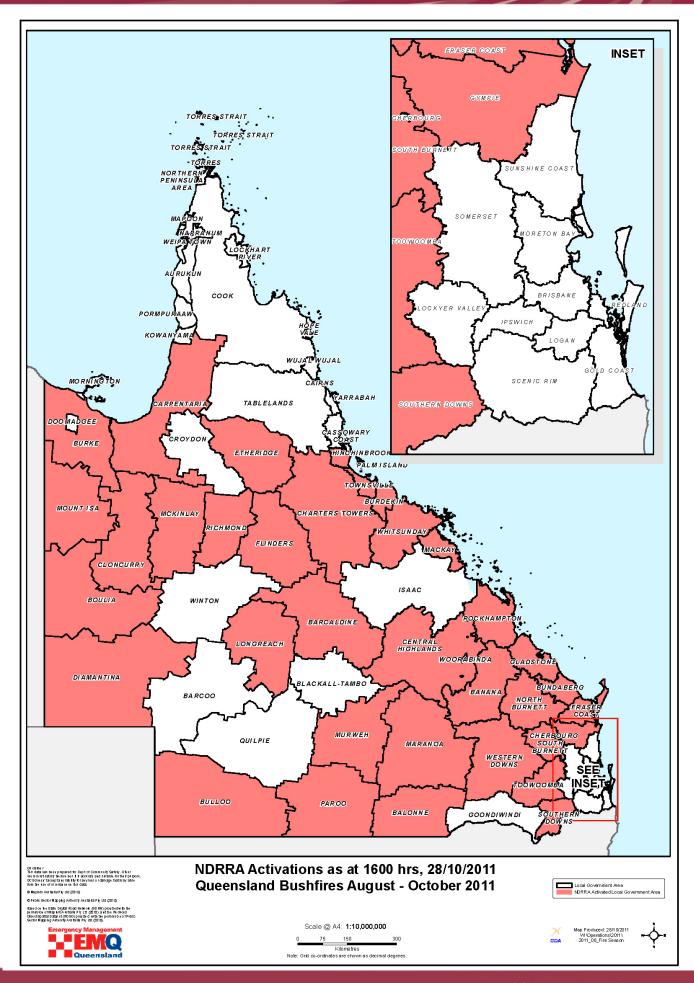
- Counter Disaster Operations
- Concessional Loans to Primary Producers
- Freight Subsidies for Primary Producers

Area formally defined (by the Minister for Police, Corrective Services and Emergency Services, the Honourable Neil Roberts MP) for receipt of NDRRA Relief measures –

"Communities within Queensland affected by bushfires August - November 2011"

Disaster Event - Queensland Bushfires August - November 2011

Disaster Event – Queenslar		Concessional	Freight
LGA	Counter Disaster Operations	Loans to Primary Producers	Subsidies for Primary Producers
Baloone Shire Council	activated 28.10.11		
Banana Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Barcaldine Regional Council	activated 20.10.11	activated 20.10.11	activated 20.10.11
Barcoo Shire Council	activated 18.11.11	0000000 200000	
Blackall-Tambo Regional Council	✓ activated 18.11.11		
Boulia Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Bulloo Shire Council	activated 28.10.11		
Bundaberg Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Burdekin Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Burke Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Carpentaria Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Cassowary Coast Regional Council	activated 18.11.11		
Central Highlands Regional	activated 18.11.11		
Council Charters Towers Regional	activated 20.10.11		
Council	activated 20.10.11		
Cloncurry Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Croydon Shire Council	activated 21.11.11		
Diamantina Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Etheridge Shire Council	activated 28.10.11		
Flinders Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Fraser Coast Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Gladstone Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Gympie Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Hinchinbrook Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Isaac Regional Council	activated 18.11.11		
Longreach Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Mackay Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Maranoa Regional Council	activated 28.10.11		
McKinlay Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Mount Isa City Council	activated 20.10.11		
Murweh Shire Council	activated 28.10.11		
North Burnett Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Paroo Shire Council	activated 28.10.11		
Richmond Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
Rockhampton Regional Council	✓		
South Burnett Regional	activated 20.10.11		
Council Southern Downs Regional Council	activated 20.10.11		
Tablelands Regional Council	activated 28.10.11		
Toowoomba Regional Council	activated 18.11.11		
Townsville City Council	✓		
Western Downs Regional	activated 20.10.11		
Council Whitsunday Regional Council	activated 28.10.11		
Winton Shire Council	activated 20.10.11		
The Council	activated 18.11.11		



Appendix D: Reconstruction Area: Grantham

